THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,616 New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1886.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

	Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1886.
L	GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	26th Feb.
M	SIAM	3051	500	R. F. Briscoe	5th May.
L	NEPAUL	3536	600	T. J. Alderton	12th ,,
—	NIZAM	2726	500	W. J. Webber	19th ,,
L	THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	26th ,,
M	AUSTRALIA	3961	600	E. Asndown	2nd April.
L	PESHAWUR	3939	600	L. H. Moule	9th ,,
—	ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Nantes	16th ,,
L	CLYDE	4124	800	E. M. Edmond	23rd ,,
M	MIRZAPORE	3957	600	R. Harvey	30th ,,
L	HYDASPES	3954	550	G. S. Irvener	7th May
—	GWALIOR	2733	500	P. Harris	14th ,,
L	SURAT	3142	550	C. R. Edwards	21st ,,
					TUESDAY.
M	MALWA	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	25th ,,
L	ANCONA	3126	600	R. G. Murray	1st June.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the other, passengers for London and Marseilles change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1886
SURAT	3142 550	C. R. Edwards	5th March.
ANCONA	3126 600	R. G. Murray	19th ,,
PEKIN	3930 640	A. Symons	2nd April.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, February 19, 1886.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.
FORTNIGHTLY DEPARTURES.

PASSENGERS can now be BOOKED to MARSEILLES by any of the following steamers:—

	Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.
* 5th Mar.	"SIAM"	3041	500
19th ,,	"NIZAM"	2726	500
* 2nd April	"AUSTRALIA"	3961	600
16th ,,	"ASSAM"	3038	500
* 30th ,,	"MIRZAPORE"	3957	600
14th May	"GWALIOR"	2733	500
* 25th ,,	"MALWA"	2959	500

The steamers marked * proceed direct to Marseilles; passengers by the others change vessels at Suez.

Through tickets from Bombay to London via Marseilles, including the railway fare from Marseilles to London, are issued:—

First Class.....Rs. 580.
Second Class.....,, 370.

For further particulars apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent.

Bombay, February 17, 1886.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 21th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 300, Rs. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount. To Marseilles Rs. 20, 10, and 5 extra, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered at LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 15, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months, respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

	Tons. H.P.	
DOMENICO BALDUINO (late China)	5,000 850	1st Mar. 1886
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000 850	1st April 1886
MANILLA	5,000 850	1st May 1886

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London via Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 1, 1886.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, VIA CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains	Tons. H. P.	To sail 1886
MEDUSA	R. Deperis	3,500 550	2nd Mar.
ELEKTRA	G. Ragusin	4,200 600	3rd April.
PANDORA	G. Mottel	3,500 550	16th ,,
POSEIDON (New)	G. Doncich	4,000 650	3rd May.
BERENICE	G. B. Verona	3,500 550	18th ,,

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 5th, and BRINDISI on the 7th, of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons. H.P.	To sail 1886.
POSEIDON (New)	G. Doncich	4,000 650	3rd March

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., & apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, 28, Church-gate-street, Bombay. Feb. 16, 1886.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

s. s. ASIA	3550	480	J. Craig ..... 25th Feb.
s. s. BELGRAVIA	5000	500	J. C. Boothby ..... 6th Mar.
s. s. ARABIA	3500	480	J. Laird ..... 20th ,,
s. s. BRITTANNIA	3069	480	F. Blight ..... 1st April.
s. s. CALIFORNIA	3116	480	W. S. Young ..... 10th ,,
s. s. VICTORIA	3242	480	Wm. Russel ..... 15th May.
s. s. BELGRAVIA	5000	500	J. C. Boothby ..... 29th ,,

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

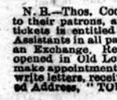
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, January 4, 1886.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY, GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamers without charge for Commission.

INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1886.



MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON, as the SOLELY APPOINTED PASSENGER AGENTS to the ROYAL BRITISH COMMISSION for the INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION, are prepared to give quotations at THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES BY ALL LINES OF STEAMERS,

and by all routes from all chief stations in India, either to London direct, or by any route through the European Continent.

Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son are prepared to arrange for any number or class of Native Indians, both for the journey and accommodation in Europe, in accordance with the special requirements of caste.

THOS. COOK & SON { Bombay Rampart Row. Calcutta, 10½ Old Court House Street.

N.B.—Thos. Cook and Son make no charge in any way to their patrons, and every traveller with T. C. and Son's tickets is entitled to the *free* use of their Offices and Assistants in all parts of the Globe. During the Exhibition an Exchange, Reading, and Waiting Room will be opened in Old London Street, at which travellers can make appointments, find the Indian and Colonial papers, write letters, receive telegrams, &c. Telegraphic Registered Address, "TOURIST, London."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "EUPHRATES," 803 tons, on FRIDAY, 26th February, 1886, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons, on MONDAY, 22nd February, (on arrival of outward English Mail), calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Feo, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PATNA," 1,780 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 24th February, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "ABYSSINIA," 1,129 tons, on THURSDAY, the 25th February, 1886, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 20th February, 1886. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ART POTTERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

TREACHER & Co., Limited, have just received a very choice selection of hand-painted Art Pottery from the celebrated Potteries of

DOULTON AND COMPANY,

consisting of many beautiful and artistic designs, in Vases, Bowls, Jugs, Coffee Pots, &c., &c.

HANDSOME VASES.
From Rs. 48 to Rs. 150 each.
SALAD BOWLS AND HELPERS.
From Rs. 45 to Rs. 60 each.
JUGS IN SEVERAL SHAPES.
From Rs. 10 to Rs. 35 each.
SMALL VASES,
Suitable for Brackets, &c.
From Rs. 13 to Rs. 20 per pair.
FLOWER OR CARD BOWLS.
From Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 each.
COFFEE POTS.
From Rs. 30 to Rs. 80 each.
Also a very large assortment of handsome
CHAMBER SERVICES.
In Doulton Ware.
From Rs. 8 to Rs. 120.
Per service of 5 pieces consisting of
EWER AND BASIN, COVERED COMMODE, SOAP DISH AND BRUSH TRAY OR VASE.
A large selection of Crockery and Glassware always in stock.
DINNER SERVICES,
COMPLETE FOR 12 PERSONS.
From Rs. 70 to Rs. 350.
BREAKFAST AND TEA SERVICES.
COMPLETE FOR 9 PERSONS.
From Rs. 50 to Rs. 80.
FANCY COFFEE CUPS AND SAUCERS.
In Crown Derby, Majolica, Harlequin, &c.
From Rs. 10 to Rs. 90 per dozen.
FANCY CHINA TEA SERVICES.
In Crown Derby, Japanesque Royal Ware, &c.
From Rs. 50 to Rs. 400.
FANCY CHINA TEA AND COFFEE SERVICES.
In Crown, Derby, Japanesque, &c.
From Rs. 80 to Rs.
FANCY CHINA TRAYS TO MATCH ABOVE.
DESSERT SERVICES.
COMPLETE FOR 12 PERSONS.
From Rs. 18 to Rs. 150.
CHAMBER SERVICES COMPLETE.
From Rs. 8 to Rs. 120.
TOILET SERVICES.
From Rs. 12 to Rs. 35.
TABLE GLASS SERVICE.
COMPLETE FOR 12 PERSONS.
From Rs. 100 to Rs. 200.
GLASS ORNAMENTS.
FOR BRACKETS OR TABLE.
From 8 as to Rs. 50.
GLASS FLOWER TUBES.
From 8 as to Rs. 4-8 each.
GLASS VASES.
FOR BRACKETS, TABLES, &c.
From Rs. 10 to Rs. 50 per pair.
GLASS FLOWER VASES, MIRRORS, &c.
From Rs. 13 to Rs. 25 each.
Illustrated Catalogue on application.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

TREACHER AND CO., Ld.,

HAVE always on hand an extensive and choice selection of Albums to take Photographs, Views of India, &c., strongly bound in Russian, Morocco, Calf and other bindings.

ALBUMS, Beautifully Illuminated with Birds, Flowers, Foliage, &c.
From Rs. 20 to Rs. 31-8, each.
"BUTTERFLY" ALBUMS.
Containing numerous coloured plates of Butterflies.
Rs. 27 each.
"TURNER" ALBUMS.
Beautifully illustrated with sketches and views of Pictures by the great painter, R. Turner, R.A.
Rs. 27 each.
"POETS' HOME" ALBUMS.
Illustrated with correct views of the Homes of the great Poets.
Rs. 22-8 each.
"ECCLESIASTICAL" ALBUMS.
Containing well-executed Engravings of the Cathedrals and Principal Churches in the United Kingdom.
From Rs. 22-8 to Rs. 30 each.
"LONDON" ALBUMS,
Containing coloured Pictures of the principal places of interest in the Great Metropolis.
From Rs. 25 to Rs. 40 each.
PLAIN ALBUMS,
Well bound in Russia, Morocco, Calf and other bindings.
From Rs. 13-8 to Rs. 25 each.
PLAIN ALBUMS
TO CONTAIN CABINETS ONLY.
Well bound in Russia, Calf, Morocco, &c.
From Rs. 16 to Rs. 22 each.
"SERVICE" ALBUMS,
Specially made for Service use or Travellers. Folds up into a very small space. For Cabinets only,
From Rs. 15 to Rs. 22-8 each.
LANDSCAPE ALBUMS.
FOR VIEWS OF INDIA, &c.
Well bound in Morocco, Calf, &c.
From Rs. 5-4 to Rs. 38 each.
"NEWSPAPER CUTTINGS" ALBUMS.
For mounting Cuttings from the Daily Papers, &c.
From Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 8 each.
"HOME GARLAND" ALBUMS.
For Autographs, Sketches, Quotations, &c.
From Rs. 4 to Rs. 6-8 each.
&c., &c., &c.
PHOTO. FRAMES
In Great Variety.
LADIES' FANS,
A Choice Selection.
DRESSING BAGS,
At all Prices.

SEE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

TREACHER & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FOR SALE, IN STOCK, HORIZONTAL ENGINE fitted with Tangyes Patent Governor and Expansion Valves and Pumps, from 3 to 100 N. H. P., Lathes, Pumps, Steam Hammer, Centrifugal Pumps, Rolled Shafting, Pullies, Drums 4, 5, and 6 feet dia., Boring Machines, Boilers, Donkey Pumps, Anvils Swage Blocks, and all classes of Cotton Spinning Machinery, Reeds and Healds, Roller Washer and Scavenger Cloths, Heald Yarn, Spindle Band, Bundling Band, and all classes of Mill Stores.

T. SUGDEN, 45, New Foras-road, Byculla.

TRUNKS, BAGS, AND PORTMANTEAUX.

TREACHER and COMPANY, Limited, have a complete and new stock of the above always on hand. Specially selected for India.

OVERLAND TRUNKS,
Iron Frames, bound and covered with stout Japanned Canvas, very strong and serviceable. Sizes 24 to 36 inches. ... ...Price Rs. 20 to 33 0 each.
Ditto ... ditto Superior Finish, strongly rivetted with Brass Studs. Sizes 24 to 36 inches ... ...Price Rs. 33 to 45 0 ,,

TROOPSHIP OVERLAND TRUNKS,
Iron Frames, covered with stout black Water-proof Canvas, strongly bound with Leather. Sizes 24 to 36 inches ... ...Price Rs. 33 to 50 0 ,,

TREACHER'S OVERLAND OR CABIN BAGS,
Best Japanned Canvas, strong and compact for the Overland Journey. Open in centre, with Sockets for Boots, Slippers, Brushes, &c. Sizes 22 and 24 inches. Price Rs. 30 to 55 0 ,,

SOLID LEATHER PORTMANTEAUX,
Of the best quality and workmanship. With or without expanding Tops. Sizes 28 to 36 inches ... ...Price Rs. 30 to 100 0 ,,

BASIL LEATHER PORTMANTEAUX,
Less expensive than solid Leather. Sizes 24 to 30 inches. ... ...Price Rs. 18 to 25 0 ,,

STEEL CABIN TRUNKS,
Grained Oak, fitted with Patent triple secure locks; being made shallow, they are very suitable for fitting under a ship's berth, or railway carriage seat. Sizes 24 to 32 inches ... ...Price Rs. 13-8 to 20 0 ,,

TREACHER'S AIR-TIGHT UNIFORM CASES,
A necessity for Officers, being dust and damp proof. Best Japanned Tin, fitted with extra side bolts, etc. Sizes 24 to 40 inches ... ... Price from Rs. 15 to 25 0 ,,

TREACHER'S GLADSTONE BAGS.
Treacher's Perfect Fitted Bag, complete with Toilet Requisites. With extra side clips in best Plain or Black Hide. Sizes 18 to 22 inches ... ... Price from Rs. 80 to 135 0 ,,
Empty in best Plain, Black, or Brown Hide. Sizes 16 to 28 inches. Price from Rs. 22-8 to 54 0 ,,

COURIER BAGS.
In Plain, Black, or Brown Hide, Morocco Leather, Waterproof Canvas, etc. With best Nickel Mounts. Sizes 6 to 8 inches ... ... Price from Rs. 6-4 to 15 0 ,,

BRIEF OR HAND BAGS.
In Plain, Black or Brown Hide. Sizes 12 to 16 inches ... Price from Rs. 13-8 to 20 0 ,,

SOILED LINEN BAGS.
In Stout or Waterproof Canvas. Complete with side straps and fitted with Lock and Key ... ... Price from Rs. 3-8 to 6 4 ,,

MONEY BETS.
For Travellers and others. In stout Webbing or Leather ... ... 2 4 ,,

(SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST).

TRAVELLING BATHS,
HOLD-ALL BAGS,
TIFFIN BASKETS,
AIR PILLOWS AND CUSHIONS,
EVERY REQUISITE FOR TRAVELLERS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

DRESS "CORRECT TASTE."

"AS NOW WORN." SUITS "Superior Finish."

	Rs.
THIN BLACK WEST OF ENGLAND Broad Cloth	...from 75
DITTO ditto ditto lined Rich Silk	... 85
A SPECIALITY.—The lightest cloth made, Fine Black Indiana	... 100
THE NEW TEMPLE, LYTTON, and RICHELEAU Invisible Twilled Cloths, Thin and Elastic, with little Gloss, ("The latest introductions") lined Rich Satin throughout	... 100 to 150
Dewproof Overcoats—"Extra Light," to cover Suit.	...from 36

SPECIAL CASH (or V. P. P.) DISCOUNT.—2 annas in the Rupee = 12½ per cent.

HOAR & CO., { TAILORS, } BOMBAY.

CANADIAN CANNED GOODS.

WE have received direct, having been specially selected for us by friends in Canada, a small Consignment of Canned

FRUITS AND MEATS

of Genuine Canadian production, and it is a well-known fact that the farther north, comparatively speaking, Fruits, etc., are grown the greater is the state of perfection arrived at.

CANADIAN FIRST BRAND FRUITS
Unsurpassed for Wholesomeness and Natural Flavor.

		Rs. a.			Rs. a.
Blue Berries or Huckleberries	...full 24 oz tin	0 10	Pears Sugared	...full 24 oz tin	1 2
Choice Cherries	... ,,	1 0	Bahama Pines in heavy Syrup	... ,,	1 8
Raspberries, Extra Red	... ,,	1 0	Evaporated Apples, very choice,		
Choice Plums	... ,,	1 0	large white rings	per lb	0 12
Standard Apples	...full 36 oz tin	0 10	Sugar Corn	...full 24 oz tin	0 12
Ditto in Syrup	... ,,	0 12	Sifted Peas, choice green	... ,,	0 14
Peaches	... ,,	1 8	Champion of England Peas	... ,,	0 14
Bartlett Pears, (Canadian grown)	full 24 oz tin	1 0	Choice Tomatoes	...full 36 oz tin	1 0

CANADIAN FIRST BRAND MEATS.

These cannot be excelled for richness of flavor and will be found most delicious and economical articles of food.

		Rs. a.			Rs. a.
Boneless Chicken very choice	... per tin	1 3	Superior Compressed Corned Beef (2 lb. nett)	... per tin	1 12
Boneless Duck	... ,,	1 3	Cooked Ox Tongue (Armour Brand)	... ,,	2 8
Boneless Turkey	... ,,	1 4	Columbian Salmon	... ,,	0 12
Boneless Pigs' Feet, the greatest delicacy for breakfast	... ,,	1 3	Dalhousie Lobster	... ,,	0 12
Sausage Meat (Excelsior Brand)	... ,,	1 3	Butter, 1 lb. tin nett	... ,,	1 4
Lunch Tongues	... ,,	1 4	Cheese, very choice, 2 lb. tin nett	... ,,	2 8

PHILLIPS & CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

THACKER & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (Limited) import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally ELLIOTT BROS., and W. F. STANLEY, for whom they are appointed Agents, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at as lightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.
Dumpy Levels.
Levelling Staves.
Prismatic Compasses.
Pocket Sextants.
Optical Squares.
Clinometers.
Spirit Levels.
Pocket Levels.
Pantographs.
Cases of Instruments.
Pocket Sets.
Half Sets.

Spare Instruments.
Architects' Scales.
Marquois Scales.
Protractors (all kinds).
Pocket Rules.
Parallel Rulers (all kinds).
Measuring Tapes.
Measuring Chains.
T. Squares
Set Squares.
Straight Edges.
Railway Curves.
French Curves.
Drawing Boards.

Stencil Plates.
Field Books.
Level Books.
Note Books.
Mapping Pens.
Indian Ink.
Plotting Scales.
Mounted Drawin Papers.
Cartoon Papers.
Tracing Cloth.
Tracing Paper.
Sectional Paper
Sundries.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water-colours.
Moist do. in pans.
Slow-drying do. in Tubes.
Oil-colours in Tubes.
Dry Water-colour Boxes.
Moist do.
Oil-colour Boxes.
Illuminating Colour Boxes.
Camel-hair Pencils.

Siberian Pencils.
Sable-hair Pencils.
Hog-hair Tools for Oils.
Sable do.
Varnishes, Oils, &c.
Drawing Papers.
Oil Sketching Paper.
Prepared Canvas.
Prepared Millboards.
Mahl Sticks.

Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Palette Knives.
Dippers, &c.
Bristol Boards.
Mounting Boards.
Drawing pencils.
Crayons.
Gold and Silver Shells.
Gold Leaf.

ILLUSTRATED PRICED LISTS ON APPLICATION.

***ALL ARTICLES ADVERTISED ARE KEPT IN STOCK.

THACKER & CO., Ld., BOMBAY,
AGENTS FOR—ELLIOTT BROTHERS, LONDON.
W. F. STANLEY, LONDON.
T. H. STEWARD, LONDON.

RACING WATCHES!
RACING WATCHES!!
RACING WATCHES!!!

MARCKS & CO., Limited, beg to invite the attention of the public to their large stock of Chronographs and Racing Watches.

Finest lever escapement, fitted with compensation balance, guaranteed to keep accurate time in any climate.

No. 1.	Chronograph, only. In stout German silver crystal face, case, keyless three actions, keyless medium size... ... ...Rs.	35
No. 2.	Silver, double crystal case, showing chronograph on one side and time on the other, a good watch for the value ... ... ,,	75
No. 3.	Silver, crystal faced, keyless, a powerful watch, stand any amount of rough usage, specially recommended superior ... ... ,,	125
No. 4.	The same in hunting case ... ... ,,	135
	Gold Highest Quality ... ... Rs. 400 to ,,	800

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PURE INDIAN (KANGRA VALLEY) TEAS.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,

SUPPLIERS OF HIGH-CLASS TEAS TO MESSES, CLUBS, &c.
SOLE AGENTS FOR COL. HAWES' AND OTHER FIRST CLASS TEAS.

OUR celebrated and unrivalled TEAS of the choicest quality (from Col. HAWES' and other Plantations) cannot be surpassed by any other Teas in India. We offer our unsurpassable selection of the BEST and CHEAPEST Kangra Valley Teas, possessing an exceedingly fine and delicious flavour, a real Luxury to every Tea-Drinker.

Numerous Testimonials from different Connoisseurs prove that our Teas have enjoyed the highest reputation for their purity and delicacy of aroma. A LARGE STOCK of HOLTA TEAS on hand.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION. 22, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN BOMBAY.] [ESTABLISHED 1850

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.,
BOMBAY FOUNDRY AND IRON WORKS
KHETWADY BOMBAY,

ENGINEERS, IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS, &c.

MANUFACTURERS OF CAST AND WROUGHT IRON MATERIALS.

IRON ROOFS	CRANES	BEVEL AND ROPE
ROAD ROLLERS	CYLINDERS	GEARINGS,
LAMP POSTS	GATES	ORNAMENTAL AND
GIRDERS	RAILINGS	GENERAL CASTINGS.
BRIDGES	COLUMNS	

OUR Foundry, one of the largest in India, is complete with every appliance for all kinds of General Loam and Heavy Castings up to 20-tons weight. The Fitting Department, furnished with First-Class Machines for every description of High-Class Work, and the Smithy, are under our personal supervision. Orders entrusted to us will be promptly executed and efficiently discharged.

Machines, Tools, &c., imported through our Agents from the well-known English makers

PLANS AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.

POMMERY AND GRENO,
EXTRA SEC.

FROM this time forward we have arranged to keep in stock supplies of this first-class and very dry Champagne.

Per case of 1 doz. quarts .....Rs. 70
Per case of 2 doz. pints .....Rs. 73

LESS 10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

	Qts. Rs. A.	Pts. Rs. A.
CLARET—		
Household	10 0	5 8
St. Julien Medoc. (J. J. B.)	15 0	8 8
Chateau Lafitte (J. J. B.)	30 0	.....
Chateau Bellegrave (J. J. B.)	50 0	.....
BURGUNDY—		
Chambertin (J. J. B.)	30 0	16 0
HOCK (Finest Still)—		
Hockheimer, Specially selected	23 0	12 8
SPARKLING HOCK—		
Choicest Brand	38 0	21 0
SHERRY—		
Dry Cadiz	24 0	13 0
Amontillado	30 0	.....
Cardinal	35 0	.....
MADEIRA—		
Cossart Gordon & Co.'s Choice Reserve	30 0	.....
PORT—		
Invalids'	24 0	13 0
CHAMPAGNE—		
Jules Mumm's Carte Blanche	45 0	24 0
Roederer's Choice Brand	65 0	33 0
SPARKLING SAUTERNE—		
Normandin Maignen	30 0	16 0
BRANDY—		
Kemp's Fine Old	30 0	.....
WHISKY—		
Edina (Scotch)	24 0	.....
Old Head (Irish) ***	24 0	.....
Do. do. ****	26 0	.....
CHARTREUSE—		
White	3 0	
Yellow	4 0	
Green	5 0	
MARASCHINO DE ZARA	1 8	

* Prize Medal, Amsterdam Exhibition, 1883.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

HAVE A LOOK

AT OUR SILVER LEVER WATCH at Rs. 35 before buying, and you will give it the preference before any other.

The Watch as it is now, is the result of 20 years Experience in the Indian watch trade, and we guarantee it to be the most perfect watch ever offered to the public for such a small outlay.

Being the manufacturers ourselves, the buyer obtains the watch from first hand. This explains its cheapness.

The Watches are of medium size in heavy engine turned silver cases, either hunting or half hunting. Guarantee 3 years.

To be obtained only direct from our firms at Bombay, Calcutta, and Secunderabad.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

THE VELOCIPEDE, its history, and how to use it; by A. DAMES, Agent to the French Velocipede Co. Price, annas 8; postage free.

VIOLET'S
LAIT DE LYS.

A Superb preparation for Toilet use. It refreshes, soothes and strengthens the skin, and by its use imparts to the face a softness equal only to that of youth.

Per Bottle Rs. 2.

KEMP & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

VIOLET'S
NOTED PARISIAN PERFUMES

Heliotrope.	Ylang Ylang.
Jasmin.	White Rose.
Jockey Club.	Stephanotis.
Violet.	

Per Bottle, Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

KEMP & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO., Limited.

ELASTIC STOCKINGS AND ELASTIC SILK GOODS
OF ALL KINDS.

	Rs. a.
Stockings, per pair	9 0
Anklets, per pair	5 0
Knee-Caps, per pair	6 0
Thigh Pieces, per pair	9 0
Wristlets, each	2 0

ENEMA APPARATUS.

Kemp's Special Enema	4 0
The Seamless India-rubber Enema	4 8
Higginson's India-rubber Enema	2 8
Lynch's Perfection Enema	4 8
Arnold's Simplex Enema—	
Best quality	15 0
Second do.	10 0
Third do.	5 0
Small do.	4 0
Matthew's Metallic Piston Enema	13 0
Maw's Brass Family Enema	10 0

Elastic Syringes of all sizes.

LADIES' SANITARY TOWELS
Now universally recommended by medical men in England, Re. 1-8 per packet.

LADIES' ABDOMINAL BELTS
In every variety of material and pattern. Full details in illustrated Price-List.

CELLULOID TRUSSES.
A large assortment of these goods have been received and unpacked. They are the best instruments of the kind ever imported, and are not affected by wet or wear. They will last a lifetime.

Single	Rs. 7
Double	,, 13

Smaller sizes for children, cheaper.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager...MR. FRAMJEE C. MEHTA.

THE GAIETY COMPANY.
LAST NIGHTS ! LAST NIGHTS ! !
LAST WEEK OF THE SEASON.
TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, 22ND FEBRUARY.
The Original Dramatic Contrast
SWEETHEARTS
and Byron's Original Burlesque Extravaganza,
ALADDIN
OR
THE WONDERFUL SCAMP.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, 23RD FEBRUARY.
Gilbert and Sullivan's Japanese Comic Opera
MIKADO.
MIKADO.
MIKADO.
POSITIVELY FOR THE LAST TIME.

WEDNESDAY, 24TH FEBRUARY.
By DESIRE, Goldsmith's Comedy
SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER.

THURSDAY 25TH, FRIDAY 26TH, & SATURDAY 27TH FEBRUARY.
Gilbert & Sullivan's Original Fairy Opera,
IOLANTHE
OR THE PEER AND THE PERI.
Complete new Scenery, Magnificent Costumes, and Full Chorus.

NOTICE.—Subscribers are respectfully informed that in consequence of the Season terminating on Saturday, the 27th Feb. their Tickets can be made available on that night in lieu of Wednesday, 3rd March.
Tickets and Plan at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Steamer.	Tons.	Comdr.	About 1886
CLAN BUCHANAN	3000	E. N. Cobbett	31st March
CLAN GRAHAM	3300	J. Alexanderson	10th April
CLAN MACKENZIE	3000	H. G. Wilson	12th "

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.
These steamers have excellent accommodation for first-class passengers. The Saloons and State rooms are all on the upper deck and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. Separate music and smoking rooms. Each steamer carries a properly qualified Surgeon and Stewardess.
The rates of passage money include Steward's fees, Bedding, Linen and all Cabin furniture ; but do not include Wines and Spirits which can be purchased on board at moderate rates.
For information as to rates of Passage, &c., apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, February, 1886.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.
—THE ADJOURNED MEETING will be held here on MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3 p.m.
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation ; & Secy., Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, 20th Feb., 1886.

FOR SALE, OWNER LEAVING BOMBAY.

Pair of Roan Arab Horses, height 14-2½, age 5 years, go in single and double harness.
Fica-bitten Grey Horse, age 8, height 14-2½, good under saddle, steady on parade, goes in single and double harness.
English-built Barouche by Fulker, of Salisbury, in good order.
English-built four-wheeled Dog-cart by Kinross and Sons, runs very easily.
Harolly Cart.
English double and single harness, English saddle.
Apply Colonel SMART,
Comdg. R. A., Colaba.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Superintendent Park and Field Train, Bombay Sappers and Miners, up to 12 Noon, on the 15th MARCH, 1886, for the supply of MISCELLANEOUS and other STORES for Field Practice and Instructional purposes in the Corps, from 1st April, 1886, to the 31st March, 1887.
Full particulars regarding terms of contract, printed forms of tenders, and schedules of stores required, are procurable on payment, from the Office of the Superintendent Park and Field Train, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 2 p.m. daily, Thursdays and Sundays excepted.
The Commandant does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
W. NORTH, Colonel, R. E.,
Commandant, Bombay Sappers and Miners.
New Jhansi, Kirkee, 19th February, 1886.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF
FRENCH CONFECTIONERY.
Pralines, Chocolate Cream, Jujubes,
Sugared Almonds,
Legumes, Abricotines, Naugatines,
&c., &c.
Fancy Boxes filled with French Confectionery and Chocolate Cream.

CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.
Apricots, Greengages, Pears, Cherries,
Poires Roses, Assorted Fruits, Poires Blanches,
Chinois Dores,
FANCY BOXES FILLED WITH
MIXED CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.
MORENAS & CO.,
Importers of English and French Confectionery

LADIES'
LISLE THREAD HOSE,
BLACK DIAMOND DYE.
From Cash Rs. 2-4 per pair.
CHILDREN'S
LISLE THREAD HOSE,
BLACK DIAMOND DYE.
From Rs. 1-10 per pair,
CHILDREN'S
COTTON HOSE,
BLACK DIAMOND DYE.
From Cash Rs. 1-6 per pair.
WATSON AND Co.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG'S
INDIAN CIGAR FACTORY.
FRESH STOCK
OF
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,
Manufactured of choicest Trichinopoly and Dindigul Tobacco, under skilled EUROPEAN supervision

CHEROOTS.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 100 Rs. a.
THOMSON'S PRIME	22 0	2 8
Do. No. 1	19 0	2 2
DAWSON'S PRIME	20 0	2 4
Do. No. 1	18 0	2 0
PASHAS No. 1	20 0	2 4
Do. No. 2	18 0	2 0
NONPAREIL	15 0	1 12

CIGARS.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 100 Rs. a.
PREMIERS	27 0	3 0
REGALIA	24 0	2 12
LONDRES	22 0	2 8
FAVORITAS	20 0	2 4
PRINCIPES	18 0	2 0
CONCHAS	18 0	2 0

PONDICHERRY TOBACCO.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 100 Rs. a.
INDIANAS (Cigars)	24 0	2 12
RAJAHS (Cheroots)	18 0	2 0

COCONADA TOBACCO.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 100 Rs. a.
BABINGTONS	18 0	2 0
		Per 200
OFFICE	14 0	3 4

BURMAHS.
By direct importation, Rs. 17 per 1,000 ; Rs. 2 per 100.
Samples forwarded on application.
J. NEUBERG,
6, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE
OF
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

AN AMATEUR THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE OF SIR ARTHUR SULLIVAN'S COMIC OPERA
THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE
will be presented on FRIDAY, the 5th March, SATURDAY, 6th March, and MONDAY, 8th March next.
STALLS & BOXES
may be reserved at SOUNDY & COMPANY, Ld., where plans of the Theatre may be seen. Usual Prices.
E. FERRERS NICHOLSON,
Hon. Secy. Committee.

ALFRED THEATRE,
OPPOSITE BOREE-BUNDER STATION.
LAST WEEK ! LAST WEEK ! !
TO-NIGHT AND TO-MORROW, AT 9 P.M.
GRAND PERFORMANCE.
MR. VOLPI AND HIS WONDERFUL TRAINED ANIMALS.

THE BOMBAY STEAM SOAP & CANDLE WORKS COMPANY, Limited,
ARE PREPARED to receive offers for the LEASE of their Soap Factory at Mahim. For particulars apply to the SECRETARY, No. 22, Esplanade Cross-road.

ELGIN MILLS FLOOR CLOTH.
A LARGE stock of WOOLLEN and COTTON FLOOR CLOTHS in a variety of choice shades and designs, always on hand.
Apply to the AGENT, ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

MATERIALS FOR SERVANTS' CLOTHING.
DOUBLE WIDTH GREY SERGE from Rs. 1-4 0 per yard. Double width Blue Serge from Rs 1-8-0 per yard, also Green, Claret, Khakee and Brown Broadcloths. Samples on application to the
ELGIN WOOLLEN MILLS, CAWNPORE.

COTTON CHECKS FOR JHARUN SUITS, HORSE CLOTHING, &c.
FOR SAMPLES of above (as also for material of a finer quality specially made for shirts and sleeping suits) apply to
THE ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

FAST DYED KHAKEE DRILL.
THE attention of Commanding Officers is particularly invited to the NEW FAST DYED KHAKEE DRILL, now being introduced by the ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.
The colour of this Drill is guaranteed against Soap, Soda, Sunlight, and Acids.
Samples upon application to the AGENT.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT, 1882, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE PAREL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition for the winding-up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, was, on the 15th day of February, 1886, presented to the said High Court by the said Company, and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Honorable Mr. Justice Scott on the 8th day of March, 1886 ; and any Creditor or Contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding-up of the said Company, under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing, by himself or his Counsel, for that purpose, and a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any Creditor or Contributory of the Company on payment of the regulated charges for the same. Dated this 15th day of February 1886.
TOBIN & ROUGHTON,
Solicitors for the Petitioners.

TO CANDIDATES STUDYING FOR THE SECRETARIAT, OPIUM, SUBORDINATE EXECUTIVE SERVICE, RURKI AND MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.
POST-FREE ONE RUPEE ANNAS FOUR.
A GUIDE TO THE
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS IN INDIA.
CONTENTS.
1.—Introductory.
2.—What Books to Read.
3.—The subjects of Examination with Hints on each.
4.—Hints for the Candidate.
5.—Course of Reading.
6.—Full particulars of each Examination—subjects of—Limits of age—nomiations, &c.
7.—Test Papers.
8.—Full particulars of the Higher and Lower Division, in England, including the Army, Civil Service, &c.
N. B.—Stamps will not be received. Remittances should be made by Postal Notes.
Apply to
THE PRINCIPAL,
Civil Service Institute, Allahabad.

THE CHANDOS CLASSICS.
A SERIES OF STANDARD WORKS IN POETRY, BIOGRAPHY, etc.
Price per Vol. Re. 1.

Sale's Koran	Herbert's Works.
Spain (Romance of History)	Ridpath's Universal History.
Anderson's Fairy Tales	Legendary Ballads of England.
Arabian Nights.	Lockhart's Spanish Ballads.
England (Romance of History)	Longfellow's Poems.
France (Romance of History).	Mackay's Complete Works.
Grimm's Fairy Tales.	Montgomery.
Italy (Romance of History.)	Pepy's Diary.
Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare.	Percy's Reliques.
Nelson's Life.	Pope's Homer's Iliad.
Rook of Authors.	Pope's Homer's Odyssey.
Butler's Hudibras.	Pope's Poetical Works.
Coleridge's Poetical Works.	Representative Actors.
Dr. Syntax's Three Tours.	Romance of London.
Eastern Tales.	Romance of London—Supernatural.
Evelyn's Diary.	Roscoe's German Novelists.
Fugitive Poetry.	—— Spanish Novelists.
Gibbon's Life and Letters.	—— Italian Novelists.
Adventures of Gil Blas.	Scott's Essays.
Gray, Beattie and Collins.	—— Lives of Eminent Novelists.
Hallam's Constitutional History of England.	—— Memoirs, &c.
Heber's Poems	Swiss Family Robinson.
Spencer's Faery Queen.	Tanglewood Tales.
Dryden's Virgil.	Twice Told Tal s.
Walton and Cotton's Angler	Wordsworth's Poems.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JUST UNPACKED.
FANCY & UNIQUE STATIONERY
From different manufacturers.
DE LA RUE & Co.
Vellum Wove.
Treble Thick.
Double Thick.
Extra Thick.
Vellum Rep.
Salmon Rep.
Violet Rep.

CHARLES GOODALL AND SONS.
Chit Combination Note and Envelopes,
Chromatic Tinted Rep Note and Envelopes.
Cream Wove Goffered Note and Envelopes.
Gold Bevelled Duchess Note and Envelopes.
Gold Bevelled Note and Envelopes.
Heraldic Note and Envelopes.
Mediæval Note and Envelopes.
Post Haste Correspondence Cards and Envelopes.
Real Vellum Note and Envelopes.
Satin Rep Note and Envelopes.
JOHN WALKER AND Co.
Crocodile Leather Cabinet of Note & Envelopes, large 8vo.
do. do. do. small 8vo,
Morocco Leather Cabinet of Note & Envelopes,
SYDNEY J. SAUNDERS & Co.
Silk Satin Rep Note and Envelopes.
Diamond Quadrille Note and Envelopes.
Half Anna Note and Envelopes.
Best Foreign Note and Envelopes.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE AND Co.,
Successors to Chesson & Woodhall,
BOOKSELLERS, PUBLISHERS, STATIONERS, NEWS AND PERIODICAL AGENTS.
No. 26, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE
AT
JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR.
JUST ARRIVED per s.s. KERBELA a new side light roomy Brougham, suitable for a pair or a single horse, by P. W. WATSON.
A new English-built Barouche and a Mail-phaeton by Lewis Fulker, of Salisbury.
A new English Victoria and some Dog-carts.
Some second-hand English-built Broughams, Victorias, Mail-phaetons.
And also some new sets of English single, double and four-in-hand harnesses, carriage lamps, dinner and toilet sets, iron single and double bedsteads, &c., &c.
For further particulars apply to
JAFFER SULLIMAN & CO.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL,
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office,
Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

TO BE LET—From end of March to end of November or thereabouts, a large furnished house on Mount Pleasant-road, Malabar Hill—Apply to G. G. Office of this Paper.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK.—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

MRS. MARTIN, Late of Poona, Practical Dressmaker and Milliner, 310, Grant-road, Bombay. Ladies' Dresses made up according to the prevailing modes.

"GLOVES, GLOVES," just arrived, SOFT and FRESH White Kid, 2 Buttons, Rs. 2 and Rs. 2-12 per pair. French Grey, 2 Buttons, Rs. 3 per pair.
THORPE & Co., Outfitters,
Rampart-row, Bombay.

DRESS SOCKS, Best Black Spun Silk Embroidered, Rs. 4-8 per pair. Plain Colours, and neat Fancy Stripes, Rs. 3-8 per pair.
THORPE & Co.,
Hosiers, Glovers, &c., Rampart-row, Bombay.

GYMKHANA SPORTS ENTRIES CLOSE THIS EVENING at Gymkhana Pavilion.

AN OFFICER LEAVING BOMBAY can recommend a good COOK. Apply Colonel SMART, Colaba.

LADIES' WHITE AND CREAM SATIN SHOES, Sizes, 38, 39. Rs. 5, per pair.—WATSON & Co., Esplanade Hotel, Bombay.

FOR SALE—A Square Mahogany Piano in good order. Price moderate. To be seen at No. 26, Middle Colaba, next to the Parsee Sanitarium.

ICES, ICES, four sorts daily, every day different kinds. Also Wines and Spirits of the best quality at the VIENNA CONFECTIONER, Church-gate-street.

WANTED an efficient SHORT-HAND WRITER. Satisfactory references required. Apply to Messrs. CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN, Solicitors, Bombay.

WANTED a second-hand BOILER, in good condition, to stand a pressure of 60lb. length, about 24 feet and 6 feet diameter. Apply to A. B., care of *Bombay Gazette*.

PASSAGES BOOKED to ENGLAND and the CONTINENT, 1st class from Rs 250. No commission charges. Apply to WILLIAM WATSON & Co., 28, Apollo-street, Bombay.

50 CANDLES LIGHT, giving our Metrailluse burner Hanging and Table Lamps, Burn twelve wicks at a time. From Rs. 8 and upwards. At STEWARD & Co., 2, Church-gate street.

QUEEN OF MUSIC.—A rich and melodious Hand-organ plays, Hymns, popular songs, Operas, dances, &c., &c. No household should be without one.—H. A. GEYER & Co., Hornby Row, Bombay.

WANTED INSPECTORS for the Traffic Department of the Bombay Tramway Company, Limited. Knowledge of English indispensable. Apply personally at Colaba Offices between 7 and 8-30 a.m. (Europeans not wanted.)

ROPES FOR SALE—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

A DELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations. Situated in a quiet locality. Large airy Rooms.

MRS. COULSON, MILLINER and DRESS-MAKER, Borce Bunder. Ladies' Own Material made up. Charges moderate.

COOL, quiet, and comfortable quarters for one or two gentlemen only. Apply to E. A. Wray, 2nd Floor, No. 3, Elden-road, opposite High Court.

JUST UNPACKED, a large and entirely new batch for Presents in Gold and Silver Jewellery and Indian Curiosities. Harjimull and Co., Rampart Row.

KIDD and SHADBOLT'S "SPADE BRAND" WHISKY, as used at the Club's. Sole Importers, Phipson & Co.

FOR SALE.—Superior BEEHIVE BRANDY, landed ex. s.s. "BRANKELOW."—WALTER NUTTER & Co., opposite the Custom House.

GERMAN ASPARAGUS FOR SALE.—A few cases at Rs. 17 per dozen tins of 1½ lb. each. Apply to C. FLEMMING & Co., 12, Medow-street.

STILL MOSELLE AND BREAKFAST CLARET FOR SALE. Cheap, in close consignments. Apply to C. FLEMMING & Co., 12, Medow-street.

MATTERSON'S IRISH SAUSAGES, 11 as. per tin ; Gruyere Cheese, 14 as. per lb. ; Cheddar do. 13 as. per lb.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

£6,466,527-17-5 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year, £349,974-10-10 Stg.

REMOVED to corner of Rampart-row, opposite the Prince of Wales' Statue, from 124 Wellington Road, Mahim. Watch-makers and Jewellers.

SWAINE and ADENEY,—Just received by the well known makers, riding, driving and hunting Whips.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay.

COLD WEATHER TWEED SUITS, all wool, thoroughly shrunk, Rs. 18 to 25. Ladies' Ulsters from Rs. 20 each.—John Mahomed and Co., 16 Meadow-street.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1886. Price, Rs. 5 ; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA SKY RACES, 1886. Tickets for admission to Grand and Native Stands and Enclosures can be obtained from LUDHA EBRAIM & Co., Byculla.

JUST RECEIVED Yarn Dyed Fast Color Khakee Drill, 34 inch width at Rs. 2-4 per yard. Try at J. A. LACKA, Wholesale Warehouse, Jackeria Musjid, Bombay.

"LIGHTNING" CIGAR CUTTERS, useful and ornamental, adjusted for 3 sizes of Cigars No Mess, Club, Bar or Smoking-room should be without one. Rs. 6 each. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

GREAT STOCK-TAKING SALE at the Crawford Market Branch of the CASH BAZAAR, Limited, next door to Messrs. SHROFF BROTHERS.—This and following days.

BOOK OF BOMBAY.—Illustrating the TOPOGRAPHY and HISTORY of BOMBAY and WESTERN INDIA. Cloth bound, Demy 8vo., Rs. 5.

HAIR CUTTING SALOON.—Francia and Fucile, No. 33, Meadow-street, Bombay. Every requisite for toilet from the best markets in Europe. Saloons elegantly fitted up.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.—Furniture covering, in Tapestry, Damask, Reps, Cretonnes, Chintzes etc.—JOHN ROBERTS & CO., General House Furnishers, 15, Marine-street.

TO BE LET, furnished for six months, from 20th April, the house on Mount Pleasant, Malabar Hill at present occupied by Mr. Walter Lang. Apply to W. Lang, Messrs. Lang, Moir & Co.

MR. C. M. DECOSTA opens on the 1st April, 1886, at Mount Abu, the Rajputana Hotel, in the House lately occupied by General Watson, Agent, Governor-General, Baroda. Situation Central. Terms Moderate, attendance exceptional.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Tuesday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers, with 8 pages Supplement of English news, in addition to 24 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per year for Indian subscribers, post free ; and Rs. 17, including postage, for the United Kingdom.

PEARSE'S RESTAURANT.—Breakfasts, Tiffins, Dinners, Hot Joints from 1 till 3 p.m., Monthly Boarders taken.

NOTICE.
TO HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE RESIDENT IN THE CITY OF BOMBAY.
IN Accordance with Section 7 of the Bombay Municipal Acts of 1872 and 1873 (as amended by Act VI of 1882), I hereby give notice that a GENERAL MEETING OF HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE resident in the city of Bombay will be held in the Durbar Room of the Town Hall on FRIDAY, the 26th February, 1886, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of ELECTING SIXTEEN MEMBERS of the Municipal Corporation.
No vote will be received at the said election for any person who has not been nominated by one person entitled to vote at the said election and whose nomination has not been seconded in writing by another such person, nor unless such nomination is made in writing signed by the proposer and seconded, and left at the office of the Municipal Commissioner at least seven days before the date fixed for the election, in accordance with the provisions of Section 9 of the aforesaid Acts.
Justices of the Peace are requested to lodge their votes before 6 o'clock p.m., of the day of the Meeting.
ALEX. W. LESTER,
Office of Clerk, to Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, Bombay, 1st February, 1886.

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES JUTE MILL COMPANY, Ld.,
CAWNPORE.
TO supply the public with a quality of FLOOR CLOTH of the strength and durability of Durries, and at as low a cost as they paid heretofore, for cotton floor cloth (called farash), this Company is now prepared to offer at the low rates varying from As. 4 to As. 6 per yard, heavy jute woven and printed FLOOR CLOTHS, widths 54 and 40 inches, respectively, in a variety of patterns and colours.
Floor Cloths and Durries made up to any required size with neat broad borders to match pattern, much improving the look of the cloth.
Hall Carpets, 7 by 4½, of various neat bright patterns, at Re. 1 each.
Door Mats, 4 by 2½, of various neat bright coloured patterns, at As. 8 each.
The attention of District Officers is particularly called to the above Floor Cloth, which, if sewn together to fit any tent, would beat one-third of the cost of Durries.
For Patterns and further particulars apply to the MANAGING AGENTS,

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.
On THURSDAY, the 25th inst., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c.
1 case white and coloured shirts.
3 cases printed dresses, 33 by 20 yards.
10 ,, turkey red cambrics.
2 ,, white doria.
3 ,, coloured prints.
3 bales grey shirtings.
2 ,, dhoties.
2 ,, jaconets.
1 ,, T cloth.
5 cases waist coating.
An invoice of preserved Australian meat, consisting of compressed beef and mutton, boiled beef, roast beef, roast mutton, beef sausage.
5 cases violet and millefleur, nursery and toilet powder by Napoleon Price and Co.
MENESSE & CO.
Bombay, 22nd February, 1886.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOW-STREETS.
SALE of Burnt and Damaged Wool at Pinjrapole.
THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 22nd February, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 25, Pinjrapole, 2nd lane, by order of Messrs. Lidbetter and Stead, and on account and risk of the concerned, a quantity of burnt and damaged wool.
SALE of Stock in Trade of China Depositary Shop at No. 30, Apollo-street.
On SATURDAY, the 27th day of February, at 1-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the above place, by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C., and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Bezonjee Pestonjee Kharas (who carried on business under the name of Pestonjee Cowasjee Kharas), now an insolvent—the whole Stock in Trade of his Chinese and Japanese curiosities.
FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
A pair of well-matched young and sound Arab horses, have been going regularly in harness, landed last year.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 22nd February, 1886.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.
USUAL WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.
THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
10 bales grey chottics.
8 ,, shirtings.
10 ,, T cloths.
1 case tweed.
,, flannel.
8 cases prints.
5 ,, woollen cloths.
3 ,, handkerchiefs.
1 ,, nickel silver buckle elastic belts.
1 ,, ,, time pieces.
1 spectroscope.
1 lady's saddle.
The property of a gentleman going home.
1 mahogany semigrand pianoforte by J. Broadwood and Sons.
The property of another gentleman.
1 mahogany cottage pianoforte.
1 single barrel Mayward rifle with case, by Messrs. Arm and Co.
1 single barrel Snider rifle with case, by Tolley.
AT 2-30 P.M.
1 handsome light glass-fronted brougham.
1 strong-built office shay cram
1 handsome light new victoria.
1 strong-built buggy.
1 ,, mail-phaeton,
1 ,, pony-cart.

SALE OF OOJUN COTTON.
THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Colaba, in the Jatha of Poonja Vasanji, by order of Marvaroo Ramputtab Hurabilas, and on account and at the risk of the Hagowji Valjee.
29 Bales Oojun cotton.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE COMMISSARIAT STORES.
Under instructions from the Commissariat Storekeeper General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Town Barracks, Fort, to-morrow, TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 1 p.m., a quantity of Commissariat stores, such as provisions and cattle equipments, consisting of camel jhools, bamboos, coir, cotton and hemp ropes, breast pieces, gunnies, &c.

SALE OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS MOULMEIN TEAK SQUARES.
On WEDNESDAY, the 24th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder :—
100 First class Moulmein teak squares.
140 Second class Moulmein teak squares.
In lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.
On SATURDAY, the 27th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon Darookhana by order of Mr. Mirzamul Sewbux.
200 Tons teak scantlings, ex s. s. Arata.
In lots to suit purchasers.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
On SATURDAY, 27th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Minnie Lodge," Middle Colaba, near the Parsee Sanitarium, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood carved and plain household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome light strong-built victoria, a powerful grey horse, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate pictures, handsome marble and alabaster vases and figures, reading books, a collection of choice plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of H. Read, Esq.
Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.
FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
A handsome landaul by Kesterton, suitable for either one or pair of horses, in excellent condition,
A handsome new victoria.
CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 22nd February, 1886.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO-STREET.
On WEDNESDAY, the 24th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Medow Street, behind the Oriental Bank, the stock-in-trade of D. Curseljee Major, owing to the removal of his shop to Poona, consisting of millinery and fancy goods, toys, shop furniture, &c., &c.
The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of unclaimed goods, grain sweepings, cotton, &c., &c., at the G. I. P. R. Goods Depot, Waree-bunder.
On FRIDAY, the 26th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place—
A quantity of unclaimed goods, grain sweepings, cotton, &c., &c.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
On MONDAY, 1st March next, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNET and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Upper Colaba, opposite the Observatory, the valuable and handsome plain and carved French-polished household furniture, rich crockery, glass-ware, hanging and standing lamps, and a collection of rare plants in pots and tubs.
Also a pair of roa Arab horses, height 14-2½, a handsome strong English-built barouche by Freiker, of Salisbury, and a set of double harness, together or separately.
A flea-bitten grey Arab horse, age 5, height 14-2½, good under saddle, steady on parade, goes in single and double harness.
English-built four wheeled dog-cart by Kinross and Sons, Stirling.
Bareilly cart. Set of single harness, saddle, &c. The property of Colonel G. J. Smart, R.A., leaving, Bombay.
Catalogues published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
On MONDAY, the 8th March next, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 17, Breach Candy, the very valuable and handsome black wood and teak wood, well-built and substantial made neatly French-polished household furniture of the latest designs (especially made to order by Mr. Wimbridge), best electro-plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, very handsome real China and Japanese flower vases, handsome table ornaments, rich Brussels carpets, large size toilet stands with mirror, a handsome strong English-built four-seated open carriage, one C spring with a pair of fast trotting iron grey Australian horses, a strong-built pony cart, a handsome fast-trotting bay Arab horse, a handsome grey pony, sets of English double and single harness, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of R. Branson, Esq., barrister-at-law.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view six days before the sale,
BONA-FIDE SALE.
On TUESDAY, the 16th March next, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Daly Sett Hall," Cumballa, opposite the Cumballa Family Hotel, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oleographs and pictures in gilt frames, a hand-some strong English-built victoria by Haffer and Co., a pair of handsome fast-trotting chestnut Arab horses, sets of single and double harness, a first-rate Ayrshire cow with calf about 3 months old, a first-rate Aden cow of nearly 3 years, medical library in good condition, photographic apparatus, materials, &c., a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of Deputy Surgeon-General L. S. Bruce.
Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 22nd February, 1886.

NEW LAND THE REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT :
TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER
AT THE
FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,
BEING
A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,
WITH
An Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.
Price, 1 Re. ; postage, 1 Anna.
Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

NOTICES.

BYCULLA CLUB.
THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club House on Saturday the 27th February 1886 at 6 o'clock p. m.
JOHN S. ALSTON,
Hon. Secretary.
25th Jan. 1886.

NOTICE.—We have been appointed Sole Makers in India, of TURNER'S NEW PATENT "COMMERCIAL" BALING PRESS ; for hand, bullock or steam power. These Presses bale any material, and can be made to press by hand power up to 400 lb. bales ; they are admirably adapted for use in Jute and Cotton Growing Districts.
Full particulars on application.
BURN & Co.,
Howrah Ironworks, Howrah.

AT TONG WAH & Co., the best and cheapest CHINESE HOUSE in INDIA, can be had a large variety of superior CHINA TEAS, CHINESE CURIOSITIES of every description, CHINESE SILK CLOTH, &c., &c.
AN EARLY TRIAL SOLICITED.
No. 42, Kalbadevi-road.

PORTLAND CEMENT.—First-class German Manufactory, annual produce 400,000 barrels, desires to appoint an A 1 firm for sole sale of its Portland Cement, which is specially adapted for Aquatic and Railway Constructions. Unexceptionable references required. Address Messrs. SIEBEL & MATTHAEI, 36, Hermannstrasse, Hamburg.

JUNAGADH RAILWAY.
WANTED—One good DRAFTSMAN and one good SURVEYOR, both natives. Surveyor required to be thoroughly competent in use of level and compass and able to plot his own surveys.
Apply stating salary and required sending copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) to
THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Junagadh Railway, Junagadh.

THE EAST INDIA TRAMWAYS Co., Ld.
WANTED, a LOCO. FOREMAN, must hold a certificate as "Chargeman or Journeyman Fitter." Salary minimum, Rs. 150 ; maximum, Rs. 200 monthly.
Apply personally before 1st March, 1886, with certificates to the Undersigned.
THOMAS JOHNSTON,
Managing Agent.
E. I. Tramways Co., Ld., 13th February, 1886.

CAINEVILLE DIOCESAN SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MUSSOORIE.
WILL RE-OPEN on the 3rd of March, 1886, with a highly efficient Staff of teachers. Some alterations have been made in the terms and course of study.
For prospectuses apply to
MRS. CLARKE,
Head Mistress,
Caineville, Mussoorie.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited.
NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ending 31st December, 1885, of 7½ per cent. per annum, on Shares allocated before 31st December, 1882, and 5 per cent. on Shares subsequently allotted, will be paid to Registered Shareholders on and after THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at the Office of the Company, No. 9, Elphinstone Circle.
By order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.
Bombay, 13th February, 1886.

LONDON DISPENSARY.
D. B. LINDSAY begs to intimate that he has this day sold to Messrs. THOMAS JOWETT & Co., Chemists, the whole of the business carried on by him for the past fifteen years as Chemist, Auctioneer, Agent, and General Merchant, and trusts that the same liberal patronage will be accorded to them as formerly to himself.
Jubbulpore, 1st February, 1886.

NOTICE.
T. JOWETT, "SOLE PROPRIETOR," begs to intimate his business will in future be carried on under the style and name of T. JOWETT & Co.

FOR BARODA AND DISTRICT.
PURE (Kangra Valley) HOLTA TEAS.
SINCE we established ourselves as SOLE AGENTS of the HOLTA TEA COMPANY, Limited, our Teas are supplied to Messes and Gentry, and are acknowledged by them SUPERIOR and UNSURPASSABLE TEAS, of which a great desideratum has been felt for a long time past. We STRONGLY rec

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Mr. Telang's Address on Social and Political Reform, Framjee Cowasjee Institute, 5-30 p.m.
Extraordinary General Meeting, Students' L. and S. Society, Framjee Cowasjee Institution, 5-30 p.m.
Royal Yacht Club Regatta Ball.
Alfred Theatre, Mr. Volpi, 4-30 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, 9 p m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 19th:—Ganges (s), from Shangai. On the 20th:—Darien (s), from New York; King Arthur (s), Port Louis; Clan Munroe (s), Glasgow. Yesterday:—Belgravia (s), from Glasgow; Sirdhana (s), Colombo and Rangoon; Vindolana (s), Aden; and Adria (s), Mauritius.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 20th:—Hydaspes (s), for China, &c.; Brankelow (s), Kurrachee; and Bhownuggur (s), Bhownuggur. Yesterday:—Niagara (s), Trieste and Venice.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Venetia entered and the Clan Maclean left the dock on Friday; the s.s. Simoom entered and the s.s. Hydaspes left on Saturday.

THE MARINE BATTALION DANCE.—The usual weekly afternoon dance will not take place at the Marine Battalion Mess on Thursday, the 25th instant, it being the day of the Byculla Club Ball.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held on Saturday at the J. J. Hospital, in view of the body of a Hindoo lad, aged 8 years, named Krishna Rama. A fortnight ago he sustained an injury to his left foot by a bullock having accidentally trod on it. Tetanus supervening, he died from its effects. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

A JUVENILE DECHIVER.—A Hindu lad, aged about 15 years, named Khundoo Manajee, was on Saturday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of dishonestly delivering to Jeewa Shella, shopkeeper at Duncan Road, a copper pie coated with quicksilver as a genuine two-anna piece. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and was ordered to be sent to the Sassoon Reformatory.

FOUND DEAD.—A coroner's inquest was held on Saturday at the morgue, Cammateepoora, on view of the body of a new-born female child, which was found lying in an excavation containing a quantity of mud and slush at Mazagon, known as the Frere Land Reclamation grounds. The body was very much decomposed. A *post-mortem* examination was ordered by the coroner, and the inquest was adjourned to the 23rd instant.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Eswunta Ranoo, a servant of Bunna Gowa, a shroff residing at Bhendy Bazaar Road, was on Saturday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing sundry silver ornaments and a piece of silver, valued at Rs. 15-14-0, the property of his master. The accused, after stealing the ornaments, went to a goldsmith named Mulleares Ramchunder, and got them melted down into two silver bars, which were subsequently discovered. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE RIPON CLUB.—The annual general meeting of the Ripon Club was held on Saturday last at the Club premises. In absence of the chairman, Mr. Dorabjee Framjee Patel was called to the chair. Mr. J. B. Marzban, one of the honorary secretaries, read the report of the committee, which stated that the Club had on its rolls over 210 members. Last year residential rooms were opened for the use of up-country subscribers, and a branch was opened at Malabar Hill. The furniture of the Club was in-part to the extent of Rs. 12,000. Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy was appointed president, and Messrs. P. M. Mehta and J. B. Marzban honorary secretaries for the current year.

THE INDIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—A general meeting of shareholders of the company was held on Saturday at its registered office in Parsee Bazar Street, Mr. Nusserwanjee Maneckjee Patel presiding. During the first year of its working the company had made a profit of Rs. 18,215. It had insured, 84 properties to the value of Rs. 23,64,400, but no loss had occurred in respect of any of them. The directors' report up to the 31st December 1885 was approved and adopted. A dividend of Rs. 75 per share was declared, payable on and after the 1st proximo. Messrs. Cowasjee Shapurjee Mehta and Damodhurdas Tapidas were reelected directors. Thanks were voted to the auditor, and her sons, Messrs Nowrojee Manockjee Wadia and Nusserwanjee Jehangir Wadia, for giving rooms in their house for the offices of the Company, free of rent. Thanks were also voted to the directors for their judicious management of the company's affairs. The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE SALVATIONIST MOVEMENT.

THE Salvation Army, headed by Major and Mrs. Tucker, have re-appeared and resumed work in Bombay. On Saturday, at 5 p.m., a band of about a dozen Salvationists, principally natives, described as the Gujrati Warriors, headed by Major Tucker and Captain Greete, the latter of whom has recently arrived from England, both bare-footed and in the garb of fakeers of the Upper Provinces, with a band of music, consisting of tambourines, a drum, a concertina, and a cornopeon, marched out from their head-quarters, the Salvation Hall, near the Boree-Bunder station; and proceeded towards the Arthur Crawford Markets, singing Salvation hymns, in the vernacular, set to English music. On their arrival at the Markets, they formed themselves into a small ring on the Esplanade opposite the Markets, and each one individually addressed, the crowd that had collected around them, testifying their experiences in the good work in which they were engaged, and urging others to join. After a short interval the party continued their march towards the Money School, where a similar open-air meeting was held, after which the small detachment of the army dispersed. About 8 o'clock the same evening, a meeting was held at the SalvationHall, which was attended by a number of natives.

SMALL CAUSE COURT.

ACTION FOR CALLS.

At the Small Cause Court, on Friday, a suit filed by the Bombay Tile Company, in liquidation, against Pestonjee Dorabjee Andhiaroo and another, to recover Rs. 500 and interest due in respect of four calls of Rs. 25 each, on five shares, alleged to have been subscribed by the defendants in the plaintiff's company, was called on for hearing before Mr. W. E. Hart, Chief Judge. Mr. Hormusjee, of Messrs. Hormusjee and Bomonjee, appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. Eduljee Mussani represented the defendants. Mr. Eduljee contended that his clients were not members of the plaintiff's company, and were not therefore liable to pay the calls; that they simply signed the application for shares and not the registered memorandum and articles of association, and that two out of the four calls were barred by the Statute of Limitation. His Honour, after hearing argument, held that the plaintiffs could not sue the defendants, inasmuch as the latter never signed the registered memorandum and articles of association, and dismissed the suit with professional costs, Rs. 34, to be paid by plaintiffs.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION.

THE Ninth Annual Report of the Directors of the above Company for the year ending 31st December 1885 denotes shady progress.

The Directors present to the General Meeting their Ninth Annual Report, for the year ending 31st December 1885.

50 Proposals were made for Advances, aggregating the sum of Rs. 1,64,000 of these 23 after careful Examination by the Board, were granted, amounting to Rs. 67,300, re-payable by Instalments for periods varying from six months to three years.

The Revenue of the year ending 31st Dec. 1885, as appears from the Accounts certified by the Auditor appended hereto, amounts to..Rs. 18,488 9 0
To which add Balance from last year's Account ..... Rs. 11,219 5 4

Together....Rs. 29,707 14 4

The Expenditure including Law Advertisements, Commission and Interest on Deposits, Printing charges, &c., has been.....	Rs.	6,438	3 5
Amounts written off.....	,,	1,091	15 4
Sum set aside for Directors' fees and office allowance.....	,,	400	0 0
Sum set aside in liquidation of preliminary expenses	,,	151	2 1
The sum set aside on account of Dividend for 1884	,,	8,000	0 0
Add sum carried to the Reserve Fund	,,	2,000	0 0
		18,079	4 10
Surplus.....	Rs.	11,628	9 6

Of this sum there falls to be deducted Managing Director's Commission of Rs. 881-6-10 for the year, and the Directors recommend a Dividend of 8 per cent. per annum, on the Paid-up Capital of the Association, for the year ending 31st December last, which will absorb Rs. 8,000 and Rs. 2,000 to be carried to Reserve Fund which will then amount to Rs. 9,000 leaving the sum of Rs. 400 for Remuneration of Directors, Office Establishment, etc., and Rs. 647-2-8 carried forward as a balance to next year's account. The Total Interest at 12 per cent., received on Loans, from 1st January to 31st December 1885, was Rs. 16,962-8-0, and that paid on Deposits, Rs. 8,634-5-0. The Commission received on Life Policies assigned over as Collateral Security amounts to Rs. 850-10-0, and the Fees for preparation of Deeds on Personal Security to Rs. 673-0-0.

A. C. Walker, Esq., Director; also James Shepherd, Esq., Auditor, retire, but are eligible for re-election.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour with out leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 4s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 38, Farringdon-road, London.

SELLING OBSCENE PICTURES.

At the Fort Police Court on Saturday, before Mr. Ryan, the case in which Daniel Hart is charged with selling, exhibiting, and having in his possession obscene pictures, was proceeded with. Mr. Little, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Burder, of the firm of Messrs. Winter and Burder, defended Hart. Mr. Ryan proceeded to read the reply he had received from the magistrate at Calcutta, Mr. Gupta, and a letter from Mr. J. Lambert, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, to Mr. Gupta. In his letter Mr. Lambert said he had restored those photographs to Hart which had seemed to him to be copies of paintings. He thought he recollected among them some similar to those he had initialed. Among them were two which he certainly had ordered to be destroyed. The photoraphs which Mr. Lambert said he had ordered to be destroyed were then produced in court with the others which has been seized by Inspector Guider.

Mr. Burder remarked that the matter came to be that out of ten thousand pictures two were found that had been ordered to be destroyed in Calcutta.

Mr. Ryan said he would have to deal with the pictures on their merits.

Mr. Little replied that 26 had been sent to Calcutta, and out of them two were what had been ordered to be destroyed, so that it came to two out of 26, and not, as Mr. Burder said, two out of ten thousand.

Mr. Burder asked that the photographs should be returned to him, in order that he could have an adjournment to call evidence to show that they were not obscene within the meaning of the Act.

Mr. Little said he would call evidence first and put the photographs in.

Mr. Burder thought he had now only to deal with four photos which were considered obscene. He called the attention of the Court to No 1 Calcutta reports, in which was a report of a case similar to Hart's, and a judgment on the scope of sections 292 and 294, requiring a magistrate convicting under them, to state distinctly the particular words and representations he finds obscene before he does so.

Mr. Ryan said he knew the case referred to. He would now take evidence for the prosecution.

Mr. Little then called Inspector Guider, who swore to the facts as already reported.

Cross-examined by Mr. Burder, witness said when he went to the shop he asked accused where he had come from, and told him that the pictures were obscene. Witness was the person who originally thought the pictures were obscene. They were exhibited on the wall. He could identify some which he had taken. He could not tell all which he had taken from the wall or from a box. He could tell some of them. (Witness identified some.)

After this witness, eight photographs were put in by Mr. Little as being considered obscene. He remarked that it rested with his Worship to decide as to what was obscene and what was not obscene. He would call no further evidence at present, but of course, if a charge was framed against the accused, further evidence could be called at any time.

Mr. Burder said he did not know what he would land him. The case for the prosecution had either to be closed or not. He did not see why further evidence was to be called after the case was closed and before the defence was gone into.

His Worship said it was in his discretion to allow evidence to be called at any stage of the case for the prosecution. The prosecution would close at this stage.

Mr. Burder thought a charge would be framed, and he would then know what he would have to meet.

Mr. Ryan.—The law does not require that a charge should be framed at this stage. Daniel Hart has sold and wilfully exhibited to public view certain obscene representations, namely, photographs, on the 26th of January, and had in his possession on that date, for the purpose of sale, obscene photographs.

Mr. Burder.—Will your Worship allow me to have the eight photographs put in, or copies of them?

Mr. Ryan.—They can be examined in Court.

Mr. Burder.—I can't undertake to call witnesses to examine the pictures in this Court and then give evidence. It is putting every difficulty in the way of this man. I can't expect people to come into this Court.

Mr. Ryan.—I have shown the accused a great deal of consideration, and given him every opportunity.

Mr. Burder replied he did not think his client had been shown any consideration. He complained he had failed to see that the pictures were obscene. There was a great difficulty in bringing people to the Court to examine the photos, and then perhaps, they did, they would not be able to find the clerk who kept them

Mr. Ryan.—I can't allow them to go out of the Court.

Mr. Burder protested it was really preventing him bringing witnesses to give evidence in the case. He did not know what object there could be in locking up the pictures in the Court. It was not a regular procedure, as his Worship had remarked. He would ask for copies of the exhibits, as he was entitled to them.

Mr. Ryan.—Certainly not of these exhibits.

Mr. Burder.—How on earth, then, can I call witnesses?

Mr. Ryan.—If you don't, I shall convict the accused.

Mr. Burder asked how could he call evidence if he was denied the means to induce people to give evidence to say whether the pictures were obscene or not, without seeing them.

Mr. Ryan remarked the pictures were the subject-matter of the charge, and he could not allow them out of the Court. It was contrary to all procedure.

Mr. Burder submitted it was not contrary to all procedure.

Mr. Little supposed if an inkstand was an exhibit in the case he failed to see how it or a copy of it could be given.

Mr. Burder said there was no inkstand in the present case, and the supposition was entirely out of place.

Mr. Ryan observed it was putting an extreme case, and acting on the same principle, all exhibits were kept in Court. He refused to give the samples of the eight.

Mr. Burder.—How, then, can I call evidence?

Mr. Ryan.—I don't know.

Mr. Burder.—You lock up all the pictures I have to call evidence upon in Court. It seems to me unnecessary and unreasonable, and prevents this man (Hart) from laying before you a proper defence in this case.

Mr. Ryan.—I say not.

Mr. Burder said it was simply deterring Hart from calling people. He instanced Mr. Van Ruith, a witness for Mr. Hughes adding who had taken the pictures. Was it likely, he asked, he could induce him to go down to the Court to look at the pictures? And the exhibits were copies of pictures, every one of them, and there was nothing obscene about them.

Mr. Ryan.—It is sufficient for the prosecution to prove that one of them is obscene.

Mr. Burder.—It is sufficient if your Worship has made up your mind to try the case without hearing the defence. It is not the usual procedure, I am entitled to copies of exhibits to call witnesses.

Mr. Ryan.—The accused was bound by law to have his witnesses here to-day.

Mr. Burder.—I don't think he could be bound.

Mr. Ryan.—If he tells me at this moment he has witnesses to call, I shall grant an adjournment.

Mr. Burder replied Hart had witnesses to call, but could not call them without having copies of the pictures he wanted his witnesses to speak about. He was entitled to have them.

Mr. Ryan said they had to come to the Court. The accused was certainly not entitled to copies of the exhibits.

Mr. Burder.—If you say I'm not, I can't undertake to bring people here. The copies could be given to me without the slightest detriment to justice.

Mr. Ryan.—If you have no witnesses, I convict Hart.

Mr. Burder.—You had better ask Hart.

Mr. Little.—But Mr. Burder represents Mr. Hart.

Mr. Burder.—I decline to represent him further. There are numerous duplicates of the pictures, and you decline to let me have them in order that I may call evidence to prove they are not obscene. That precludes me from defending this man. It is a very irregular practice.

Mr. Ryan.—I say it is not irregular to give a man every opportunity.

Mr. Burder.—You are not doing so.

Mr. Ryan.—He had ample opportunity. Hart, I convict you, and sentence you to one month's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 200, or in default to undergo a further term of two months.

Mr. Burder.—He wants time.

Hart, addressing his solicitor.—I can't hear what he says.

Mr. Burder.—You are sentenced to a month's imprisonment.

Mr. Ryan.—And to pay a fine of Rs. 200, in default two month's further simple imprisonment.

Hart (with tears in his eyes) asked.—Is there nothing to be done? Have I to go to prison for a month?

Mr. Burder.—Yes you have to go to prison for a month.

Hart.—Is it not possible to adjourn the case to next Wednesday to fetch witnesses?

Mr. Ryan.—It is too late. I think that, after the lenient way you were dealt with in Calcutta, it has been great audacity on your part to go to another city and sell the same pictures you were punished for selling there.

Hart.—I really did not intend to sell anything obscene. There is nothing worse in these pictures than those seven which were returned from the Calcutta police court.

Addressing his solicitor.—Is there nothing to be done?

Mr. Burder replied.—The Public Prosecutor won't help you, and you can do nothing. There is, of course, a higher court to which you can go.

Hart was removed, and the pictures were ordered to be kept in Court for a period of three months, pending further steps which Hart might take.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—In Consumption its efficacy is unequalled. Dr. Sinclair Coughill, Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor, writes: "I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. Dr. de Jongh's Oil is now the only Cod Liver Oil used in the Royal National Hospital for Consumption and Diseases of the Chest." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and stores-keepers. Sole Consignees: Ansar, Harford, and Co., 210, High Holborn, London.

MARRIAGE FESTIVITIES IN HINDOO HIGH LIFE.

MR. VURJEEVANDAS MADHAVDAS, one of the Port Trustees, a director of the Bank of Bombay, and for a long period guarantee broker to Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Company, has during the last week been celebrating the marriages of one of his sons and a son of a nephew of his, in a style of unusual magnificence. Respected not only in commercial circles, but in every class and section of the community, for his honesty and uprightness in business, and for his urbanity and high position as a citizen, Mr. Vurjeevandas is still more honoured among his own people for his devotion to the faith of his ancestors, and as a leader of a sect of the Kapole-Bania caste. He maintains several charities in Bombay and in Nassick; has contributed liberally to local charity funds for the benefit of members of his community; and has, in conjunction with his late brother, Mr. Narrotumdas, the father of our well-known citizen, Mr. Harkisondas Narrotumdas, built a temple for Hindoo worship, and a dhurmshalla on the verge of Cowasjee Patel Tank, for affording shelter to hundreds of houseless poor Hindoos. In the same place he has erected, in conjunction with his deceased brother, at a cost of about two lakhs of rupees, buildings suited to the requirements of Hindoos on all festive and joyous occasions, with garden grounds attached, and named after his late father—the "Madhav Baug." It was here that the marriage festivitives were going on during last week. The whole of the extensive premises had been renovated for the occasion, and gas pipes introduced into the remotest corners of it. Besides feasts given during the week to members of the Kapole-Bania caste, large evening parties were given at Madhav Baug on Wednesday and Thursday, to which the leading native inhabitants of all classes and creeds had been invited. Both the parties were numerously attended. A grand evening party was given on Saturday at the same place, at which the leading members of the European as well as the native communities were present. The gas illuminations were brilliant as they must have been costly. Straight lines, arcades, and semi-circles of gas moons overspread the premises and the entire garden grounds, which looked pretty with the new gravel and shingle laid upon them. The passages from the outer gateway to the reception-hall were carpeted throughout. Hundreds of coloured lanterns picked out the outlines of the temples and other buildings included in the large enclosure. Some of the trees were illuminated with a fanciful arrangement of coloured Chinese lamps among the branches. The chief attraction centred in the extension reception-hall, which was decorated and illuminated in a truly superb style. Numerous massive chandeliers and ornamental vases, filled with sweet-smelling flowers, hung from the cieling. The whole of the northern wall of the reception-hall presented landscapes and other views executed in water-colours by native students of the Sir Jamsetjee School of Art, under the directions of Mr. Bapoojee Dinanathjee, a teacher at the school—which were very much admired for their design as well as for the happy manner in which the artist had executed them. Guests began to assemble from 9 o'clock, and were received by Mr. Vurjeevandas, his eldest son, Mr. Tribhowandas, and his nephew, Mr. Hurkisoondass Narrotumdas, whose offer of a lakh of rupees for the erection of a female hospital with clinical wards has just been accepted by Government. Among those present were observed Sir William Wedderburn, Bart., Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I., the Hon. F. Forbes-Adam, the Hon. Dadabhai Naorojee, the Hon. Budroodin Tyebjee, Dr. H. Cook, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Dr. Waters, Dr. Weir, Dr. J. Arnott, Colonel A. B. Portman, Colonel Wilson, acting Commissioner of Police, Mr. Machherson, Messrs. J. McLeod Campbell, John Fleming, C.S.I., G. A. Manson, G. A. Barnett, H. W. Barrow, P. Ryan, Frank Chalk, J. Leask, N. Spencer, J. Slight, Geo. Cotton, H. M. Phinson, R. P. Bruce, J. Rich, A. Craigie, C. B. Lynch, J. Aspinwall, W. M. Macaulay, C. Lowell, F. Kirby, G. R. Lynn, Messrs. Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel, Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., Sorabjee S. Bengalee, C.I.E., Raghunath K. Khote, C.I.E., R. R. Cama, Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy, Rahimbhoy Hubibbhoy, Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy, Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Hormusjee Dadabhoy, Jehangir B. Murzban, Rao Nana Moroba, Mooljee Jairajbhoy, Poondlik Ramjee Madhowjee, Ghellabhoy Harridas, Rustom K. R. Cama, Jehangir D. Framjee, M. M. Bhownuggree, Pranjivandas Hurjivandas, Vundravandas Purshotumdas, Damodhurdas Tapidas, Dyabhoy Tapidas, Nathubhoy Damodhur, Shroffjee Cursetjee, Shivjee Dhurmajee, Mooljee Bhowanidas, Tribhowundss Nathoobhoy, Jehangir Cowasjee Jehangir, S. N. Cooper, Hormusjee E. Allbless, Paudurang Raghobe, Jamedjee Jeejeebhoy, Cuttaloje J. Jamsetjee, Cuttaloje J. Parakh, Furdomjee J. Parakh, Ranchordas Narotumdas, Cumulsey Premjee, Dinshah P. Kanga, Hormusjee Shapurjee, Sulleman Abdool Wyed, B. M. Panthakee, Shanmrao Pruthurao, Vithal Ballaram, Shantaram Narayen, Javerlal Umiashunker, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, Dr Byramjee Nowrojee, Dr. A. P. Cama, &c.

Unlike other evening parties, the arrangements for Saturday's party were so made that the guests moved about and interchanged with each other the amenities of polished life in the extensive reception-hall, on one side of which a Madrasee woman, sitting in a chair, sang Sanskrit and other devotional songs and played on a fiddle. A "nautch" party was also provided at a later hour, while the band of the Marine Battalion played at intervals in an open space in the compound. About 10-30 p.m., an adjournment was made to the refreshment *buffets*, which were liberally supplied. The party broke up about midnight, the guests being pleased with each other and with Messrs. Vurjeevandas' and Hurkisoondas's hospitality.

The marriage ceremonies were performed yesterday afternoon, when a vast procession was formed at the Madhav Baug, consisting of all classes and creeds of people. It moved slowly along the public roads, which were thronged by concourses of sightseers, until it reached Portuguese Church Lane, near Dady Sett's fire-temple, were the houses of the bride's father are situated. Both the bridegrooms rode superbly caparisoned horses, and were enveloped in a dress of flowers from head to foot. Hundreds of cocoanuts and presents of money, shawls, turbans, &c., were distributed in connection with the ceremonies.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD and Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

DUTIES OF JUDICIAL OFFICERS WITH REGARD TO CONFESSIONS.

THE EMPRESS *vs.* REVU BAI AND FIVE OTHERS.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. S. Tagore, Sessions Judge of Sholapur-Bijapur, who convicted the six accused and sentenced them to different periods of imprisonment. The first prisoner, the wife of the complainant, was found guilty of theft and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for two years. The case against her, as the Session Judge remarked, was a singular one. It was a case in which the wife was charged with theft in respect of her husband's property; and the first question which the case brought up for decision arose whether a Hindoo wife could be convicted of stealing from her husband? The second accused, Ramlal Gurdinial, was found guilty of dishonestly receiving, and assisting in the concealment of stolen property, and was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three years; three others, who were convicted of dishonestly receiving stolen property, to rigorous imprisonment for eighteen months each; and one to rigorous imprisonment for three months. Mr. Kirkpatrick, with Mr. Gunput S. Rao, appeared for the prisoners Ramlal and Gurdinial; and Mr. Pandurung, acting Government Pleader, for the Crown. A report of the case has already been published by us. Their Lordships took time to consider their decision.

Mr. Justice Jardine delivered a long and elaborate judgment in the case, expounding clearly and comprehensively the law regarding the duties of magistrates and Sessions Judges in dealing with confessions made by prisoners to the police. The following are extracts from the judgment. His Lordship said:—Many of the facts in this case have been admitted by the prosecution and the defence. The view to be taken of them may vary, according as the conduct of Revu Bai, in leaving her husband's house and taking the ornaments with her, is regarded as dishonest and as resulting from an adulterous connection with the second prisoner, Ramlal, or as the mere result of waywardness and petulance arising out of a quarrel with the husband, Chanbasapa. Mr. A. W. Hughes, the committing magistrate, committed the case to the Sessions, because, as he says, it was considered it disclosed a conspiracy requiring heavier punishments than he could award. One of the assessors found all the six prisoners guilty, evidently believing the theory of the prosecution; the other took the opposite view of the case, and expressed his distrust of the evidence of the policeman and the two other witnesses to the discovery of the property. Mr. Tagore, the Sessions Judge of Sholapur-Bijapur, convicted all the prisoners. His judgment shows that he accepted the prosecution theory, and that he gave very considerable weight to the oral statements and recorded confessions made by the different prisoners to the police and the magistrates. He held that those prisoners, who were said to have received the ornaments from Ravu Bai, had not only done so, but had done so dishonestly. Mr. Tagore makes the following remarks on the confession made by Revu Bai to Rav Saheb Ravji Parashram Barve, magistrate of the 2nd class, at Sholapur, on the 5th September, five days after the taking of the ornaments and four days after she had been arrested:—"Whether this confession in so far as it implicates Ramlal is admissible as evidence against him, is open to question, but I see no objection to its being used as against the person making it." This confession contains the theory of the prosecution; and it has been treated as the most important piece of evidence in the case. There are many reasons which, in our opinion, make it matter of regret that the learned judge below did not make a careful inquiry into the circumstances under which that confession was taken. We also think that the question of its validity should have been thoroughly considered in the written judgment. The confession had been retracted before the committing magistrate, on the 2nd October, when Revu said that she had made it through fear of the police, and that it was not true, although nobody had told her what she should say. On the 10th November she explained to the Sessions Judge that she had been tutored, adding, "I was five days in the Chowdi before I made it. I was taken to the magistrate on Saturday." In the same statement she accounts for confessing before the 2nd class magistrate to an improper intimacy with Ramlal, by saying that the jamedar got her to say so. On the 12th November she again informed the judge (who had reminded her again about what she had told the 2nd class magistrate on this subject) that it was not true, adding: "I was confined for five days and tutored by the Police." It was the duty of the committing magistrate to have made inquiry into the matter of this alleged detention; and as he had not done this, it was, in our opinion, incumbent on the Sessions Judge to have got to the root of the matter; more especially as the head constable, Syed Ahmed, when cross-examined, said he did not remember how many days Revu Bai was in police custody before she was taken to the magistrate, although he admitted it might have been two or three days. The accused are not entitled to see the police diaries, but the judge might, under sec. 172 of the Criminal Procedure Code, have sent for them; and when the head constable had stated that he did not remember whether he had entered his proceedings of the 2nd August in a diary, as the law requires, we think the propriety of sending for the police diary was obvious. It is true that Mr. Barve certified under the confession that he had warned the woman, and that she was not in police custody when he wrote it down, and that he believed it to be voluntary. It is not at all improbable, however, that a young woman, who has been kept for days in illegal custody by policemen, who are actively engaged in getting up evidence against her, may make a very full confession, imputing all sorts of guilt to herself and others, in order to terminate what must be a state of dreadful anxiety and terror. The courts, being well aware of the safeguards with which the law expressly surrounds the action of the police, are bound to approach confessions in the same spirit as the Legislature, and to remember that these intended safeguards would become little better than pitfalls, if the confessions were treated, on the mere record, as conclusive of their own validity. A prisoner, especially a young woman, who for the first time has left her husband's care and protection, and for the first time has found herself in police custody on a criminal charge, is open to many inducements as regards confession; and it would be wrong to assume that the inducement disappears the moment the police withdraw from the magistrate's room, or that the magistrate's warning or caution has an immediately reassuring influence on her mind. In the present case there were special reasons for the inquiry. The twice repeated statement of the prisoner, Revu Bai, to the judge, when he pointed out to her that she had admitted an adulterous intimacy with Ramlal, was that she said this merely because she had been induced to say it by the police, who had kept her five days in their custody. What Revu said ought to have been treated by the Sessions Judge as an allegation of illegal practices by the police. As the committing magistrate, who appears to have been aware of all the facts about the custody of the prisoners, has not alluded to them in his proceedings of commitment, as the Sessions Judge made no inquiry, and as the alleged illegal custody is a principal ground of appeal, we have examined the vernacular correspondence passing between the chief constable, Moro Gopal, and the committing magistrate, Mr. Hughes, the 2nd class magistrate, Mr. Barve, and the 3rd class magistrate, Mr. Vishnu Ramchandra. They all appear to have been in Sholapur at the time, and one of them at least was cognizant of the arrest of all the six prisoners on the 1st September, the morning after the alleged theft. But, on examining this correspondence and all the other papers before us, and in the absence of any explanation to the contrary by the Government pleader, we are led to infer that not one of the six prisoners was sent to a magistrate within the legal maximum period of 24 hours, but that in all cases this period was exceeded without first obtaining the magistrate's order as required by law. The evidence shows that Revu was arrested on the morning of the 1st September; the correspondence indicates that she was not brought before a magistrate until the 5th September. If this indication is correct, and there is much to show that it is, and nothing to the contrary, the statement of Revu about the five days' illegal detention is substantially true. As the law is clear and must have been known to the chief constable, we are bound to inquire what motive existed for the apparent violation of law. Police officers do not expose themselves to departmental censure and criminal punishment without some motive; and as the prisoners alleged a particular motive, namely, the wish to get confessions out of their mouths, it would have been a reasonable and right-eous course for the Sessions Judge to have made inquiry, even though the prisoners, and the public prosecutor had remained silent, when it was their duty to ascertain and state the facts. We think that the circumstances of the detention by the police, which appears to have been permitted by these magistrates, require explanation; and we shall call on Mr. Hughes to render an explanation through the district magistrate. The correspondence to which we have referred accompanies the record of the case; and the Government Pleader has not suggested that it is not authentic, or that it conveys an inaccurate notion of the facts. It shows that the chief constable, Moro Gopal, who had Revu Bai and the other prisoners in his custody was well aware of the 24 hours' rule; and that Mr. Hughes twice pointed out the illegal character of the chief constable's action. It is the duty of the district magistrate to prevent illegal practices of this kind occurring again, and he can do this by examining the reports of arrests made to him under sec. 62 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The letters signed by the chief constable appear to confirm the allegations Revu Bai and other prisoners, about the police having endeavoured to induce confessions by illegally keeping them in custody, instead of sending them before magistrates, where they would have felt some sort of protection. To adopt the language of Chief Justice Westropp, we think the Sessions Judge committed an error in law and procedure in ignoring the complaints of the prisoners, and in neglecting to inquire into the facts which appear to support those allegations. A prisoner who believes that the police are capable of deliberately violating the law, and so committing a criminal offence in order to get her to confess, and who finds that the magisterial protection, though provided by law, is not exercised on her behalf, may, as day by day of illegal imprisonment passes by, despair of justice and be induced to confess, in order to terminate the imprisonment within its shortest pain and terror. The attention of the prosecution was pointedly and more than once directed to the delay in producing Revu Bai before a magistrate; and we think that this unexplained delay and the longer delay before Mr. Hughes began his inquiry suggest, irrespective of the correspondence, good reasons for suspecting the confessions. No judge with the correspondence before him should have allowed the confessions to go to jury without careful inquiry and directions suggested a great caution in dealing with them. We are bound now to scrutinize both the confessions and the testimony of the witnesses sent up by the police during the utmost care. This scrutiny is the more essential because the principal ground of the appeals is that the police have tampered with the case; and so it has been argued by the learned counsel who has appeared for Ramlal and Dindayal. The petition sent by Revu Bai from the jail is more impressive than most appeals that come before us. She urges that her act in taking away the ornaments and hiding them is to be explained by the passion and waywardness of a young woman who has quarrelled with an old and ill-conditioned husband. She sees that some of the appearances are against her, but she claims that we shall exercise the judgment of men used to human affairs over the whole case. It is probable that there are facts in the case which have not been investigated at the magistrate's inquiry or the Sessions trial. We would not be justified in delaying disposal of these appeals in order to get them elucidated; and at this distance of time, we doubt if it would be possible to do what we think could only have been done effectually, by the magistrate having jurisdiction, on the 2nd September, or within a reasonably early time afterwards. We do not think the paramour theory, or the theory of dishonest receipt and disposal, accounts in a satisfactory manner for the facts proved in the case; we also are of opinion that these theories of the prosecution are not proved. It remains now to pass some remarks on the theory for the defence. We consider it is the best and also a probable explanation. We think that Revu left her house in a state of anger caused by a quarrel, but with the intention of returning; hoping, perhaps, that her husband would make overtures to her. After carefully considering the whole of the evidence, we are of opinion that Revu was not guilty of theft, and that dishonest receipt or disposal is not proved against Ramlal, Dindayal, Devisingh or Lakshman. We must add that, as the evidence is very contradictory, we are not satisfied that the property belonged to the husband or that it was not his wife's *stridhan*. It is unnecessary, however, to deal with the question whether a Hindu woman can commit theft of her husband's property, or with the questions which arise under sec. 27 of the Indian Evidence Act as to the admissability of the statements made by the prisoners on the 1st September. We take a different view of the whole case from that taken by the judge; and are of opinion that no dishonest intention has been proved against any prisoner. We, therefore, reverse the convictions and sentences passed on all the appellants, and direct that they be set at liberty.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 19th February, 1886.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. *and* 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·923
Temperature of the Air	73·8
Wet Bulb Thermometer	66·2
Dew Point	62·3
Relative humidity of Air	68
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10).	3·6
Maximum temperature of the (read at 6 p.m.)	80·6
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.)	61·0
General Directions of Wind*.	NNW. NE. NW. NNW. N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	258.

* From midnight to midnight.

TRAVELLERS' REQUISITES.—Tiffin Baskets, plain and fitted; Luncheon Boxes, Etuas; Enamelled Iron Plates, Dishes, and Mugs; Dram Flasks; quart size Wicker-ed Bottles with screw caps. Condiment Bottles, &c.—PHILLIPS & Co., Bombay and Poona.

AN INTERESTING CEREMONY IN THE PRESIDENCY PAY OFFICE.

ON Saturday, the 20th instant, Colonel Rowlandson, the Presidency Paymaster and late Controller of Military Accounts, Egyptian Field Force, in the presence of Captain Passy and the office establishments, of the Presidency Pay Office and the Pension Pay Office, presented Mr. S. Leon De'Souza and Mr. Maneckshaw Pestonjee, who had served under him in the Egyptian Campaign of 1882, in the capacity of head Clerk and shroff respectively, with the silver medal from the Empress of India and the Khedive's Bronze Star. Colonel Rowlandson made an appropriate speech on the occasion, to the effect that it gave him great pleasure to present the decorations to these clerks, who, he said, well deserved the honour, having served under him most efficiently and willingly during the campaign, undergoing all the fatigues and discomforts inseparable from a field life, and rendering most promptly all the assistance he required of them, at any hour of the day and night. He wished them a long life to enjoy the honour bestowed on them and concluded by saying that the decorations would form a valuable heirloom to their posterity.

Rai Bahadoor Hurrichand Yadowjee also made a short speech suited to the occasion. He said that so far as he was aware this was the first instance in which non-volunteer civilian clerks had obtained war medals, and that this was due to the worthy Colonel's kindness. He said he prized the medals very much, and that the value of the decorations was still more enhanced, as they were bestowed for services rendered during his career, and because Colonel Rowlandson's name would always be associated with the decoration

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 20

CONSOLS were ⅛ lower in London yesterday at 101⅛, but Indian Securities were unchanged notwithstanding a decline of 3-16 per oz. in Bar Silver.

In the Mincing-lane markets the only changes were in Rapeseed, which was partially 3d. per quarter dearer, and in Poppyseed, which shows a decline of 6d. per quarter.

The decline in Cotton continues, Liverpool having closed dull yesterday, with sales of only 7,000 bales, Surats unchanged, but Americans 1-16d. lower on the spot, and 1-64d. in arrivals, except February-March deliveries which were 3-64d. lower. To-day's report is again dull with sales of 6,000 bales comprising 400 Surats. In New York yesterday ready Cotton was 1-16 cents, futures 8 points lower at 8 15-16 and 9·12 cents per lb. respectively. To-day's telegram shows no change.

The American receipts are not contracting materially, the total for the past week being only 4,000 bales less than the preceding; at the same time they are not on anything like the same scale as 1883, when, for the first three weeks in February, 443,000 bales came to hand, as against only 324,000 in the three weeks ending on Friday. At this rate the probability of the crop reaching 6,800,000 bales becomes somewhat remote, the Bureau estimate of 6½ millions being nearer what the figures point to. The Liverpool statistics show a decrease of 50,000 bales during the week in the visible supply for all Europe, but the Liverpool stock has increased by 44,000 bales, although on the figures the apparent increase should only be 31,000 bales. The difference is accounted for by the actual stock of Surats turning out 13,000 bales more than the estimate. This virtually doubles the stock, but it is not likely to have much effect on prices as it does not affect the quantity of Cotton actually in the market.

The American crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1886	1885	1884
Week's receipts	102,000	54,800	61,000
" exports to U. K.	39,000	43,000	78,000
" " Cont.	47,000	17,000	30,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	4,388,000	4,314,000	4,229,000
" Exports to U. K. "	1,511,000	1,848,000	1,764,000
" " Cont. "	1,268,000	1,155,000	1,074,000
" Stock in the Ports	1,040,000	830,000	972,000
Saturday's Receipts	16,000	4,000	8,000

The total visible supply of cotton for all Europe on the 19th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1886	1885	1884
Total supply of all kinds	2,960,000	2,940,000	3,423,000
" " Surats	125,000	285,000	470,270

For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—

Stock in Liverpool	674,000	921,000	967,310
" London	21,000	34,000	64,000
American afloat	220,000	230,000	326,500
East Indian "	39,000	28,000	99,000
	954,000	1,213,000	1,456,810
Price of Mid-Uplands	4 13-16d.	6d.	5 13-16d.
" " Good Fair Dhollera	4 1-16d.	4¾d.	4¾d.
Difference	1d.	1¼d.	17-16d.

A further decline of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy has been established here to-day, with the result, however, of bringing out an increased number of export buyers. A considerable business has been done in Good Bhownuggers at Rs. 169 for May, Rs. 170 for April, in Fully Good at Rs. 174 April-May, and in Fine at Rs. 183 for April. Good Broach for March has changed hands at Rs. 191 to Rs. 192, and best selection at Rs. 194. Good Omras (Omrawuttee Cotton) have been sold at Rs. 158, Good Bengals at Rs. 154, and Fully Good at Rs. 159. This verifies the prediction of the trade as to the result of the extended cultivation of what is known in Berar as "Belatee," and in Khandeish as "Waradhi" Cotton. Five years ago the Cotton Trade Association pointed out to Government that, when the production of the inferior staple increased beyond what could be passed off by admixture with the higher quality, the value of the whole crop would be brought down to the level of Bengals, and that is what has now come to pass. To the merchant exporter the deterioration is a matter of only secondary importance, as selling the article on its merits earns his profit on the inferior as well as on the superior description; but the grower finds the difference, and in the course of time it may work back to Government through the ryot being unable to pay the same rate for his land.

WHEAT is easier but not as yet quotably lower. Old No. 1 White Pessy is now quoted at Rs. 4-1, New for April-May delivery at Rs. 3-13-6 per cwt. For New No. 1 Club Delhi we quote Rs. 3-11-6, Ahmedabad, Rs. 3-10 per cwt.

LINSEED is gradually coming back to a more reasonable level. Ready, we quote at Rs. 6-11, March at Rs. 6-7, and May at Rs. 6-3-6 per cwt.

FREIGHTS maintain the steadier tone developed within the past few days. The s.s. Abana has been fixed for ready loading at 18s. per ton. U. K., Antwerp, Havre, and the s.s. Auretta, for March loading, Genoa, &c. Naples and Marseilles at 25s., at 2s. exchange. The quotations are :—

	Ready	Cotton.	Wheat.
Liverpool	"	18-9	15
London	"	18-9	
Open Charter	"	17-6 to 18-9	
Havre	"	18-9	
Dunkirk	"	18-9	
Antwerp	"	18 9	
Marseilles	"	17-6 to 18-9	
Trieste, Venice	"	35-3 to 2s.	

EXCHANGE.—We usually have very quiet markets on Saturday, but it is seldom at this time of year we have such complete stagnation as to-day. There have been no private bills offering, and with Silver quoted lower from London, rates may be called 1-32d. lower. We quote at the close :—

	per rupee.
Bank Bills on demand 1s. 5 15-16d.	"
Do. Telegraphic 1s. 5 29-32d.	"
Do. Three months' sight 1s. 6d.	"
Credits " " 1s. 6 3-32d.	"
Francs " " " 1·90½	"

Since the close of business advices are in Bar Silver being again 3-16d. lower, at 46⅜ per oz., so that we may look for increased weakness on Monday.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is dull and tending lower. Fours for cash have receded to Rs. 97 9-16, and for early March delivery to 97½. Fours-and-a-half remain nominal at Rs. 100¾.

SHARES.—We have had a steady market to-day with nothing much doing. In Mills we quote an improvement of Rs. 5 in Manockjee Petit and Queen, others being unaltered. Bombay-Burmah Trading are Rs. 50 lower in first, Rs. 10 in second issue.

MR. N. LAZARUS
OCULIST—OPTICIAN.

BY appointment to His Excellency the Earl of Dufferin, Viceroy of India, etc., etc.

Mr. Lazarus' system of testing and supplying Glasses suited to the exact requirements of each eye, has now been officially recognised in India by His Excellency the Earl of Dufferin, Viceroy of India, etc., etc., who, after personally expressing his approval, has specially appointed Mr. Lazarus his Opthalmic Optician.

Pamphlet "How to preserve the Sight" free on application.

N. LAZARUS, Oculist-Optician
to the Viceroy.

New Buildings, 28, Meadows-street, (Opposite Fort Chapel), Bombay. | 13, Old Court House Street, and No. 1, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business or pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time, will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Charing Cross," engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not, therefore, purchase without seeing the Government Stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND.
"AGENTS WANTED.
"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."
This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried

TOWN HALL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, 24TH FEBRUARY.
GRAND CONCERT.
UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
H. E. LADY REAY.
GIVEN BY THE CELEBRATED PRIMA DONNA,
SIGNORINA LUISA MARCHETTI.
Kindly assisted by
MRS. HARRY W. WILLIAMS.
MRS. HARGRAVE.
Miss SCHMUCK.
Mr. DIXON.
HERR SCHMUCK.

PROGRAMME.
PART I.
1. Aria ..... Traviata ..... G. Verdi. Signorina Marchetti.
2. Violin Solo ..... Romanze ..... Wilhelmj. Herr Schmuck.
3. Song ..... Tell her I love her so. Pde Faye. Mr. Dixon.
4. Serenata ..... Braga. Mrs. Harry W. Williams. With violin and piano accompaniment.
5. Piano Solo ..... { a Nocturne ..... T. Tshaikowsk y / b Valse ..... Chopin. Miss Schmuck.

PART II.
6. Violin Solo ..... Capriciode Concert. Wieniawski. Herr Schmuck.
7. Cavatina ..... La Sonnambula ..... Bellini. Signorina Marchetti.
8. Song ..... Masks and Faces ..... Molloy. Mr. Dixon.
9. Song ..... The Old Lock ..... Milton W elling. Mrs. Harry W. Williams.
10. Valse ..... Hrindisi ..... Massé. Signorina Marchetti.

Tickets, Rs. 3 and Rs. 2, to be had at Messrs. SOUNDY and Company, Limited.
Concert to commence at 9 o'clock punctually.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas,
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., Ld., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE'S* PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.

We also state as a Caution to the Public, that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other Houses, are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER,
SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE*,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, Germany,
Established 1809.

HIGHEST AWARDS AT ALL THE LEADING EXHIBITIONS.
LONDON "INVENTIONS EXHIBITION" 1885.
GOLD MEDAL.
WITH FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE.
(THE ONLY FIRM OF THAT NAME THAT OBTAINED A GOLD MEDAL.)

FRESH CONSIGNMENT of these celebrated Pianos arrives regularly at the end of every month.

Plain Square ..... Rs. 792
Sympathetic Square ..... " 864
Boudoir or Concert Piano (on three legs) ... " 1,500
TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH ON DELIVERY.

N.B.—None genuine unless bearing the name of "SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE" IN FULL.
The Hire System being greatly in vogue, and also an easy mode of ultimately possessing a Piano, MARCKS and Co. are prepared to offer the following advantageous terms, viz :—
Plain Square Piano ..... Rs. 35-0 per month for 24 months.
Sympathetic Square ..... " 38-0 " "
Boudoir (on three Legs) ... " 70-0 " "
Tin Lined Case ..... Rs. 25 Extra."
DELIVERED FREE AT ANY RAILWAY STATION,
at Bombay or Poona.
MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
Poona : 1, East St. Bombay : 43, Esplanade Road.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

AUSTRALIA.

DEATH.

HILLIER—January 27, at Sydney, George William Hillier, of the Audit Department, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, aged 36. Deeply regretted. Friends will kindly accept this intimation.

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

HOSKING—February 19, at Dhulia, the wife of Edward Hosking, of a son.

REGISTRAR—February 19, at Cama House, near Mazagon Castle, the wife of Jehangir Byramji Dadabhoy Registrar, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGES.

GRANT—WOODSELL—February 1, at the Free Church of Scotland, Calcutta, by the Rev W Milne, George R Grant, of Cinnatollah Tea Co. Ld, North Lakhimpur, Assam, to Eliza Jane, eldest daughter of John Woodsell, Esq., Sind.

WALKER—TWALLING—February 12, at the Scotch Church, Meerut, by the Rev John Crawford, Richard Henry Walker, of Calcutta, to Ellen Buchanan, eldest daughter of James W Twalling, late Registrar, Financial Department, Government of India.

DEATHS.

BOYDELL—February 13, at Rawalpindi, Violet, the infant daughter of J E N Boydell, aged 27 days.

VENOUR—February 15, at Meerut, Julia, the infant daughter of Surgeon-Major Venour, aged 9 months.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1886.

TO-DAY the long debate on the draft of the New Muuicipal Bill will be resumed by the Corporation. When the draft was first published, we drew attention to two or three points on which there was a departure from the previous constitution of the Bombay Municipality, and were in direct opposition to recommendations sent to Government by the Corporation, before the Bill had been put on the anvil. It required no great gift of prophecy to foresee that when the Bill came up for discussion, the innovations proposed would be distasteful to the majority of the Corporation, and had not the faintest chance of meeting with approval. What was predicted has come to pass. The Bill has been referred to a Committee which has virtually condemned it in block, though there are some reservations on the part of individual Committee-men. The Report of the Committee was very near being passed as it stood, but at the last moment it was decided to deal with it by a series of amendments, which would give scope for a more thorough discussion of all the points at issue. There is still, therefore, a possibility that some of the good provisions of the Bill may be approved, and that all the labour bestowed upon the Draft by Mr. Naylor, the Legal Remembrancer, and Mr. Ollivant, the Municipal Commissioner, during a period of two or three months, will not be wasted. We have already set forth the specific grounds on which we objected to certain sweeping proposals embodied in the Bill. As the Corporation has shown itself very nearly unanimous in condemning those innovations, we are not now called upon to argue further against them. They are past praying for, and in indicating their nature, we merely prononnce their requiem. It was provided in the draft to abolish the Town Council as it at present exists, and to substitute for it a Standing Committee, to be sub-divided into working Committees, which, under the chairmanship of the Municipal Commissioner, should become the executive power of the Municipality. The idea was to assimilate the Municipal machinery to that by which the Port Trust was worked. But the sub-committees of the Port Trust are not, as a matter of fact, entrusted with the executive duties of that body. They are consultative only, and the Port Trust, which is very much what the Town Council has hitherto been, sanctions or rejects all proposals: nothing can be disposed of which does not come before the Port Trust. The first objection to the proposed system was that it would be impossible to find a sufficient number of non-officials who could give their time and attention to executive details. Men sitting on the Committee would, from the necessities of the case, have to rely on their chairman, the Municipal Commissioner, for guidance and information, so that he would be really master of the situation, while nominally the responsibility would have been shifted from his shoulders as Municipal Commissioner on to those of the Committee. Now, as Dr. Blaney said very truly, the success of local self-government in Bombay has been mainly due to the Municipal Commissioners selected by Government. The Corporation, and the Town Council, which is the Cabinet thereof, help in the work by opening the purse and supplying the funds for the different schemes placed before them. More than once the Corporation has deliberately declined to have anything to do with proposals to disestablish or minimise the Commissioner. The proposal in the Bill to change his position and status certainly does not meet with the approval of the Corporation. Neither does the suggestion that the Corporation, like the Town Council, should undergo a sea-change in name, and be called the Municipal Council. The Committee have put the objection to this change in a sentence : "The Corporation is well known throughout India and in London under its present name, and it would be undesirable to make any change in the designation under which it has attained to its present high position." Mr. Ollivant, in the course of his very able and vigorous speech, in vindication of the draft which he had assisted to frame, defended the change of designation from "Corporation" to "Council" on the ground that, under the English Municipal Act, corporation means the body corporate of the inhabitants of a borough, and the Council represents them. But the citizens of Bombay will scarcely share Mr. Ollivant's feeling of regret that they are not as yet formally included in the term corporation. Even a past of thirteen years is worth preserving, especially when it is without a blemish, financial or other. The Corporation had forwarded a recommendation to Government that the number of the members of the new Corporation should be raised to seventy-two; eight of the new members were to be elected by rate-payers, and Mr. Ollivant expressed his surprise that this very moderate measure of reform should have been balanced by the proposed addition to the number of members to be elected by the Justices. But the fact is to the credit of the good sense of the Bombay Municipality. The desire was to maintain the old proportion between the notables and the direct representatives of the rate-payers, so many of whom are shop-keepers in the native town who have as yet but an inadequate conception of the importance of sanitation and such costly innovations. The recommendation of the Corporation was, however, quietly ignored in the framing of the Bill. The recommendation is sure to be renewed.

Had the Report of the Committee been confined to the topics which we have just indicated, it would probably have been passed at a single sitting without any prolonged debate. But it has gone beyond those points, and it has dealt in a spirit of stern disapproval of matters which ought to have claimed sympathy. For instance, the Corporation itself had stated to Government that the system of cumulative voting would give to the minorities in Bombay a degree of protection which could not be attained under any other system of voting, and had recommended that cumulative voting should be included amongst the provisions in the Bill. The Government acceded to this proposal, and cumulative voting, which is the simplest and most equitable of all systems, and has enabled the English Board School elections to be carried on with entire fairness to all sects and parties, was provided for in the draft of the new Bill. It is scarcely credible that the Report of the Committee now recommends that the Corporation should ask that, while each voter shall have as many votes as there are members to be elected, each voter shall only have the right to record one vote for each candidate. This is of course the negation of cumulative voting, the principle of which is that each voter shall give his votes as he pleases, to one or other of all of the candidates, in such proportion as he may think proper. It is not treating the Government well to reject a concession made graciously in accordance with a request formally preferred. The refusal to accord to the Municipal Commissioner the right to take immediate action in an emergency, tying his hands until a meeting of the Town Council or Corporation can be called twenty-four hours afterwards, is contrary to the public interests. Floods, conflagrations, sudden invasion of epidemics, might secure a great vantage in the course of twenty-four hours. In one instance the Vehar Dam would have burst if there had been an hour's delay in sending men and material to the threatened breach. In another the pumping arrangements for emptying the sewage into the sea would have broken down, if there had been the loss of a day in supplying a remedy. And, on another occasion, it became urgently necessary to erect temporary hospitals for the isolation of the victims of an outbreak of cholera. The meeting of the Town Council or the Corporation to discuss the necessities of an emergency may be held as soon as is convenient; but it is for the general interest of the city that the Executive in such cases should act at once on its own responsibility. It is to be hoped that in draft, considering the draft Bill the provisions discovecr which are helpful and profitable will not be discarded with those wchih may require elimination or modification.

THE new Colonial Secretary appears to have given an unusual degree of encouragement to a deputation which asked him to favour the grant of State aid to the emigration of workmen to the Colonies. Lord Granville said that he approved of State aid, and that he hoped for the creation of an emigration department. It was supposed that we had got beyond the stage in which State aided emigration was regarded as a panacea for social evils at home. The amount of emigration from England, as indeed from the other countries of Europe, is mainly regulated, not by the facilities or the want of them, for the emigration from the old world to the new, but by the demand for additional labour in the Colonial and American markets. To flood those markets with a quantity of European labour which cannot find employment, does no good either to the emigrants or to the Colonies. The supply has been rather in excess of the demand for some years back, more especially as the American cities were flooded with the workmen of Europe when a thousand a day was for a while the average of the new arrivals. The whole subject was pretty well thrashed out when the Gladstone Government, to please the Conservatives, supplemented the Land Legislation with a grant for aided emigration. The emigrants so sent out, when landed in the Americian sea-ports were promptly sent back at the expense of the shipowners, in whose vessels they had come They must have starved in a country where they could not find employment, and had no friends. This will be the result wherever a large number of persons without resources are sent to the shores of the Colonies, when there is no demand for their labour. If there be a demand for it the difficulty of finding means for the passage across the sea is not insuperable and does not need Government intervention. The Colonies themselves assist as do various emigration agencies at home.

A SUGAR FACTORY is one of the diverse industries that need developing in this country. From the agricultural point of view the enterprise is one of the highest importance. But it appears from the recent report of the Director of Agriculture that the industry is languishing, because the necessary by-product —rum—cannot be disposed of. Rum is saleable by those only who have licenses for the sale of imported liquor. If country rum cannot be disposed off, the sugar refining factory must necessarily fail, and the enterprise must receive a check. This, it appears, is what is about to happen. Mr. Ozanne instances the case of a sugar factory established in 1883 near Poona by a Parsee gentleman, Mr. Adarji Dorabji Ghaswala. He exhibited excellent samples of sugar at the Poona Show of 1884, but his rum cannot be sold without a license from the Abkari Commissioner. He has applied to Government for permission to open retail shops for the sale of rum. The Director remarks :—"Whether such permission can be granted without infringement of the monopoly already accorded to licensees of imported liquor is not a question for my department, but it is my duty to record my sympathy with the enterprise, provided the manufacture of sugar be maintained as the main object of the factory." Sugar-cane is now so extensively cultivated that the price at present fetched by *gur*, country molasses, is prohibitively low. The result of a further fall will be that sugar-cane will not be grown with profit. The Poona factory is situated near the Khadakvasla canal, which affords great facilities for cane cultivation, but this extension cannot take place until the factory carries on a brisk manufacture of sugar, and this manufacture cannot find full scope for development until a way is suggested for the disposal of the rum. We cannot think that the Abkari Department will stand in the way of the development of an important agricultural industry. The principle recently enunciated by Lord Reay in one of his public speeches, namely, that all other interests will be subordinated to those of agricultural applies to sugar manufacturing enterprise with as much force as to forest conservancy. Attempts have also been made to extract sugar from toddy, but it appears that the trial made in this direction by the Hon. Mr. Khanderao Raste at Poona has resulted in a failure, partly because it was not made in the light of the old Surat trials. Mr. Raste is advised by Mr. Ozanne to visit Jessore, where the experiment has attained success.

THE INDIAN BOY.

(A paper on the "Commonplace," after eminently fashionable modern style.)

THE balloon is a great invention not to be contemplated without heart-thrills of admiration. Emblematical of so much, capable of conversion by subtle mental analogy into affinity with so many trivialities of existence; inflated with gas soaring into the realms of the infinite and the dimly comprehensible: I apostrophize it vaguely estatically and call the attention of benighted worlds to the fact and the significance of its existence. It is a sad and solemn reflection that the greatest of scientists and travellers have sat in balloons, while I from the sordid, though secure, stand-point of *terra firma*, have watched and wondered, but never adventured. In this my corporeal prudence has bettered the unfettered aspirations of my illimitable soul: but I await with patience the development of world genuis which shall render the hopes and dreams of every exalted spirit attainable without risk to bone and tissue. I am as it were a spectator on the marge of progress, gazing out with clear penetrative eye and throbbing heart into the great beyond, replete with undefined potentialities, from which it is, I suppose, abundantly evident that I am no common being: and, indeed, my editor in enlisting the services of my gigantic brain, my corrosive satire, my sparkling wit, has said as much to the thousands who now hang on my utterances. It is not true that I asked for this public tribute to my singular genius; but having had it thrust upon me I am bound to live up to it, which I am endeavouring to do to the infinite misery of the reading public in general and my numerous friends in particular.

Many people must be wondering why I selected the balloon as a peg to hang my first lucubrations upon. I protest I know no more than why other great writers rhapsodize over the magnificent inventions of the age, Mr. Gladstone's collars, and the mangling machine, instead of going steadily to work upon the subject in hand. It is only, I suppose, because I find the struggle for existence more than difficult; in fact, indigestible, that I avoid it as much as may be with all its branches, consequences, and subdivisions, including the Indian Boy, and allow my fancy to flit unconfined in transcendental spheres. But as I think, and surely I ought to be a good judge of penny-a-linism, that I must have filled pretty nearly quarter of a column with irrelevant, though singularly beautiful, ebullitions of imagination, it is now time to desert the balloon and plunge in *medias res*. (You you will observe that my classical education is well to the front, and I only regret I didn't fill up another para. with a summary of that early aeronaut's doings of whom Horace sang so feelingly. No matter—weightier topics are in hand.)

It is an extraordinary and hitherto much neglected fact that the Saheb in India in attended by the Indian boy. Thousands have had this fact before them, even I may say obtruded upon their unreceptive notice. Yet it is reserved for the present age to produce two giants of literature, myself and another, who can fill up a column, or maybe a column and a half, on the theme. I have done it before, two years before, so am well in the handicap; but since it must, it seems, be done again, come, oh, ye platitudes, ye dull prosaic items with which I overflow, and let me marshal you again for the edification and sorrow of the public.

The Indian boy is not a boy but a man. Think of the significance, the novelty of their discovery. A "C. S. I." has frequently been given for less. For years and years ever since Plassey, when I was young, the misguided Englishman has laboured, I find, under the cardinal error of calling a man a boy, and being no wiser. Can these things be? Tear off the veil and let the hoary boy stand discovered with all his imperfections thick upon him, in the Man. I am amazed, perturbed at the magnitude of the revelation; My thoughts naturally revert to my balloon, to its gas, to the transcendental regions in which it floats. But I refrain.

It is not generally known that the Boy who is a man, saves the Saheb a considerable amount of trouble in daily life. If it had been, where the necessity of several columns in distinguished journals to demonstrate the correctness of the thesis? Hitherto benighted generation after benighted generation has gone darkly to its grave in the firm belief that philanthropic Sahebs do keep and maintain boys solely that the latter may live a life of luxurious ease at master's expense. But the lamp of truth has been kindled at last, and all the unholy crowd of errors fly, twittering their discontent, to climes unillumined by such writers as Bombay can boast.

Great Heavens! What a thing is knowledge, and the wit to serve it up fresh and attractive! And then, too, oh Balloon, to whom I dedicate this revelation from the pure heavens looking down upon this world of error and misconstruction didst thou discover and with loud voice proclaim that in the Hindustani tongue lurks the simple word Bhai, whereof the meaning is brother The spheres shook and reeled, the philologist shed his hair and dimmed his eye in midnight vigil, for was not here the clue, never formerly even suspected, to that pernicious nomenclature? All are men and brothers, even the Governor Saheb Bahadur and humble Makan of Surat. The Babu shrieked applause; the Bhai stole his master's coat, and so, like the King's daughter, all glorious within, disported himself in Bhendy Bazaar till the homely Bhai policeman escorted his prostrate form to the lock-up. Thus through thousand rippling fluxions, as when one casts a stone into a still pool, even unto the outer edge of society spread the glad tidings; till finally its practical efficacy was summarily and for ever destroyed by the unholy and stiff-necked conduct of Jones, who, refusing to accept the new gospel in lieu of his breeches, severely beat Bhai Khudabux in a manner anything but brotherly. The age is not ripe yet, oh ye voices, crying in a wilderness of conservatism, for such revolutionary and unheard-of discoveries!

I cannot sufficiently commiserate the mournful ignorance of all, save myself and another great writer. To think that we alone have discovered the possibility of chits not affording an absolutely trustworthy guide to the character of a boy. To think that we first discovered that boys are various and do adapt their expenditure and their manners to masters' status. To think that we first discovered that a Portuguese is of a bibulous and convivial turn at Xmas. To think that we first discovered that boys are drawn from the religion of Islam; from the ranks of the Hindus; from the world-famed Surat, from Madras, aye, even strangest discovery of all, from Goa! It is only after duly digesting these enormous and startling results that I fully realize in what an age of fools we live. Reach me a hand across the space of anonymity, brother Pioneer of wondrous discoveries; let us exchange a cordial hand clasp to the sense of our own vast knowledge and keen perception. . . . Oh, confusion! Oh, chaos, to find how dull my wit after all! The sparkles are no brighter than ullaged champagne, or than the wit of other great writers whom I fondly reverence. Yet I would fain have been so brilliant over my Commonplace—and now my reputation, oh my reputation, where art thou? I doubt me, if thou restest on this and kindred essays, I am like to be a Grub-street hack to the end of time. So fare thee well, my Bhai.

EE-HAW.

THE BOMBAY HUNT.

(FROM OUR HUNTING CORRESPONDENT.)

THE meet of the Bombay Fox-hounds yesterday morning was at Santa Cruz, and when the master arrived in the brake, which we observed was drawn by a remarkably handsome pair of chesnuts, though driven by a somewhat seedily-dressed coachman, there was a field of about five and twenty sportsmen to greet him. Little time was lost in getting off, and the hounds hit on a line almost as soon as we had crossed the railway. There was a heavy dew and plenty of scent, and they kept the tambourine a rolling to a right good tune over some of the roughest of the Bandora rough country. Then up hill and down dale the Andheri road, and straight away up the Marole valley, without a ghost of a check, until after five and thirty minutes' hard galloping we found ourselves on the Vehar Hills, when we knew that all chance of a kill was over, and some of the wise men thought their horses had had enough, and turned homewards. A dozen or so went on, up the hills, and through the jungle, hearing the hounds now and again, but quite unable to ride with them. And when, at about half-past seven o'clock the master called the hounds off, we were glad to find ourselves close to Vehar Lake, and to give ourselves and our horses a short, but well earned rest.

All out agreed that it was the best run that we have had this season, and were glad of it, as two well-known Poona sportsmen were among the field.

The next meet is at the Rifle Butts at Bandora.

THE INCOME-TAX.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I should be obliged if you would afford space in your columns for a short exposition of the light in which the imposition of fresh taxation for military purposes strikes a large section of non-combatant Anglo-Indian officials.

To a stranger to Indian methods nothing appears more extraordinary than the number of so-called soldiers who are employed in purely civilian duties. In England, France, Germany, &c., soldier is a soldier pure and simple, and, unless retired, his duties and sympathies are exclusively military. In India the soldier may do duty as a policeman, a cadastral surveyor, a checker of public military work accounts, a deputy commissioner or a mint master, but about the last thing he is anxious to perform his duty as a regimental officer. Yet on all sides there is a cry of the grievous under-officering of our native regiments.

Now the Staff Corps and Engineer pay of these civilian soldiers falls heavily on the Indian Exchequer, and to the untutored mind of an ordinary civilian it is difficult to understand why a man who does purely clerical duties at the same office with yourself day after day, and whose sole appearance in the part of a soldier is when he dons a red coat to dine at Government House, should receive pay in his double capacity. No one glancing at the pay sheets of any department employing Staff Corps or Engineer officers and civilian officers can fail to be struck by this anomaly.

Even granting that by giving these soldiers a certain amount of pay the Government retains a lien on their military services, does it for one moment suppose that it obtains a fair exchange for money spent? In England there is a society popularly known as the society for converting bad Jews into worse Christians, and the Government of India must either rank as a gigantic association for the of purpose converting poor officers into worse civilians, or the military profession is different from all other professions in the world, and an absence from all professional practice, instruction, and duties does nothing to impair the value of its members.

Not until the anomaly of a Staff Corps officer spending about 5-7th of his service in purely civilian employment, during which he gradually rises from subaltern to colonel, and then retires on eleven hundred pounds a year, is swept away, will the imposition of fresh taxation for military purposes be overwhelmingly popular with poor men like

CIVIS.

PALITANA HILL AND THE INCOME-TAX.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—We have all heard again and again of the dispute between the Shrawaks or Jains and the Thakur of Palitana respecting the sacred hill of Shatrunjaya. Very few, I daresay, know anything of its merits, or which party is in the right. It, perhaps, got into wrong lines at first, and no one dares to take it off the old lines to put it on better ones that might lead to the forgotten goal of equity. Other and extraneous matters, too, may have got mixed up in the case to obscure the main issue. I need not say what these are. The origin of the payment by the Shrawaks was a donation of a few thousand rupees to the Chief to protect their *sanghs* or pilgrim parties from the lawless robbers of last century. When British power became supreme and peace was insured sixty years ago, the payment might have ceased; but it did not; it was not reduced; it has since, under British administration of equity and justice, been greatly increased, and is now extorted in a very objectionable way. It yields a large revenue to the Chief. It is a cess on the worship of the sect.

Now what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. Our Government is in want of money, and we are to pay an income-tax to raise it. Why not raise a larger amount by doing elsewhere exactly what we authorise the Palitana Chief to do? Let us put on a tax at Trimbak, at Pandarpur, at Gokarn, Jijuri, Chinchwad, at Benares, Rameswar, Dakor, and all the great places of pilgrimage, of Re. 1 each as at Palitana, and Rs. 5 for annual tickets, and we shall soon raise much more than by any income-tax. The cases are quite parallel; the moral principle is the same. Legal quibbling cannot make them differ, though it may paint the one white and the other blue, and confuse the minds of the simple by extraneous issues.

B.

WHERE TO GO DURING THE MONSOON.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I too will, if permitted, endorsed, the opinion of "Lex," that Panchgani is well suited as a residence in the monsoon. I will go further and assert, for the benefit of many who require a thorough setting up such as they suppose cannot be had without leaving the country, that Panchgani stands *par excellence* the recruiting ground of the Presidency. Your correspondent "W." has a grievance Who hasn't? He says, we need a qualified medical officer. From his letter, one must conclude that "W." knows a little, but not much, of Panchgani, from his own experience. It may interest him and those who may be inclined to act on his advice, to know that the medical officer who is in charge now came here with the highest recommendations; and I feel sure that the majority of the residents here would willingly, in some cases gratefully, bear testimony to the patience and skill with which Mr. de Jass has treated the ailments of their children.

E. S. BURGESS,
The High School.

Panchgani, Feb. 20.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your issue of to-day I observe a letter from a correspondent "W.," inquiring which is the most suitable station in the wet weather. I am surprised that "Lex" should have the confidence to recommend Panchgani in preference to Poona, and his doing so makes me believe he has some interest in that hill station. No one for a moment will question the salubrity of Panchgani climate, but in the monsoon it pours heaven's hard here, and outdoor pastimes and enjoyments are out of the question. The delightful English spring climate that Poona is favoured with from the middle of June to October is one of the chief reasons for making it the most fashionable resort of the *elite* of Western India at this time of the year. There are scores of your readers who come here for the rains, and they can testify to the pleasantness and bracing influence of the climate then. Indeed, this fact is so extensively known that the influx of visitors is not from the Presidency only, but from remote stations in Upper India also.

Poona, Feb. 19.

J. H. F.

BOMBAY DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Having been elected president of the committee that has been formed to take over the management of the deaf-mute institution, which was established by Bishop Meurin in this city about two years ago, I, not unnaturally, feel it incumbent upon me in this capacity to employ and exert to the utmost every effort in my power to promote the welfare and success of the institution. I trust, therefore, you will allow me space in your valuable columns to give further publicity to our enterprise, and make a few general observations on deaf-mutes and deaf-mute institutions in other parts of the world.

The majority of your readers, no doubt, are infinitely more competent than I to write upon this important subject, and could unquestionably do more credit to the cause; it is therefore with no slight hesitation and misgiving that I shut my eyes to my shortcomings, and affect the temerity to venture the task before me.

In the days of the ancients and indeed in mediæval times deaf-mutes almost all over the world were treated with the utmost harshness and cruelty, and being regarded as imbeciles and idiots, were not unfrequently—in fact, in many countries were invariably—put to death, at an early age, by drowning or otherwise. Civilization and Christianity, however, having within the past few centuries enlightened the human mind in regard to deaf-mutes, these barbarous ideas and practices have nearly every where gradually died out, till now almost throughout the whole universe, our unfortunate fellow-creatures who are deprived, either at their birth or subsequent thereto, of one or both of the most essential faculties, hearing and speaking, are not only treated most kindly and afforded all the necessaries of life, but in many instances are taught to articulate and comprehend to a perfection, it seems almost incredible, they could attain.

The first deaf and dumb asylum established in the United Kingdom was located at Edinburgh, and next to this, in the year 1792, a second one, owing its origin to the combined exertions of two clergymen, was established at Bermondsey, London, whence eventually it moved to a larger and more commodious building in the Old Kent Road, London, and subsequently started a magnificent branch institution at Margate, which was opened by their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales in the year 1875. At the present time, I understand, there are altogether between forty-five and fifty deaf and dumb institutions in Great Britain and Ireland, whilst on the Continent and in the United States the

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

TELEGRAMS.

THE VICEROY ON THE SITUATION.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)
MANDALAY, FEB. 18.

In returning thanks for the reception accorded to him the Viceroy said:—I would desire to extend my expression of gratitude to all those civil officers who so ably seconded my endeavours to the Chief Commissioners, Mr. Bernard and to Colonel Sladen, to whose courage and knowledge of the people and of the language we are so much indebted for the surrender of the king as well as to the various assistants. This, however, is neither the time nor the occasion for me to particularize individuals. In due courses official reports of all the recent occurrences will be forwarded to the Government who will then have an opportunity of bringing to the notice of their sovereign the names of those who may have specially distinguished themselves. Gentlemen, it only remains for me to hope that the work of pacification under the auspices of the same success as has crowned our military efforts. For some time, indeed, they will still need the support and assistance of the army who have already shown with what patience and energy they can discharge the peculiarly harassing duties imposed upon them. In the meantime, however, there is one announcement I am authorized to make which, I hope, will not be received with displeasure at this table, namely, that her most gracious Majesty the Queen, with the advice of her Ministers, has been pleased to grant a gratuity of Rs. 300,000 to the field force serving in Upper Burma, and their labours have now been increased by the necessity of suppressing dacoity, which is far more disastrous to regular troops than the hardships of open warfare. We were well aware, however, from previous experience that it might take a considerable time, even after the constituted authorities of the country had made their submission, before absolute tranquillity would be restored. It took two years before Lower Burma settled down after the conquest of Pegu. As we all know, from time immemorial dacoity has been the traditional weakness of the Burmese people. Unfortunately, under the weak and defective rule of King Theebaw gang robberies and dacoity became rife from one end of the country to the other, and this unhappy state of things has, of course, been still further stimulated by the disbandonment of his army and the confusion and disturbance in men's minds which war and a sudden change of governments were certain to entail. But I am glad to learn on all hands that district after district under the supervision of our British officers is being reclaimed from the reign of terror by which it was dominated. Above all things I rejoice to see that there is not the slightest sign of anything approaching to a partizan warfare against ourselves, and that whenever a collision takes place between our troops and any native combabants it is not that the English posts have been attacked, but that our soldiers have succeeded in overtaking various bands of marauders acting without concert who have been burning and pillaging harmless and unprotected villages. These excesses the Government of her Majesty has determined shall be terminated at evey risk and cost.

RECONSTRUCTION OF THE BURMA COMMAND.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)
MANDALAY, JAN. 17.

General Prendergast and Head-quarters will be at Rangoon, and the executive duties extended northwards to a line including Membo and Yemethen.

The Head-quarters Staff is as follows:—Colonel Protheroe, Deputy Quartermaster-General Major Blundell, Assistant Quartermaster-General; Captain Sounders, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General; Colonel Carey, Commanding Artillery; Captain Wynell Mayow, Adjutant, R.A.; Captain Dorward, Commanding P.E. with the local rank, Lieutenant-Colonel; Colonel G. Briggs, Deputy Judge Advocate-General: Major E. C. Browne, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry. Deputy Surgeon-General Donnelly will have the local rank of Surgeon-General and be the principal medical officer; Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Langhton, Assistant Commissary-General, with the local rank of Commissay-General, will be the principal Commissariat officer; Major R. H. Hall, Assistant Commissary-General, Director of Transport.

1ST BRIGADE.—Head-quarters at Mandalay and to include civil districts of Shwaybo, upper and lower Chindwin, Sagaing, Mandalay, Ava, Myingan, Brigadier-General G. S. White, Commanding.

SECOND BRIGADE.—Head-quarters at Bhamo to include the districts of Bhamo and Myadoung and Moogoung when established. Brigadier-General F. Norman will be commanding.

Colonels Bengough and Auchinleck, Lieutenant-Colonels Beebie and Hooper, Major Symond, and Lieutenant Burrows rejoin their regiments at Thayetmyo Fort. The armament to be handed over to the Commissary of Ordnance, Rangoon.

THE VICEROY'S MOVEMENTS.

The ceremonial State departure of the Viceroy from Mandalay is to be similar to his State entry. He goes on board on Thursday, the 17th, evening, and leaves the next morning under a Royal Salute at 3 p.m.

On Thursday the Viceroy returned to the Burmese Archbishop certain gaudamas, highly prized relics, which had been asked for at an interview with the Apoongyies on 16th.

Lady Dufferin on the 16th received the wives and daughters of the Burmese ministers and the principal Burmese ladies of Mandalay.

THE DACOIT MOVEMENT IN LOWER BURMAH.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, FEB. 20.

The Burman magistrate at Kyoukkee in the Shwegyeen district has been suspended for leaving his post unnecessarily. A Burman inspector of police has been appointed to officiate for him temporarily.

Three Phoongi leaders of the late Shan risings have been accounted for by the Karens and the Papoon police. The heads of two have been sent to Moulmein in spirits for identification. The third is lying wounded in a Karen village near the Kolido frontier.

The rebels in the Salween district are reported to be utterly disorganised and to be flying in all directions. A Burman inspector of police has distinguished himself in the Salween district. His party has killed a leader for whom a reward of 5,000 rupees has been offered for several weeks.

Whilst the prospects of peace and tranquillity have been speedily restored in the Salween and Shwegyeen districts, an unexpected disturbance has broken out in the Maoobin district near Rangoon. A band of 100 men attacked the police thanah, killing the sergeant and two constables, wounding others, and plundering and burning one village. Assistance has been sent from Rangoon in a steam-launch.

News has come from Thayetmyo of an attack by Toungdwingyee rebels on 60 sepoys of the 26th Madras Infantry under Lieutenant Dabbie. The sepoys fought splendidly, utterly routing their assailants, killing 12 and wounding 30. Our loss was one sepoy killed and six wounded.

Captain Parrott, Deputy Commissioner of Hanthawaddy, with the police, has managed to break up two gangs of dacoits, killing several and recovering a large amount of property. Many of the men belong to the Maoobin district, which seems now in an exceptionally disturbed state.

GROUNDING OF THE VICEROY'S STEAMER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, FEB. 21.

Owing to the Viceroy's steamer grounding on the way down from Mandalay, his arrival, which was expected here this evening, has been postponed until to-morrow, consequently all arrangements are postponed a day later, and his departure for Calcutta is fixed for Thursday. He has reached Minhalla.

EXPECTED ARRIVAL OF GENERAL PRENDERGAST.

General Prendergast is expected at Rangoon on the 1st proximo, when he assumes command of all Burma, with Army Corps and two Brigadier-Generals under him.

GENERAL GIB'S.

General Gib, now Commanding British Burma Division, leaves for Madras about 10th proximo.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LONDON, FEB. 19.

In the House of Commons this evening, Sir U. Kay-Shuttleworth, the Under-Secretary for India, in reply to a question, said that Her Majesty's Government intends to propose a joint Committee of both Houses to inquire into the working of the Government of India Act of 1858.

STATE AID TO EMIGRATION.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

Lord Granville, in receiving a deputation which waited on him yesterday, said that he was in favour of State aid to the emigration of workmen to the Colonies, and he hoped for the creation of an Emigration Department.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Leonard H. Courtney has been elected Chairman of Committees.

SIR CHARLES DILKE AND HIS CONSTITUENTS.

A large meeting of the Chelsea Liberal Committee was held yesterday, at which a vote of confidence was adopted in Sir Charles Dilke after he had furnished explanations denying his culpability in the Crawford-Dilke divorce case.

THE DEMONSTRATION AGAINST GREECE.

The different squadrons which have been assembling at Suda Bay are now complete. France alone has declined to participate in the demonstration against Greece.

THE EGYPTIAN QUESTION.

CAIRO, FEB. 19.

In a memorandum addressed by Ahmed Mouktar Pacha to the Khedive and Sir H. Drummond Wolff, he strongly urges the re-occupation of Dongola as a strategic necessity, and also a Mussalman military organization of the Egyptian army with native officers.

H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh has left for Malta to take the command of the Mediterranean Squadron.

It is believed at Athens that Greece will eventually yield to the mandate of the Great Powers.

HINDOO SOCIAL REFORM.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)
BENARES CITY, FEB. 20.

A conference of representative Hindoo gentlemen met at Allahabad yesterday. And after hearing Mr. Malabari, the conference strongly condemned infant marriage, and formed an influential committee to discourage the custom, accepting, like other cities, the proposal even for Government aid to strengthen private effort and facilitate progress. Keen interest was manifested.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, FEB. 19.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Forbes arrived here from Bombay this morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ronald arrived here from Bombay this morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ogilvie arrived here from Bombay this morning.

ADEN, FEB. 19.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lalpoora, outward bound for Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast, left here yesterday evening.

ADEN, FEB. 21.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s steamer Posesdon from Trieste, left here for Bombay yesterday afternoon.

ZANAZIBAR, FEB. 20.

His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar's s. s. Swordsman left for Calcutta direct to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 19.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats quiet.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 1-16
The Manchester market has been firm.	
Exchange on India 60 days' sight	1/6
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	73½
4½ " "	75½
3 " Consols for account	101⅛
3½ " Sterling Loan	101⅝
4½ " French Rentes	110
Bar Silver	46d

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total week's sales of Cotton	48,000	bales.
" " " Surats	2,000	"
" " Imports of Cotton	91,000	"
" " " Surats	4,000	"
" Stock of Cotton	674,000	"
" " Surats	27,000	"
" " Estimated	14,250	"
" Stock of Cotton in London	21,000	"

THE Hon. J. B. Peile presided at the distribution prizes on Saturday afternoon to the deserving pupils of the Scottish Orphanage at Mahim. The committee of management submitted a most encouraging report of the state of the institution, and the chairman in his address expressed great gratification at the good which the orphanage has been doing to boys and girls who came there in a peculiarly helpless position, as being in a land of strangers who could not be naturally expected to view them with any wide or active sympathy. The committee had not only to provide for these pupils a suitable education, but had also to find some means of livelihood for them after their school course was over. Dwelling upon the importance of technical education, Mr. Peile hoped that some means might soon be provided for those who wished to be engaged in various industries. He believed that with the extension of railways, and with mills and other industries springing up in every direction, there would soon be an extended field of employment for skilled hands. On the motion of the Hon. Forbes Adam, a hearty vote of thanks was passed to Mr. Peile at the conclusion of the proceedings. Mr. Adam, while regretting that illness had prevented H. E. Lord Reay from attending the meeting, expressed his pleasure that the committee had obtained Mr. Peile as his substitute.

WE publish elsewhere extracts from a long and elaborate judgment, delivered last week at the High Court by Mr. Justice Jardine, in the case of the Empress vs. Revabai and others. The case for the prosecution against the first defendant, the wife of the complainant, rested on confessions alleged to have been made by her to the police, but which their Lordships, Mr. Justice Birdwood and Mr. Justice Jardine, before whom the case was argued, considered to be unreliable. The judgment is of considerable importance to, and well worth the study of, Magistrates and Sessions Judges, as it expounds clearly and comprehensively the law regarding the duties of judicial officers in dealing with confessions made by prisoners to the police.

THE Sir Desai of Sawant Wadi left Bombay for his own State on Saturday.

THE buoy at the entrance of the Malwan Harbour, known as Johnstone Castle Buoy, sank at about 2 p.m. on the 11th instant, owing probably to its having sprung a leak. Arrangements will be made as soon as possible for replacing it.

SIR COMER PETHERAM, Chief Justice of the North-West, has been offered the Chief Justiceship of Fort William.

MR. JAMES, lately Officiating Postmaster-General, shortly takes leave, which he intends to spend in travelling in China. Working from eastward, he may perhaps meet Mr. Carey, who has penetrated Western China from the Kashgar direction.

IT has been decided to employ a certain number of covenanted Civilians in administering Upper Burma. No further reduction in the number of troops garrisoning the country is likely to be made until next cold weather.

DR. LEITNER, on return from leave, does not immediately resume his duties in the Government College; but will be posted to special duty, in connection, it is understood, with the Dards.

THE French and Russian officers will be accompanied on their tour through Northern India, the former by Captain C. S. Wheler, 6th Bengal Cavalry, and the latter by Colonel J. Upperton, C.B.

MAJOR A. G. BEGBIE acts as Accountant-General of Public Works during Colonel Filgate's absence.

MR. J. B. LYALL, Resident in Mysore, has been granted an extension of furlough for four months.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL H. C. WARD, while employed on special duty, is to have the official designation of Special Commissioner for the Repression of Dacoity in the Narbada Division.

THE following officers have been posted for special duty in Upper Burmah:—Mr. A. R. Colquhoun is appointed Civil Officer at Sagaing, Mr. S. H. T. de la Courneuve as Civil Officer at Yamethin, and Mr. D. J. Campbell as Civil Officer at Kyaukse.

IT is settled that the formal installation of His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir will take place early in April.

THE Budget, according to present arrangements, will be published on March 19th. The Viceroy will probably remain in Calcutta till the end of March, and then pay a visit to the Punjab, eventually reaching Simla during the last week in April.

THE Commander-in-Chief, as previously intimated, will not return to Calcutta this season, but after visiting Madras and meeting Lady Roberts at Bombay, will proceed to Umballa, and thence start direct on his Peshin tour.

THE reorganisation of the Army Veterinary Department in India, sanctioned last summer, seems likely to be delayed by those financial difficulties which are now weighing so heavily upon the Imperial Government and re-acting upon all local administrations. It was intended to form a Civil Veterinary Department, and to assign a certain number of officers to the local Governments for purely non-military work, but an up-country paper says it is doubtful if those Governments will now be able to find the money required to carry this part of the scheme into operation. The Government of India proposed, too, to reduce their military veterinary establishment, and to send all surplus officers back to England forthwith, but the home authorities have vetoed the latter half of this proposal, and ordered that such officers are to be retained in India and gradually absorbed.

MADRAS will shortly be provided with a very cheap febrifuge of fluid extract of cinchona, prepared under Government orders. Previous experiments in several hospitals have given successful results, and the Government has now issued an order for its distribution to hospitals and dispensaries in which it will prove useful. It is also for the present to be offered for sale at a cost price which is only 2½ annas for a 1-oz. phial containing eight doses, or 7½ annas for a 4-oz. phial containing 32 doses. The attention of presidents of district boards and chairmen of the municipalities is to be called to the fact of their thus being able to procure a cheap and efficient febrifuge.

THERE will be many changes, permanent and otherwise, in the Calcutta High Court during the next few months. The Chief Justice retires almost immediately, and Mr. McDonell also bids farewell to India about the 1st of May. Mr. Tottenham goes on leave on March 1st, and Mr. Field and Mr Pigott follow a few weeks later; while Mr. Cunningham about the same time takes up his special duties on the Finance Committee. No news has yet been received from the Secretary of State regarding Sir Richard Garth's successor, but Mr. J. P Grant will, we believe, get one of the officiating appointments when Mr. Tottenham and Mr. Field go. Mr. Cunningham's place may be filled by Mr. Hart, the Small Cause Court Judge of Bombay, who was appointed to act last year before Mr. Cunningham called his leave. The decision in filling the vacancies that will occur when Mr, Pigott goes on leave and Mr. McDonell retires will be deferred until the Government of India are in a position to say whether it is necessary to maintain the staff of the High Court at its existing strength. When the Secretary of State sanctioned the appointment of the three additional Judges, the arrangement was that the Judges were to be permanent, but the increase to the Bench was not—or, in other words, that whenever vacancies occurred the question of filling them up was to be considered on its merits.

THE *Pioneer* says:—The coming hot weather season is likely to witness further efforts on the part of the Government of India to carry out the army reorganization scheme, with special reference to the Presidency commands. The matter must of course come before Parliament, and if the Liberal Government see their way to introduce the measure, the Conservatives will offer no opposition. The command of the Punjab Army Corps may be destined for the Duke of Connaught, who would scarcely return to India merely to take up another Divisional command.

So far the Anglo-Indian members of Parliament have not distinguished themselves. Of Sir Richard Temple the *World* is unkind enough to say:—"Sir Richard Temple was a signal disappointment to the House and his party. He came into Parliament with a great name, but the House will probably be the grave of his, as it has been of so many Indian reputations. His voice is poor and thin, and his style rugged and involved. It is what is popularly known as the 'Indian mumble' style. An idea is elaborated through sentence after sentence till it has lost all its force. Sir G. Campbell is the greatest master of this style, and the moment he rises a shudder passes over the House and the benches empty with extreme rapidity. Unless Sir Richard Temple mends his ways he will make another Sir G. Campbell, for no information and abilities can make the House listen to speeches dry and diffuse in style and barren of ideas. When the hon'ble member sat down a whisper of another 'Indian failure,' ran along the benches." The London correspondent of an up-country paper, however, says that the writer of these lines rather overdraws the picture. SirRichard Temple was not quite so unsuccessful as he seeks to make out. The hon'ble baronet has been a president of the Social Science Association, and that is against him. If members have a wholesome dread of anything it is social science.

THE latest news of the Sind Boundary Commission is that Colonel Plowden, C.I.E., was suffering from slight indisposition, the other members of the party being in excellent health. The Commission left for Shahdadpoor on the 9th instant, and are cautiously approaching the disputed frontier.

THIS is what the *Pall Mall Gazette* says about the Mandalay scandals:—"The slaves who were butchered to make a Roman holiday" had a dignified and enviable fate compared with the wretched Burmans who are caught tripping by our enlightened forces on the Irrawaddy. "Tortured to make a Provost-Marshal's 'photograph" must be their epitaph. Who, we would ask, is responsible for the revolting infamy? Who is this "ardent amateur" of photography and torture; How long are his detestable "experiments" in the presence of a "crowd of mixed nationalities" to make the names of Englishman and soldier synonymous with cold-blooded butchery? Is it for this that we raved about the atrocities of King Theebaw, and piously declared that his cruelties were so rank in our nostrils that for very shame we were compelled to dethrone him and seize his kingdom—to replace the frank and natural brutality of a savage by the refined tortures inflicted at the cool leisure of a civilized and photographing Provost-Marshal? Are we really a nation of hypocrites, after all, as every Frenchman believes? Such things as these seem to show it.

GENERAL WARNET, who will assume command of the French forces in Tonquin and Annam after the departure of General de Courcy, will have to arrange for the reduction of the French army of occupation to 10,000 men. 12,000 French soldiers are to be taken back to France. The first of those who are to return home will leave Tonquin this month.

IT is a curious coincidence that Prince Bismarck should just now have to deal with a difficulty in Poland precisely similar to that which the British Government have to face in Ireland. The other day the German Chancellor propounded to the German Parliament a scheme for dealing with the Polish difficulty exactly on all fours with Mr. Parnell's proposals in regard to Ireland. He has announced his intention of allowing the State to buy up the estates of the Polish landlords and distribute the same to Germans "who pledge themselves to remain German and, above all things, marry German wives." These German tenants would, in course of time, become absolute masters of the soil. The only difference between Prince Bismarck's scheme and that of Mr. Parnell is, that the former wishes to get rid of the natives and replace them by aliens, while Mr. Parnell seeks to get rid of the so-called "aliens" and replace them by natives.

THE annual report to the shareholders of the Mysore Gold Mining Company was issued in London on Tuesday morning. It was not considered wholly satisfactory by the Mining Market, and the shares, which had been quoted £7-2-6 on Monday, dropped to £6-12-6 in the course of Tuesday, while Ooregums in sympathy dropped from £1-15-9 to £1-11. Yesterday, however, there was a better feeling, and business was done in Mysore at £6-15, and in Ooregums and Nundydroogs at £1-13. It will be observed from his latest weekly report, bearing date the 29th December, that Mr. Plummer continues to say that the ground he is working upon assays from 2 to almost 6 ounces of gold per ton. He mentions having come upon "an exceedingly fine piece of orey ground."

"BRIJ RAJ" the giant elephant is dead. He was reputed to be the largest elephant in India, and when the controversy over the existence of 11-foot elephants ran high, Mr. G. P. Sanderson took the trouble of going all the way to Nahun to measure him, knowing that a bigger could not be found. Our Indian *Jumbo* did not indeed come up to the impossible standard of 11 feet, but he was found to measure 10 feet 6½ inches, and that was a height about which many elephant fanciers were previously incredulous. Nor was he only [illegible]; an up-country paper, in affectionately recording his demise, says he was a Koomeriah or Brahman among elephants, his manners being as noble as his shapely bulk. A monument erected by his sorrowing owner, the Raja of Sirmoor, will record his greatness and premature death.

MILITARY NEWS.

MAJOR-GENERAL J. MARQUIS, of the Bengal Staff Corps, who served with the Loyal Poorbeahs for over twenty years, commanding the regiment for the last ten, will succumb to the 62 years' age clause on the 5th of March. He came into his allowances in February, 1879, and was promoted to be a Major-General on the 1st of July 1882. General Marquis joined the service in 1841. He saw active service in the following year in Bundelkund, his next campaign being the Panjab one of 1848-49. In 1852 he was with the expedition sent against the Hussanzais, and later on was present at the siege and capture of Delhi. His last war service was in the Bhutan Expedition of 1865.

THE cancelment of the promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. C. Datton, and reversion to Major in order to continue on the Staff, at the same time remaining in his regiment, is a novelty which, no doubt, Major D. Grant, who will succeed to the vacancy, fully appreciates. But if this sort of arrangement becomes common, it will lead to complications. Possibly, however, it is not to be considered a precedent. Interest, it will be seen, still holds its own. Major, late Lieutenant-Colonel, Dutton was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General in Guernsey, in succession to Colonel Jerome, V.C., of the old 62nd, and on his promotion was, in accordance with the Royal Warrant, called upon to rejoin his regiment or go on half-pay. He objected, apparently, to do either, and managed to get his promotion cancelled, thereby being able to hold his appointment, at any rate until the 1st July 1887, when the next vacancy occurs. Whether he will refuse again remains to be seen. If he does he will complete seven years as a Major, and be placed on half-pay on the 1st of July 1888. During the time Major Dutton served in India he was lucky as regards obtaining employment on the Staff, and has evidently a liking for it, but whether it is right to allow him to play with the service in this manner is open to question.

THE VOLUNTEER BRIGADE PARADE.

THE brigade parade, which was arranged sometime since between the three Volunteer Corps in Bombay, namely, the Bombay Volunteers, the G. I. P. Railway, and the B. B. and C. I. Railway, took place on Saturday evening on the maidan in front of the Gymkhana. As was anticipated, the attendance of the men was very large, there being upwards of eight hundred of all ranks present. This large turn-out, coupled with the soldier like manner in which the various manœuvres were performed, must have been particularly gratifying to the officers who had taken the trouble to organise the parade. It is not often that our civilian soldiers have an opportunity of coming into contact with each other in this manner, and if such parades were to take place three or four times during each season, it would greatly conduce to the maintenance of the *esprit de corps*. Lieutenant-Colonel S. Jackson, C.I.E., of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteers, as the Commandant of the oldest Volunteer Corps in Bombay—that Corps, it may be mentioned, having been formed some twelve years since—commanded the brigade. There was a large concourse of spectators, among whom were Lady Reay and General C. T. Heathcote, C. B., Commanding the Bombay District. The scene presented by so large a body of volunteers was both imposing and pleasing, and the final march past was a spectacle worth witnessing. A large number of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers had specially come down from up-country to take part in the parade. The officers of the Bombay Volunteers present on parade were Lieut.-Colonel the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Majors Wyer and Hore, Captains Baird, Brown, Forbes, Roughton, and Freeborn; and Lieutenants Brewin, Savage, English, Jeffries, Place, Lund, and Nicholson, and Quartermaster Soundy.—The following was the parade state of the Bombay Volunteers:—

	Field Officers.	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Sergeants.	Buglers.	Rank and File.	Total.
A Co.	0	1	2	4	1	34	= 42
B "	0	1	2	2	1	27	= 33
C "	0	1	2	3	2	30	= 38
D "	0	0	1	4	0	36	= 41
E "	0	1	1	4	0	46	= 52
F "	0	1	0	3	0	26	= 30
J. Cadets	0	0	0	4	1	43	= 48
K. "	0	0	0	4	0	32	= 36
M. "	0	0	0	4	0	30	= 34
N. "	0	0	0	3	0	26	= 29
Staff and Band	3	0	1	4	0	26	= 34
Drums and Fife-Band	0	0	0	3	0	17	= 20
Army Staff	0	1	0	1	0	5	= 7
Total	3	6	9	43	5	378	= 444

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of affairs of the Bank of Bengal, for the week ending 16th February as compared with that for the 9th February:—

LIABILITIES.	February 9. Rs.	A.	P.	February 16. Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid-up	2,00,00,000	0	0	20,00,00,00	0	0
Reserve Fund	41,56,764	15	0	41,56,764	15	0
Treasury Balance	1,92,23,301	4	10	2,22,21,711	14	7
Other Deposits	3,63,73,318	9	2	3,40,71,325	13	10
Bank Post Bills, &c.	5,81,734	2	11	4,47,465	4	6
Sundries	12,99,548	3	4	13,14,249	8	0
Rs.	8,17,39,870	3	3	8,22,14,397	6	11

ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities	59,22,511	4	0	60,54,613	8	0
Other authorized Investments	44,86,99[illegible]	8	0	55,15,210	0	0
Loans on Govt. and other authorized Securities	91,94,878	11	5	94,10,348	10	5
Credits on do.	28,78,191	6	0	38,55,237	2	9
Bills discounted	2,12,13,896	12	1	1,93,91,483	10	10
Balances with other Banks	6,35,222	3	0	7,14,789	10	3
Bullion	2,565	9	10	1,709	2	3
Dead Stock	11,36,899	4	11	11,32,891	13	10
Stamps	9,011	5	6	9,955	0	6
Sundries	8,61,705	5	7	8,67,184	3	4
Cash at Head Office	95,79,147	4	4	1,10,64,171	6	6
Do. at Branches	1,88,18,718	13	0	1,81,97,502	22	3
Rs.	8,17,39,870	3	3	8,22,14,397	6	11

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

THERE was only one match arranged for Saturday's regatta. The other rowing matches, which had been included in the futures for that day, were postponed to Tuesday, which will give an extra day's sport. It was anything but consoling to those who took part in the Consolation Handicap to see the very little interest which was manifested by the non-attendance of spectators. The Club was deserted, and only a few natives were scattered about the pier waiting for the gun from the May Frere to watch the start. There was a very slight breeze from the north-west, and as the report from the May Frere was heard, the little fleet slowly sailed away. As was expected the match lay between the Sea Queen and Cinderella, and it resulted in the former sailing in the winner 15 minutes before the latter.

The time was kept by a chronograph of Messrs. Lund and Blockley, the watchmakers.

SAILING MATCH.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP.—For all vessels which have competed in this year's racing, but have not won a prize during the Regatta. Entrance, Rs. 10. 1st prize, entrance money and one hundred rupees added; 2nd prize, Rs. 30. To start at 1-30 p. m. Once round the course.

Y's name	Rig	Entered by	
Sea Queen	Lateen	Capt H Morland	1
Cinderella	"	F J Mitchell	2
Fairie	"	Capt H Morland	0
La Macotte	"	H Gill	0
Waterwitch	Cutter	John Macfarlane	0

STARTED 1-39 P.M.

TIME.—Sea Queen 3h. 53m. 35s., Cinderella 4h. 5m. 40s., La Mascotte 4h. 29m., Fairie 4h. 42m., Waterwitch 4h. 50m.

TIME ALLOWANCES.—Sea Queen allowed La Mascotte 19m., Fairie 33m., Waterwich 35m. Cinderella allowed Sea Queen 7m., La Mascotte 26m., Fairie 40m., and Waterwitch 42m. La Mascotte allowed Fairie 14m., and the Waterwitch 16m. and Fairie allowed Waterwitch 2m.

WE are asked to state that the Silver Cup presented by T. C. Glover, Esq., as a prize to be competed for at this year's Royal Bombay Yacht Club Regatta, will be sailed for by the yachts of the Club on Tuesday next; the final race of the day will be a pulling race for yacht's boats. There will be a ladies luncheon on the occasion, and a steamer will be at the disposal of those members and their guests who may wish to witness the race. The band of the East Yorkshire Regiment will play during the afternoon, and the ball-room will be available for dancing from 5 to 7 p. m.

GYMKHANA SKY RACES.

THE first day of this meeting proved very successful, as will be seen from the results appended. There was an unusually large attendance, the aquatic attractions at the other end of the city little affecting the gathering for the races at Mahaluxmi, on Saturday.

FIRST RACE.—"The Gymkhana Pony Steeplechase."—Distance about two miles.

Mr Maurice's g a'p Shipwreck, 11st 10lbs, Mr Pease..... 1
Mrs Wilkin's g o b g Snowball, 10st 4lbs, Mr Buchanan 2

No betting.

Shipwreck led out from the start, but a half mile from home seemed for a short time in danger of being overhauled by Snowball. The spurt, however, was ineffectual, as Shipwreck soon went ahead again and won easily.

SECOND RACE.—"One Mile Selling Race for Arabs."—Rs. 150. Entrance, Rs. 20. Horses entered for Rs. 1,000 to carry 9st. 7 lbs. 4 lbs. allowance for each Rs. 100 below this.

Mr Abdool Rahman's c a g Little Wonder, 8st 9 lbs, Oomer	1
H H Aga Khan s g a g Nineveh, 9st 3 lb, Wool	2
Mr Walter's b a h Mustophi, 8st 9 lbs, Native	3
Mr Derwent's b a g Echo, 8st 5 lb., Native	0

Time—1 min. 54 secs.

BETTING.—6 to 4 on Little Wonder, 5 to 2 against Nineveh; and 12 to 1 against Mustophi and Echo.

At the start Mustophi and Nineveh took the lead, but held it only for a short distance when they were passed by Little Wonder, and Mustophi fell behind, and Nineveh ran well with the favourite all the way to the post. Little Wonder won by a length. Echo was never in the race.

THIRD RACE.—"The Bombay Gymkhana Cup."—Distance three-quarter mile.

Mr Wilmott's b a p Chorister, 10st 7lbs, Capt Conran	1
Mr Walter's c a p Zephyr, 11st, Mr Pease	2
H H Aga Jungo S ah's br a p Saghy, 11st 9lb, Wool	3
Mr Baumann's g a p Milky Way, 9st 11b, Mr Maurice	0
Mr Sedley's c a p Costermonger, 11st, Mr Gaye	0
Mr S A Wagg a p Jamaica, 10st 7lb, Native	0
Mr Walter's g a p Eclipse, 10st 7lb, Mr Cecil	0
Mr Edward's c a p Not Much, 11st, Owner	0
Mr Vaughan's c a p Hastings, 10st 3lb, Mr Buchanan	0

Time—1 min. 24½ sec.

BETTING.—2 to 1 against Chorister and Zephyr; 4 to 1 against Saghy; 20 to 1 against Eclipse, Costermonger, Not Much, and Hastings; and 30 to 1 against Jamaica and Milky Way.

After several false starts the field was got off fairly well, but before going very far Chorister and Zephyr drew away from the others and gradually increased their distance between them and the others. A well contested race between the pair ensued, and on turning the corner into the straight Zephyr, who was some two lengths behind Chorister, tried hard to lesson the distance between them, but he only succeeded in getting within three-quarters of a length of the winner. Of the other horses Saghy ran well, but was several lengths behind the others at the finish.

FOURTH RACE.—"The Ladies' Bracelet."—Distance half mile.

Mrs Anderson nom Mr Baumann's b ch m Gaylass, 11st 7lbs, Captain Conran	1
Miss A Barnettnom Mr Walter's b a h Ascel, 11st, Mr Maurice	2
Mr Watson nom Littleton's b a h Redwine late Lord Ripon, 11st, Mr Gaye	3
Mrs Cassels nom N S. Symon's b a h Foxhilloon, 11st, Traill	0
Miss Gibson nom Mr George's c a g Khamgaum, 10st 7lbs, Cecil	0
Madame Monod nom Mr Wood's b a g Balfour, 10st 7lbs, Buchanan	0

Time—56 secs.

Betting.—Even on Gaylass; 4 to 1 against Foraidoon; 8 to 1 against Redwine; 12 to 1 against Ascel; and 20 to 1 against Khamgaum and Balfour.

The lot were got away to a good start. Gaylass and Redwine took a slight lead, with Khamgaum and Ascel next. There was however, not much difference between any of the horses for the first quarter-mile, but soon after covering this distance Gaylass drew ahead, with Redwine second. They kept in this position till turning the corner, when Ascel passed Redwine and ran well up the straight passing the Judge's box a length behind Gaylass. Redwine was a good third.

FIFTH RACE.—"The Gymkhana Polo Stakes."—Distance one quarter mile.

Mr Pease's b ch m Crucifix, 11st	1
Major Beaver's g a p French Grey, 11st, Owner	0
Mr Macdonald's b a p Mac, 11st, Owner	0
Mr Cecil's c ch m Naughty Girl, 11st, Owner	0
Mr Arthur's ro ch p Strawberry Cream, 11st, Buchanan	0
Mr Joseph's b ch g Sindee, 11st, Owner	0
Mr Wallace's bik a p Sweep, 11st	0

BETTING.—5 to 4 against Crucifix; 3 to 1 against French Grey; 4 to 2 against Naughty Girl; 6 to 8 against Sindee; and 20 to 1 against Strawberry Cream and Sweep.

This race was decided in three heats, but as it was getting dark before it came off very little could be seen of it. In the first heat, on nearing home, the race seemed to be between French Grey and Sindee, but soon Crucifix, who was behind, drew up and passed Sindee, and had the race been a few yards further would have won the first heat. He was only a nose behind French Grey at the post. In the second heat Crucifix won, and in the match between the winners of the first and second heats, Crucifix won hands down and with several lengths to spare.

WEDNESDAY, 24th FEB.

HUNT STEEPLECHASE.—Once round the course. About 2 miles. For all horses which have been regularly hunted this season with the Bombay hounds. Horses, if required, to obtain a certificate from the master to this effect. Waler 13 stone. Arabs and c-b's 11 stone. Galloways allowed 7 lbs. Entrance, Rs. 10. Added, Rs. 150. Provided there are 6 starters, Rs. 50 to the second horse.

HUNT PONY STEEPLECHASE.—Once round the course. About 2 miles. For all Arab and c-b ponies which have been regularly hunted this season with the Bombay hounds. Ponies, if required, to obtain a certificate from the master to this effect. 13-2 to carry 11st. 7 lbs. 2 lbs. allowed for every ½ inch under. C. B. allowed 7 lbs. Entrance, Rs. 5. Added, Rs. 101. Provided there are six starters, Rs. 50 to the second pony.

Entries for the above to close at the Bombay Gymkhana on Tuesday, at 12 o'clock. Declarations to start at 5-30 p.m. on Tuesday. Other conditions as s

McLaggan both as a member of Committee and as honorary treasurer, . . . They fully endorse the honorary secretary's remarks as to Mr. McLaggan's zeal and friendship to the Orphanage, and desire to put on record their sense of his valuable services. They hope he will continue to visit the Orphanage as a friend as hitherto, and any suggestions he may have to offer at any time, will meet with every consideration.

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson.—The Society has had difficulty to contend with during the past year in consequence of the illness of Mr. and Mrs. Anderson. Mrs. Anderson was so reduced in strength that her recovery was at one time despaired of, but thanks to an excellent constitution and the skill and attention of Dr. Macdonald, she so far recovered as to undertake the voyage to England in November last. The committee are glad to learn that Mrs. Anderson has arrived at home, and they trust that her health will soon be restored. The committee are under obligations to the owners and agents of the Anchor Co. and British India S. N. Co., for liberal concessions on this and previous occasions for passages for Orphanage teachers and pupils. Mr. Anderson's health broke down from constant watching and anxiety, but a short trip to Kurrachee soon restored him.

Mr. Lenahan, Miss Miller.—The committee were so fortunate as to be able to secure the services of Mr. Lenahan and Miss Rosine Miller during these times of trouble, and the education and superintendence of the children have through their means been carefully attended to throughout the year. Arrangements have been made for Miss Miller's services being retained for a time.

Natural History Society.—The committee desire to record their thanks to Mr. Phipson, of the Natural History Society, for having invited twenty of the children, together with Mr. Anderson and Miss Miller, to the Society's rooms, where, after a graphic lecture on the many interesting and wonderful specimens contained in the rooms, a substantial treat of tea and cakes was provided.

Foreshore.—The Committee are glad to report that the foreshore stood the last monsoon very well.

Sukkur Concert.—The committee desire to acknowledge with many thanks the kindness of friends at Sukkur, who organised a concert in aid of the funds of the Orphanage.

Cadet Corps.—The committee have arranged for the boys to be drilled in connection with the B. B. and C. I. Railway Cadet Corps, and are indebted to Captain Luard and Captain Birdwood for the interest they have taken in the matter.

Gifts to the Orphanage.—The committee have received several bundles of clothes, pots of jam, fruit, &c., which have been most welcome. Two unknown friends, also continue to send periodicals regularly to the school, which are much appreciated by the children. The committee desire to tender their grateful thanks for these gifts.

Choir Singing.—The children form an important addition to the choir services in the St. Andrew's Church and Free Church and Parel Presbyterian Church on Sundays, and the committee are glad to encourage this practice in every way.

Medical Aid.—The committee desire to tender their special thanks to Dr. Sidney Smith and to Dr. Macdonald for the kind and valued attendance upon the inmates of the Orphanage, both teachers and children, during the past year. Their best thanks are due also to another friend who has now left India, for medicines supplied by him gratuitously to the Orphanage for many years.

Concert.—Through the kindness of several ladies and gentlemen, a Grand Evening Concert was given in the Town Hall on Tuesday, the 9th February, in aid of the funds. His Excellency Lord Reay was kind enough to patronize the Concert, which proved a great success, and resulted in the addition of about Rs. 1,200 to the Society's Funds. The committee desire to record their very special thanks to Mrs. Morland, Mrs. Macnaul, Mrs. Hargrave, Miss Schmuck, Mr. Wyer, Mr. Dixon, Mr. Watson, Herr Schmuck, Mr. Mant, and Mr. Johnston, for their most valued assistance.

Conclusion.—Every year the great good the Society has effected and is effecting becomes more apparent, and the committee are most grateful to their many friends both in the Mofussil and Bombay for their contributions. They also desire to thank Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, Miss Miller, Mr. Lenahan, Mrs. Prentice, and all the Orphanage staff for the faithful discharge of their duties.

The chairman made a few remarks upon the extremely satisfactory nature of the report. There was, he said, some falling off in the amount of the subscriptions, but it might be accounted for by the low rate of exchange and such like causes. The chairman was sorry that illness had prevented His Excellency the Governor from attending on that occasion, but he hoped that Lord Reay, who was specially interested in educational matters, would be able to be present next year. They were much indebted to the Hon. Mr. Peile for having kindly consented at very short notice to preside. The chairman then proposed a very special vote of thanks to the Honorary Secretary, Mr. Thomas Lang. He was sorry to say that business was to take away Mr. Lang to China. No words could adequately convey his sense of the zeal, ability, tact, and patience which Mr. Lang had brought to bear upon his work. (Hear, hear.) In losing him they would lose a very valuable friend, but the chairman hoped he would quickly return to assist them again in their work. (Hear. hear and applause.)

The Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood, in moving the adoption of the committee's report, said:—Mr. Chairman, Ladies, and Gentlemen. The resolution which has been entrusted to me is one which, happily, requires no eloquence to commend it to your favourable notice. It is that the report, which has just been read to you, be adopted. That report is a plain, unvarnished narrative of facts; and in that it is so, it will appeal most forcibly to your sympathy and command your approval. It is a record of the past year's work, and it tells you of the successful management of the orphanage; but it is not an unbroken record of prosperity. The tale is one of joy mixed with much sorrow. The picture is a chequered one of light and shadow, and the shadows are both dark and deep. Not only have the committee had cause to deplore the loss of one of the little scholars in this school by the lamentable accident referred to in the report; but they have had to deplore also the loss by death of one of the most prominent of their number, the late Mr. Patrick Chrystal, who was ever a generous and warm-hearted friend of the orphanage. He worked earnestly to promote the welfare of the children; his frequent visits to Mahim were always most welcome to them; for they cordially reciprocated his love and regard. Now that he has passed away, we may truly say that his life was not lived in vain. He was one of the kindest, greatest and truest men that ever lived. It did one good to come in contact with such a man; and it cannot but be that his influence will remain. The example of his noble life will long have an influence on others whose moral, intellectual, and spiritual development he so ardently desired. The committee have had difficulty too in the serious illness of Mrs Anderson. The orphanage has been deprived for a time of her valuable services; but we all hope that she will soon be well enough to come back. It is a fortunate circumstance that Mr. Anderson, who was also for a time laid up with illness, has been able to resume his important duties. Now, notwithstanding the difficulties with which the committee and the teaching staff have had to contend, it is satisfactory that the Educational Inspector has been able to report so favourably on the work of the pupils. His report would have been satisfactory under any circumstances. Under the actual circumstances of our position, you will agree with me that it is most creditable to Mr. Anderson and the teachers and the children that so much success has been achieved. I can now, therefore, confidently ask you to say, by your vote, that you approve of the committee and of the management of the schools during the past year.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Anthony Morrison, and carried unanimously.

It was proposed by Mr. E. Miller, seconded by Mr. James Hutton, and carried unanimously, that the best thanks of the society be given to the committee of 1885 and the office-bearers for their management of the institution, and to their mofussil colleagues for their successful efforts in increasing the funds of the orphanage.

On the motion of the Rev. Mr. Greig, seconded by Mr. Frank Spencer, the following ladies and gentlemen were appointed as committee of management for the year 1886:—

Chairman—The Hon. Mr. F. Forbes Adam; Deputy Chairman—Mr. Edward Miller; Members—Mr. E. H. Aitken, Dr. James Arnott, Mr. Allan Arthur, Mr. W. M. Bell, the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood, Messrs. J. W. Browne, J. McLeod Campbell, E. W. Campbell, Henry Conder, James Douglas, J. M. Drennan, John Fleming, C.S.I., the Rev. John Forgan, Mr. D. B. Gostling, the Rev. T. H. Greig, the Rev. A. C. Grieve, Mr. James Hutton, Mr. W. M. Macaulay, Dr. D. McDonald, Mr. John Macfarlane, Mr. George Manson, Surgeon Major G. A. Maconachie, Mr. R. McEwen, Mr. A. McKenzie, Mr. Anthony Morrison, Mr. George Oliver, Mr. P. Pearson, Mr. W. Richardson, Dr. Sidney Smith, Mr. F. A. Spencer, Dr. T. S. Weir, and Mr. M. R. Wyer.

Ladies' Committee—Mrs. Forbes Adam, Mrs. Aitken, Mrs. Arnott, Mrs. Bapty, Mrs. Birdwood, Mrs. Forgan, Mrs. Greig, Mrs. McKenzie, Mrs. Macfarlane, Mrs. Maconachie, Mrs. Manson, Mrs. McLeod Campbell, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. MacDonald, Mrs. Pearson, Mrs. Spencer, and Mrs. Wyer.

Superintendent at the Orphanage, Mahim—Mr. John Anderson.

Lady Superintendent—Mrs. Anderson.

Honorary Secretary—Mr. Thomas Lang.

A vote of thanks was tendered to the chairman on the motion of Mr. P. Pearson, seconded by Mr. G. Manson.

After the arrival of the Hon. Mr. Peile the proceedings was opened with prayer by Rev. F. H. Greig.

The distribution of prizes was preceded by a programme of music, which was gone through by the pupils in a manner bearing ample testimony to the care with which they had received their training. Several Scotch songs were sung in excellent style—"Kate Dalrymple" perhaps being best. Mr. George Watson conducted, and Mr. Hardie presided at the pianoforte. The prizes having been awarded

The Hon. J. B. Peile, who was received with cheers, rose and said that when about a year ago their good friend, Sir James Fergusson, addressed them for the last time in that room, he made the encouraging remark that Scotland was to send them another man to succeed him as Governor of Bombay, who would no doubt prove a kind friend of the institution. He (Mr. Peile) believed that Lord Reay was fully prepared to take that interest which Sir James Fergusson always felt in the institution, which was called after the land of his ancestors. (Hear, hear.) Unfortunately, on the present occasion, Lord Reay was not able to take the chair at that meeting, and consequently Mr. Peile said he had to offer himself to them as his substitute. (Loud Applause.) He regretted the unavoidable absence of His Excellency, but at the same time he was glad of the opportunity which was afforded to him of visiting the institution and offering his humble testimony that the high estimation in which the institution was held by Sir James Fergusson was well deserved. (Hear, hear.) He observed in many passages of the report signs of the friendly and beneficial relations existing between the Government and this school. He found there mention of the works on the foreshore on which Government had spent a large sum of money last year, and which protected them from the incursions of the sea during the monsoon. In the report there was also mention of a sanitarium at Matheran which Government had enabled them to acquire on what he hoped they would consider favourable terms. He had no doubt the sanitarium would prove a great boon to the boys and girls and to their teachers in the hot months of summer. The report also mentioned a grant of Rs. 100 per month by Government, during the past year, for the maintenance of poor children. He looked upon it with particular satisfaction, as he had called the attention of the managers to that grant about this time a year ago. He was glad to see the institution had been doing very good work. He could well understand that one of the greatest cares of the charitable ladies and gentlemen who supported the institution was—what should be done with the boys and girls after their school course was over? (Hear, hear.) School boys and girls in the ordinary course returned to their natural protectors at the end of their school education. But the managers of this institution were called upon to undertake a double duty for boys who came under their care in a peculiarly helpless position in a land of strangers, who could not be naturally expected to view them with any wide or positive sympathy. The managers had not only to provide for them a sound and suitable education in school, which was not a very difficult a matter, but they had also to find some means of obtaining a livelihood for them, afterwards in some suitable employment in India. At present it was very difficult to provide technical instruction in any trades or industries after the school course was over. In Paris and other cities on the continent of Europe, the artisans, and those who were engaged in industries of any kind, found special facilities for prosecuting their education. There were evening schools and classes where lectures were delivered on scientific and other subjects necessary to be acquired by those who were engaged in different industries. They must, of course, expect an Asiatic country to be very much behind countries in Europe in this respect; but he would not, at the same time, take a desponding view of the subject. With the railways extending, and mills and industries springing up in every direction, there must soon be an extended field of employment for skilled hands and clever heads. The present development of manufactures was naturally turning people's thoughts towards providing means for technical education, and he, therefore, hoped that in time, at any rate in the city of Bombay, there would be some better means for this sort of education than the Apprentices' Home, useful as it was, of the Byculla Education Society. (Hear, hear.) But in the meantime, he did not think they could do better than increase the Apprentice Fund, so that the boys of this school might be able to take the benefit of any means of technical education or industrial employment which might be forthcoming. He thought so much of this fund that he would be happy to put down his name for a subscription to it before he left the room, and he hoped many others would do the same. (Hear, hear, and applause.) He had nothing further to say, except to hope that when those boys and girls grew up to manhood and womanhood, they would requite the care and thought bestowed upon them at that institution by proving themselves worthy of that noble old country whose sons have always been the most forward pioneers of conquest and civilization, who were distinguished for their diligence and shrewdness, and who were always most successful in struggling with the difficulties of practical life. (Loud applause.)

The Hon. F. Forbes Adam, in proposing a vote of thanks to Mr. Peile, said he was sure they all very much regretted the cause which had deprived them of the presence of H. E. the Governor. But they had been most fortunate in obtaining Mr. Peile as his substitute. (Applause.) For it was particularly kind of Mr. Peile to come that afternoon, although he had received a very short notice. He had, therefore, very great pleasure in tendering him their very sincere thanks. (Applause.) Mr. Peile had been particularly cautious in his reference to what the Government had done for the institution, and Mr. Adam expressed his hope, which he was sure would be heartily endorsed by all present, that the relations of the orphanage with Government might continue in future to be as pleasant as they had been in past years. (Applause.)

The motion having been seconded by Mr. Miller, was cordially carried.

Three cheers were given by the pupils for Hon. Mr. Peile and three cheers more for Mr. Lang; and Mr. Peile, accompanied by the Chairman and Mr. Forbes Adam, Mr. and Mrs. Birdwood, and others proceeded to inspect the needlework of the girls, and thereafter the dormitories and other rooms of the Orphanage, all of which were in their usual excellent order.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship, Brankelow, 1,660 tons, Captain D. Stewart, sailed on Saturday last for Kurrachee with some cargo.

THE Brig Flor de Diu, 99 tons, Nacoda, sails to-day for Inhambane and Delagoa Bay with a general cargo and 28 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Niagara, 2,044 tons, Captain W. Gell, sailed yesterday for Trieste and Venice with a general cargo, 3 first-class and 4 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Baden, 1,779 tons, Captain H. B. Beard, arrived in harbour on Saturday last, from New York (4th January) with a general cargo and 55,000 cases kerosine oil. She is consigned to Messrs. James Mackintosh and Company.

ARRIVAL OF CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steam-ship Ganges, 4,196 tons, Captain E. Stewart, arrived in harbour on Friday evening last from Shanghai (28th Jan), with China and Australian Mails and a general cargo.

DEPARTURE OF CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steam-ship Hydaspes, 2,984 tons, Captain G Scrivener, sailed, on Saturday last for China, etc., with China and Australian mails and the following passengers:—For Colombo.—Mr E C Bond, Mr M W Milliett, Mr A Marshall, Mr Higgins, Mr Chirnside, and Miss May. For Singapore.—Mr and Mrs Maskertoon and Mr Moses. For Hongkong.—Mr B Naorojee, Mr M A Elson, Mr A C Preston, and Col Ellis. For Shanghai.—Mr P C Sethna. For Adelaide.—Color Sgt T Arnold. For Melbourne.—Pte G Beggs, Pte J Ashley, Sgt J Downs, Mr G T Box, Mr Boressow, Mr H Kennedy, and Mr J Hoison. For Sydney.—Mrs Heffron and 2 children, Pte G C Hallaran, Mr T Neil, Mr W Everard, Mr W Southall, Mr S Macmillan, Mr J E Yates, Major Barker, Mr Garfitts, and Mr E A Measer.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
19	Ganges (s)	Stewart	Shanghai, Jan. 28.
20	Darien (s)	Beard	New York, Jan. 4.
	King Arthur (s)	Raffin	Port Louis, Feb. 6.
	Clan Monroe (s)	Bethley	Glasgow, Jan. 13.
21	Belgravia (s)	Scothy	Glasgow, Jan. 19.
	Sirdhana (s)	Mackay	Colombo, &c.
	Vindolana (s)	Harrison	Aden, Feb. 5.
	Adria (s)	Raffin	Mauritius, Jan. 9.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
20	Hydaspes (s)	Scrivener	China, &c.
	Brankelow (s)	Stewart	Kurrachee.
	Bhownuggur (s)	Nacoda	Bhownuggur.
21	Niagara (s)	Gill	Trieste and Venice.

The brig Flor de Diu obtained her port-clearance on Saturday last for Inhambane and Delagoa Bay.

The steamer Abana began to load on Saturday last for Antwerp.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Feb. 18 Secondra (s) .... Calcutta.
Nevasa (s) .... Rangoon.

DEPARTURE.

Feb. 17 Argo (s) .... Colombo.

DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY. 20.

FROM LONDON.

Hydaspes s—75 cases candles, Benechund Raychund; 50 cases bacon, cheese, and oilmanstore, Dhunjibhoy Cowasjee; 6 cases bacon, Jamsetji Framji; 82 cases antimedyes, Volkart Brothers; 14 cases cheese and hams, Treacher and Co; 20 packages provision and candles, W J Essaf; 105 cases oilmanstore and 5 cases castor-oil, A Tyabkhan; 40 cases hams, bacon, cheese, &c, Sorabji Hormusji Batliwalla; 53 cases bacon, hams, and cheese, M Bhicajee; 640 cases brandy Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons; 45 cases beer, M Bhicajee.

Kerbela s—224 kegs paint, 30 barrels rosin, and 15 cases black dye, T Pazonbhoy; 90 cases matches, E Soomsoodeen and Co; 25 cases matches, A C Hussenally; 50 drums boiled linseed-oil and 100 firkins dry yellow ochre, and Venetian red, C Abdul Hussein; 20 drums soft soap, 350 drums linseed oil, and 15 barrels rosin, A H Ebandabhoy; 12 cases provision and confectionery, A H G Hoosenjee; 50 cases yellow metal sheet, Killick, Nixon and Co; 15 cases matches, C Noorbhoy; 6 bales paper, B Sazba and Co; 86 cases beer, Manockjee Ishockjee; 60 cases port wine and sherry, Pestonjee Manockjee; 28 cases champagne, etc, Cutler, Palmer and Co; 330 packages gunpowder, Hajeebhoy Shaikh Adam.

Siam s—3 cases medicine, other sorts, Heerjee Mooljee and Co.

FROM GLASGOW.

City of Carthage s—40 bales writing paper, Gungasook Bhugwandas.

Asia s—7 casks, pale ale, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Hydaspes s—52 kegs iron rose nails, T Abdoolally.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Rydal Hall s—50 cases yellow metal sheets, Killick, Nixon and Co; 100 bundles copper sheets, Gaddum, Bythell and Co; 330 bundles copper sheets, 20 bundles yellow metal sheets and 222 cases iron sheets, Ralli Bros.

Nyanza s—100 kegs sulphate of copper, Ruttonjee Jeewraj; 9 cases claret, Remington and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

D Balduino s—50 cases brandy, Green and Read.

FROM BORDEAUX.

D Balduino s—20 cases brandy, ER Mody.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Kahlamba s—140 bales cotton, Nensey Mooljee.

Asia s—500 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, Allana Munjee; 26 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 100 bales cotton, Benn, Salley and Co; 3 cwts bristles P B Dadiburjor; 30 bales wool, Bunichund Ghamchund; 60 bales wool, Goculdass Cullianjee; 2,100 cwts wheat, Ewart, Latham and Co; 61 bales twist waste and 10 bales cotton fly, Govindram Dwarkadass; 187 cwts turmeric and 25 cwts dry ginger, Sewji Ranjee; 59 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co.

Rydal Hall s—600 bales cotton and 201 cwts grain, a Blascheck and Co; 28,00 cwts bone meal, Mooljee Jamal; 2,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co; 200 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 1,000 cwts bone meal, Alex Mackenzie; 1,500 cwts bone meal, and one bale hide F M Rahimbhoy.

FOR LONDON.

Kerbella s—500 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 10 bales skins M Abdulla and Co; 55 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co.

Nyanza s—21 bales hides E. Peerdina, 3.25 cwts horns, M. Moloobhoy; 309 cwts indigo, Wallace and Co; 200 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 160 cwts coir yarn, Runchordas Khetsey; 73 cwts deer horns, S Hassan; 6 bales hides, A Canjee; 750 cwts myrabolams Runchordas Bapoobhoy; 20 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 315 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 83 cwts gum, C Ruttonsey and Co; 390 cwts, turmeric; 30 cwts dry ginger, and 75 cwts nux vomica, C Dhunjeebhoy.

FOR HULL.

Brenda s—2,000 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co; 1,500 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Niagara s—170 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

Sunbeam s—35 bales cotton, E Spinners and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hankow s—6 00 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Lucinda s—100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 50 bales hemp, Volkart Bros; 88 bales hemp, Toussaint and Boutillier; 100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

Olympia s—100 bales cotton, J C Bushby.

Albona s—4,000 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co; 11,000 cwts wheat, Louis, Dreyfus and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Macdonald s—4,000 cwts linseed, Finlay, Muir and Co; 4,926 cwts linseed, Wallace and Co; 2,001 cwts linseed, Punnett and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Simoon s—5,910 cwts gingelly seed, Wallace and Co; 10,000 cwts wheat and 600 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 2,600 cwts wheat, F Massoll and Co; 100 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—2,00 cwts wheat, A Blascheck and Co; 150 bales cotton, Wallace and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Sunbeam s—86 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 150 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Patna s—306 bales cotton, Ramjidas Luckmondas.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Venetia s—100 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Venetia s—25 bales twist, The United Merchant Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Venetia s—135 bales twist, N B Mody and Co; 56 bales twist, Curseejee Bomanjee; 208 bales twist, R S Wooswalla and Co; 50 bales twist, J Peerbhoy and Co; 224 bales twist, Curriabhoy Ebraim; 75 bale-twist, S N Talati and Co; 50 bales twist, F Rustom Papa; 50 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 10 cwts moye teeth, 46 cwts gum, 18 cwts benjamin and 70 cwts gall, T Jafferbhoy; 500 cwts raisins, Yue Lun Chine; 23 bales twist, Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Co; 350 bales twist, D M Petit Sons and Co; 33 bales twist, I T Mooljee and Co; 35 bales twist, T Mooljee and Co.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 22.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

215-84—Payne, G. and S—Bezonjee Eduljee Soonawala vs Pestonjee Jehangir Khandevao M.—Part heard.

To vary Commissioner's report and for further directions and costs.

877-70—Crawford and S—Mithibai and others vs Limjee N. Banajee and others—T Dinshaw and R. and Craigie, L. and O.—Part heard.

For further directions and costs on Commissioner's report.

901-70—Little, S. F. and N.—Shamavahoo vs Dwarkadas Vussonjee and another—Jefferson, B, and D. Specially fixed.

Long Causes (specially fixed).

521-81—Payne, G and S—Essa Hajee Moiadina vs Rehimbai—Mirza, H K.

118-83—Bicknell and K—Bhagoobai vs Kristnajee Arjoon—R Skipsey.

250-85—Payne, G. and S—A Morton vs Lieut-Colonel A F Johnson—Macfarlane and E.

333-85—Craigie, L and O—Dayachund Malookchund vs Anundrao Bulwant and another—Little, S, F and N.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE SCOTT.)

For Consent Decree.

366-84—Tyabjee and D—Vasanjee Hurruckchund vs Chatoorbhooj Dewcurun and another—Macfarlane and E.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

33-85—Winter and B—Narrotumdas Vishhoocundas and another vs Hurrichund Ramchundra and others—M M Munshi—Part heard.

337-84—Anundrao R—Bai Javer and another vs Premjee Dewchund and others—Bicknell and K.

452-84—Tobin and R—Narayen Janardhun Chhatre vs Venayek Caminath Madhaikr—Wadia and G.

398-84—Thakurdas D and C—Janmahomed Cassum vs Valub Mahomed bin Rujub—Tyabji and D.

427-84—E Wilkie—Bai Gangaram and another vs Mahomedally Dossaji—R Skipsey.

211-85—Ardesir and H—Hajee Abubucker Ismail and another vs Mahomed Kasim Abdoolla—Tyabjee and D.

91-84—Balkrishna and B—Chandbhoy Amonjee and another vs Mariambai and others—Tyabjee and D, and in person.

65-85—Payne, G and S—Muddury Narasinhum and others vs Hajee Mahomed Rass Shirazee—Shamrao P.

143-84—Macfarlane and E—Ranschund vs The S B and C I Ry Co and others—T and D, H, C, and B, W and B, and L, S, F, and N.

(Before the Hon. Sir WILLIAM WEDDERBURN.)

For dismissal under Rule 61.

499-85—In persons pauper—Syed Asuddoola bin Syed Anwersia vs Kers Vaja and others.

11-86—Hore, C and B—Withuldas Ramdas and others vs Janardhen B—Thawbai and another.

22-86—In person, a pauper—Bebeebai vs Hason bin Valee.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

406-85—Payne, G and S—Vussonjee Heerjee vs Jewandas Ibjee Sewjee and others—Little, S, F and N.

610-85—Winter and B—Pestonjee Byramjee vs The Fort Press Co—Little, S, F and N.

412-85—Bomonjee and H—Tyabally Adomjee and another vs Dayabhoy Tribhowanjee.

414-85—J C Cama—Fuckir Mahomed Baboon and another vs Ambeerbai and others—P G and S, B and H, and M B B.

419-85—M M Munshi—Runchord Hurgowan and another vs Vulubh Cullan and another—H Skipsey.

426-85—Little, S. F and N—Outumchand Becherdas vs Shakaldas Govindjee and others—Nanu and H.

458-85—Jefferson, B and D—Ramatbai and another vs Munchabai and others—Bomonjee and H.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 17.

Atkinson, Lt, Mad Staff Corps, on leave, from Mangalore.

FEBRUARY 19.

Lucas, Capt, Bo Staff Corps, on leave, from Ahmednaggur.

Warter, Col, Bo R H A, on leave, from Kirkee.

Hotham, Capt, Bo R H A, on leave, from Kirkee.

Hayter, Col, Mad, Asst Commy Gl, on duty, from Quetta.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 18.

Southey, Lt, 30th Bo Infy, on leave, to Matheran.

FEBRUARY 19.

Walker, Lt-Col, on duty, to Baroda.

FEBRUARY 20.

Sargent, Surgn, Bo I M Dept, from leave, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS,

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt., B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 22nd February, 1886.

There will be a class of instruction forcertificates this day, Monday, the 22nd inst., at 5-30 p.m. at Head-Quarters.

There will be a meeting of the Officers Commanding Companies this day, Monday, the 22nd inst., at Head-Quarters, at 6-30 p.m., to consider the subject of the annual class firing.

There will be drill at the following places until further orders:—

6-30 a.m.—At the Oval, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

5 p.m.—At the J. J. Hospital, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

5 p.m.—At the P. & O. Dockyard, Monday and Friday.

5 p.m.—At the Byculla School, Monday and Thursday.

4 p.m.—At the Byculla Scottish School, Tuesday and Friday.

6-40 a.m.—At the Grant-road Steam Bakery compound, Tuesday and Friday.

4 p.m.—At St. Peter's School, Mazagon, Tuesday and Thursday.

4-45 p.m.—At the Queen's Statue, Monday and Wednesday.

Cathedral High School, John Connon School, and Indo-British Institution Cadets will parade at the Oval and Queen's Statue as above.

By order,

H. HODGKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere, at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 86, Farringdon-road, London.

WINES SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For List of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

LIST of WINES for SALE at the Godown of the undersigned:—

			Cash. Credit. Rs.	Rs.
CLARET	St. Crystoly	Per doz. Qts.	12	13
	Do.	Per 2 doz. Pts.	14	15½
	St. Estèphe	Per 1 doz. Qts.	14	15½
	1878 Chateau Larose	Per doz. Qts.	22	24½
HOCK	Hochheimer	" "	24	26
	Rudesheimer Berg	" "	28	31
MOSELLE	Moselblumchen	" "	14	15
	Graacher	" "	16	17
	Piesporter	" "	18	20½
	Burmaster	" "	20	22½
GIN	Danish Gin per case of 12 flasks		14	15½
BEER	Vienna Lager á fine beer (Gold Medal Paris Exhibition 1885), per case of 4 doz. Qts.		22	24
	Do. do.	" 8 " Pts.	28	31
	Pilsener	" 4 " Qts.	20	22
	Do. do.	" 8 " Pts.	26	28

CASH rates Charged if paid within a month. Apply to C FLEMING, & Co., 12, Meadow-street.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per ½ doz. pints.
Charles Heidsieck's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	Rs. 50 0	
Heidsieck's Dry Monopole	" 55 0	Rs 58 0
Cuvee de Choix Champagne	" 44 0	" "
Dry Elite	" 46 0	" 48 0
First Quality Dry	" 38 0	" 40 0

From MESSRS. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN AYEN CHAMPAGNE.

Goldlack, extra Rs. 43 0 —

STILL HOCKS.

From J. M. FABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	" 16 0	" 19 0
Geisenheimer	" 17 0	" "
Leibfraumilch	" 21 0	" 24 0
Steinwein	" 21 0	" "
Hochheimer Berg	" 25 "	" 28 0
Rudesheimer	" 25 0	" 28 0
Marcobrunner	" 28 0	" 31 0
Queen Victoria Berg	" 24 0	" "

From OTTO FRUMM, MAYENCE

Brauneberger	Rs. 15 0	Rs. "
Liebfraumilch	" "	" 21 0
Berncastele-Rosenberg	" 18 0	" 21 0
Josefhofer	" 23 0	" "
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	" 28 0	" 31 0
Steinberger	" 28 0	" 31 0
Scharzhofberger	" 34 0	" 37 0
Johannisberger	" 35 0	" 38 0

FRENCH WHITE WINES.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauterne	Rs. 18 0	" "

PORTWINES.

From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.

Good old red Port	Rs. 19 0	" "
Fine "	" 22 0	" "
Very fine "	" 27 0	" "
Most particular reserved old red Port	" 38 0	" "

CLARETS.

From A. HERMANN AND Co., PARIS.

	Per 1 doz. Qts.
St. Julien Claret	Rs. 9 0

From MESSRS. H. & C. BARRESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Medoc superior	" 10	" "
Chateau de Frauds	" 13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc	" 14 0	" "
Les Canons	" 16 0	" 18 0
Chateau Grand Lobrun	" 18 0	" "
Chateau Larose	" 19 0	" "
Chateau Li Roc St. Estephe	" 21 0	" "
Chateau Lafitte	" 23 0	" "
Chateau Manvoisin	" 27 0	" "

From MUNZER & SPANN.

	Qts.	Pts.
St. Estephe	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
Haut Canon	" 15 0	" 17 0
Margaux Medoc	" 17 0	" 19 0
Chateau Larose	" 20 0	" "

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 23 0
Cru de Barreyre	16 0	" "

CLARETS.—Continued.

From J. ROMMER & SOHN—WIEN.

Hungarian Claret	Rs. 17 0	" "
Chateau Romer	" 16 0	" "

From FRANZ SCARVADY.

Carlovitz	" 12 0	" 14 0

BRANDY

	Per 1 doz. qts.
Gold labels, Gold capsules	Rs. 26 0
F. Dessendier & Co.'s Brandy	" 21 0
Cognac, Fine Chamasagne { M. & } Red Bats { Sann }	" 24 0

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Cognac, Gold labels, blue capsules	" 29 0
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy	" 34 0

BURGUNDY.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC

Volnay	Rs. 21 0
Chambertin	" 26 0

WHISKEY.

	Per 1 doz. qts.
Ben Cruachan's Blend of Finest old Scotch Whiskey	Rs. 20 0
Thistle Blend Whisky	" 24 0

BEER.

	Per doz. qts.	Per 2 doz. pts.
St. Paul Beer	Rs. 6 4	" 0 4
Malzer Export Beer	" 5 4	" "
Hamburger Export Beer	" 5 4	" "
Pilsener Beer	" 5 12	" 5 12
Flower & Son's Ale	" 4 12	" 3 0
Romford Light Bitter Beer in Champagne bottles	" 5 12	" "

SUNDRIES.

Maraschino a case of 25 Pints	Rs. 25 0	" "
Vin Marasque " 21 Bottles	" 40 0	" "

	Per doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Finest Kummuel	Rs. 38 0	Rs. "
Do. Vermouth Superior	" 19 0	" "
Do. do

INSURANCES.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay are issued by

REMINGTON & Co.

Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation. Bombay, 16th August, 1875.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY

FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.

FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and also accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous Rates.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited,

IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust, and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Prite Bondsmen.

The Security of this Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officer under Government and Public Companies.

Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary-losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.

Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.

Premiums periodically reduced.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
2, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Secretary.

ADVERTISING ON RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press, having leased from the

G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY.

The B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY.

The NIZAM STATE RAILWAY

AND

The BHOWNAGAR GONDAL RAILWAY COMPANY,

The exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these four Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices or Advertisement on the lines.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTEL KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.

And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by the G. I. P. or B. B. and C. I. Railways to their destinations, Placards exhibited at the different stations on those lines are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers business to the notice of the public.

On the NIZAM STATE RAILWAY the Cantonment of Secunderabad, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India, a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of Bolaram, garrioned by two Regiments and one Battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about four miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad containing the Nizam's Regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans, besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be a source of propit to firms to advertise at these Stations, the most important of which are Secunderabad, Hyderabad Gangawaram, and Tandur.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square will have the advantage of having their business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.

Special arrangements for long periods.

The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Advertisers can select the stations, on the four lines at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertise may be printed at moderate charges in English o any of the Native languages at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press. Estimates on application.

For further particulars apply to The MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort.

STATIONS ON THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Bombay, B. Bunder.	Bhadli	Chindwara	Parua
Musjid "	Bhosawul Junction*†	Satari	Dapki
Byculla	Sowda	Shapura	Akola
Chinchpoogly	Nimborah	Mirgani (for Marble Rocks)	Boregaum
Parel Station	Raver		Katipurna
Dadur	Khanapur	Nagpoor	Moortizapoo
Sion	Burhanpur	Hula Gate	Mohona
Coorla	Chandnee	Budiapoor	Koorun
Ghat-Cooper	Mandwa	Wangni	Budnaira*
Bhandoop	Dongergaum	Narel	Malker
Tannah*	Bagmar	Chinchowli	Chandoor
Deewa	Khundwa*†	Kurjut*†	Damergaun
Callian Junction*†	Jawar	Padesdari	Poolgaum
Titwalla	Beerh	Khandalla	Dygaum
Khadawali	Singaji	Lanowlee*	Wurdah†
Wassind	Harsid	Karli	Powner
Shapoor	Kirkeam	Kurkulla	Sindee
Atgaum	Bheringee	Tulligaun	Boree
Khurdee	Hurda*	Salaivadi	Kapri
Kussarah*	Timoornee	Chinchwud	Saigaon
Kurupoorah	Pagdhai	Kirkee	Jehwoor
Ghotee	Sewnee	Poona*¶¶	Keim
Baligaum	Dharam Khundi	Coorlee	Barsee Road
Doolalee B. Siding	Dularia	Coorolee	Marhen
Nassick Rd*	Etarsee for Hoshangabad	Yeoal	Unger
Kheirwadee	Rampur	Kheirgaum	Mohil
Niphar	Bagra	Borebail	Packney
Lassulgaum	Semri	Decksal and Bheegwan	Sholapur*†
Munmar	Sohagpore*¶	Kartuz	Hoodgee
Nandgaum*	Paparia (for Pachmari)	Poomulwaree	Goolburga
Naidongree	Bankeri	Warrengaum	Shahabad*†‖
Challegaum	Babal	Nargaum	Wadi
Kulgaum	Gadawara	Khankeer	Nuiwar
Gaina	Bohanee	Mulkapoor	Yedagherry
Pachora	Kureli (for Saugor)	Biswa Bridge	Sydapore
Myjee	Nursingpore	Nandoora	Road
Mussawud	Kuruk Bail	Julum†	Kistna
Shawlee		Sheagaum*	Chicksago
Julgaum			Raichore*†

STATIONS ON THE B. B. & C. I. R. LINE

Colaba	Boisur	Keem	Thasra
Church Gate Street	Wangaum	Palonee	Pali
Marine Line	Danoo Road	Uncleemr	Brehavi
Churney Rd	Goolwood	Broach*	Nariad (bad
Grant Road	Wewjee	Chumargaum	Mehmooda-
Mahaluxmee	Sunjan	Pallol	Bara'ree
Parell	Bheelar	Moagaum	Ahmedabad†
Dadur	Damaun Rd.	Kurwan	Saburmutte
Mahim	Oodwara	Mundala	Ambli Road
Bandora	Pardee	Dubhoe	Sanund
Andaree	Buisar	Bhadurpore	Charolee
Goregaum	Dongree	Kosla	Jackwara
Berewlee (Dyeur)	Becleemora	Baroda*	Veerumgaum
Bhynder	Umulsar	Baiwa	Jhond
Bassein Road	Nowaree	Wassud	Patree
Versur	Murolee	Nowley	Kharraghora
Sopalla	Sucheen	Anand	Sabli Road
Palghur	Surat*¶	Bhalej	Lillapore Rd
	Augolee	Oomrot	Luctoran
	Sion	Dakor	Wadwah

STATIONS ON THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY LINE.

Wady Junc*	Nawandgi	Gulaguda	Hyderabad
Chitapore	Tandur*	Shankarpalli	Secunderabad
Mulkid Gate eram	Dharur	Lingampallie	
	Gangawaram	Musapetgate	

STATIONS ON THE BHAVNAGAR GONDAL LINE

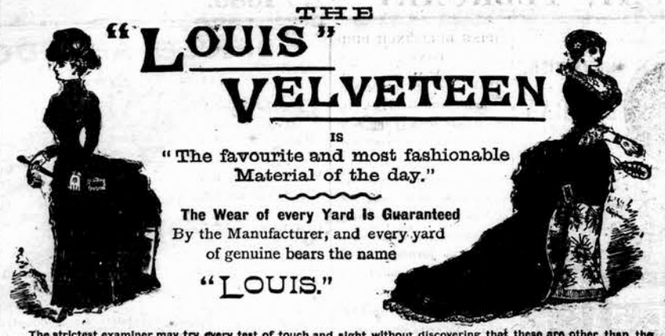
Wadwan Junc. Do. City	Botad	Chital	Dhoraji
	Ningata	Lunidhar	Sanashra
Limbdi	Ujaivar *	Kunkavav	Songad
Chuda	Dhola Junc.	Khakharia	Sihore
Rampur	Jalia	Vavdi	Vartej
Kandli	Dhasa	Jetpur	Ghadechi
	Lathi	Jetalsar	Bhavnagar

* Refreshment Rooms.

† Junction for Lines.

‡ From 15 to 30 minutes for Refreshments.

¶ 30 minutes for Dinner. ¶¶ 40 minutes for Dinner.



THE "LOUIS" VELVETEEN

IS

"The favourite and most fashionable Material of the day."

The Wear of every Yard is Guaranteed By the Manufacturer, and every yard of genuine bears the name

"LOUIS."

The strictest examiner may try every test of touch and sight without discovering that these are other than the Genoa velvets which they so closely resemble, while the peculiar arrangements resulting in the fast woven pile enable them to stand interminable and rough wear, which would ruin real velvets at four times the price. For Costumes and Trimmings it is unequalled, and in fact for all purposes in which Silk Velvet may be used we specially recommend the "LOUIS" VELVETEEN.

"LOUIS" VELVETEEN. FOR HOUSE DECORATIONS & UPHOLSTERY THE "LOUIS" VELVETEEN

Is most effectual, both on account of its durability and beautiful appearance, and is admirably suited for Curtains, Table Covers, Screens, Sofa Cushions, and for covering Bookshelves, Brackets, &c., &c. For NEEDLEWORK also this Velveteen offers great advantages, as it can be procured in so many shades, and is easy to work upon—soft, rich, velvety, and durable. The "LOUIS" VELVETEEN offers a most useful material for artistic decorating at little cost.

EVERY YARD OF THE GENUINE BEARS THE NAME "LOUIS."

DEPOTS IN ENGLAND:—

2, CAREY LANE, E.C. MANCHESTER: 15, MAJOR STREET.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon and Cheese

May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

ALL GENUINE GOODS ARE LABELLED

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

The attention of ENGINEERS, ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS is called to

THE CATALOGUE OF MESSRS. STEVEN BROS. & CO.,

35 & 36, Upper Thames Street, London. Works: McDOWALL, STEVEN & Co., Milton Iron Works, Glasgow.

Foundries cover 12 acres, and employ over 1,000 men. Established over 50 years. Have the capacity for turning out about 20,000 tons per annum.

CONTRACTORS to Her Majesty's War, Prisons, and Indian Departments, the Metropolitan Fire Brigade, Corporation of London, Metropolitan Board of Works, Admiralty, London School Board, and numerous railway companies.

MANUFACTURERS of Balusters and Newel Bars, plain and enamelled Baths, Bakers' Ovens, Band Stands, Balconies and Porches, Cantered Ways and Arches, plain and ornamental Columns, Cattle, Pig, and Poultry Troughs, Drinking Fountains, Desk and Seat Standards, Dust Bins and Sink Traps, Furnace Fronts, Bars, Pans and Fittings, Garden Chairs, Tables and Rollers, Hot-Water Pipes, Boilers, and Connections, Kitchen Ranges, Lavatories and Sinks, Lamp-Posts and Brackets, Ordnance and Dry Closets, Panels and Gratings, Hot-Water Valves, Railings and Gates, Rainwater Pipes and Gutters, Ridgings and Crestings, Spiral and Straight Stairs, Shop Fronts and Carriage Awnings, Stoves, Stable and Cow-House Fittings, Socket and Flange Pipes, Tomb Railings and Chains, Verandahs and Conservatories, Window Guards and Standards.

DESIGNS FURNISHED FOR MONUMENTAL, HERALDIC, AND ARTISTIC IRONWORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Large Show Rooms in London and Glasgow for Buyers.

Messrs. Steven Bros. & Co. will be happy to arrange for the placing of their Catalogue with Merchants or professional men, upon receipt of a satisfactory home reference as to the applicant's business qualification for same. This condition is necessary as the production of the Catalogue has cost an immense sum.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

Liebig TRADE MARK

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK. FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Annual Sale, 8,000,000 Jars.

"As a success and boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See *Medical Press, Lancet, Brit. Med. Jour., &c.*

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness.

CAUTION.—Genuine ONLY with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label. The title "Baron Liebig" and his photograph having been largely used by dealers having no connection with Baron Liebig, the public are hereby informed that the Liebig Company are the only manufacturers who are able to offer the article with Baron Liebig's guarantee of genuineness.

Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

MOËT & CHANDON'S CHAMPAGNES

SPECIALLY SELECTED FOR INDIA.

PER DOZEN. CREDIT.		PER DOZEN. CASH.
Rs. 55.	SPARKLING CHAMPAGNE EXTRA SUPERIOR ★ MOËT & CHANDON ÉPERNAY.	Rs. 52.
	AND	
PER DOZEN. CREDIT.	WHITE DRY SPARKLING SILLERY ★ MOËT & CHANDON ÉPERNAY	PER DOZEN. CASH.
Rs. 51.		Rs. 48.

The produce of Messrs. MOËT & CHANDON'S Vineyards of over 2,000 acres in the most renowned districts of Champagne.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA—CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

ANDRE'S NEW VENTILATED "TERAI" HAT

EXTRA QUALITY ONLY.

A SOFT DOUBLE HAT FOR GENTLEMEN AND LADIES RESIDING IN TROPICAL CLIMATES, ESPECIALLY SUITED FOR SPORTING, RIDING AND TRAVELLING.

ANDRE & Co., Hatters, 127, New Bond Street, London.

The "TERAI" HAT consists of two soft felt Wide-awakes with ventilated space between the crowns and a board between them. Can be worn single or double to suit temperature.

RECOMMENDATIONS from—

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON. LORD LYTTON, late Governor-General of India.
HIS EXCELLENCY LORD REAY, Governor of Bombay.
HIS GRACE THE RIGHT HON. THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM, late Governor of Madras.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON. SIR W. H. GREGORY, late Governor of Ceylon.
HON. SIR JOHN STRACHEY, K.C.S.I., late Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces.
LIEUT.-GENERAL THE HON. SIR H. RAMSAY, C.B., K.C.S.I., late Commissioner of Kemaoon.
MAJOR-GENERAL SIR R. BIDDULPH, High Commissioner, Cyprus.
And many Ladies of the highest distinction.

CAUTION.—Purchasers must see that the lining bears the stamp "ANDRE & Co., 127, New Bond Street, London" Extra Quality, with the Royal Arms.

SOLD by all the principal Merchants and Traders throughout India, Ceylon, &c.

ANDRE'S SOLA PITH AND FELT SUN HATS, FELT AND GUN-CHAMBER HELMETS, &C.

CLARET IN WOOD.

WE are now receiving Stocks of our

MEDOC CLARET

IN HOGSHEADS OF ABOUT 48 GALLONS.

At Rs. 190 per Hogshead.

Subject to discount for Cash.

SPECIAL TERMS TO MESSES and TRADERS.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,

BOMBAY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHERS

11, ESPLANADE ROAD,

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

PORTRAITS of all sizes and descriptions executed in oils, water colours and black and white, by thoroughly competent artists.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS

(Universally admitted to be the finest collection in the world)
Of India, Burmah, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements always available.

LISTS AND TERMS ON APPLICATION.

BRANCH HOUSES:

TALBOT HOUSE, SIMLA, AND 8, CHOWRINGHEE, CALCUTTA.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND PORTMANTEAUS,

FROM THE BEST LONDON MANUFACTURERS.

THORPE AND CO.,

Best Japanned Overland Trunks, iron-bound, copper-rivetted; a very durable article.

Inches	30	33	36
Rupees	30	33	36 each.

Best Dull Canvass, fitted with Tray; a superior article.

Inches	30	33	36
Rupees	35	39	41

The "service" or Trooper, extra wide and low to go under seat or berth, best quality.

Inches	30	33	36
Rupees	36	40	45

Ladies' Trunks best Dull Canvass, bound Leather with folding division, for Millinery, moveable Tray for Linen, dress compartment, Pocket for papers, patent brass lever lock.

Inches	33	36
Rupees	55	60

The Gladstone Bag, best black Ox-Hide with straps all round, the registered spring, double action locks, made specially for Travellers crossing the Continent, a most useful Bag, being light, capacious and very strong.

Inches	20	22	24	26
Rupees	30	33	36	40

The same Bag, made of Best Stained Brown Ox-Hide, Lined Leather.

Inches	20	22	24	26
Rupees	33	36	40	45

Best Black Enamelled Brief Bags.

12-in	13-in	14-in	15-in.
Rs. 12-8	Rs. 13-8	Rs. 14-8	Rs. 15-8

Courier or Money Bags, Tan Canvas. Rs. 8-8 to Rs. 11-8.

Hand Bags, wide mouth, Brown or Best Black Cow Hide.

12-in.	13-in.	14-in.
Rs. 15-8	Rs. 16-8	Rs. 17-8

Soiled Linen Bags, White Canvas.

Small.	Large.
Rs. 5.	Rs. 6.

Tan Canvas Soiled Linen Bags.

Small.	Large.
Rs. 6-8.	Rs. 7-8.

Portable Travelling Baths, best Blocket Tin, fitted with wicker Basket, Lock, and Strap passing round.

Inches	24	27	30	33	36
Rupees	25	30	33	40	45

Air-tight Boxes, best blocked tin, invaluable to Ladies travelling during the rains, strongly finished, with brass bolts and lever locks.

Inches	27	28	32	34	36
Rupees	20	33	40	45	50

Air-tight Cases for Officers' Uniform or Dress Suits, best blocked tin.

Inches	24	26	28	30
Rupees	20	24	26	28

Air-tight Uniform Cases, will hold Sword, Helmet, Forage Cap, Uniform, etc., Rs. 35.

Best Blocked Tin Helmet Cases, Rs. 7-8.

Basil Leather, moveable fitting Hat cases, Rs. 10 8. Tan Canvas, Rs. 16-8.

Basil Leather, moveable fitting Hat Cases, for holding 2 Hats. Rs. 35.

Ladies' Bonnet Boxes, all sizes, from Rs. 4 to Rs. 10-8.

THORPE AND CO.,

TAILORS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

JOHN MORGAN & Co.,

ARMY TAILORS,

5, ALBEMARLE STREET, PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.

Regret to find that many of their Customers have been caused much annoyance and disappointment by circulars from firms of almost similar name leading them to suppose that they had removed their business.

It is therefore necessary to protect themselves, and due to their very large and much valued connection amongst Officers and Gentlemen of the Indian Services, that they should state that they still carry on their business at their old and only address,

No. 5, ALBEMARLE STREET, PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.,

where the measures and patterns of their customers are all registered—

JOHN MORGAN & Co.

GLENLIVET WHISKEY.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK—

"GLENLIVET"

GEORGE and JOHN GORDON SMITH, of THE GLENLIVET DISTILLERY, beg to intimate that GLENLIVET is a district which belongs exclusively to His Grace the Duke of Richmond and Gordon and that their Distillery was the *first* and is now the *only* licensed Distillery in Glenlivet, and they respectfully caution the trade and the public against parties offering other whiskies as "GLENLIVET."

"ANDREW USHER & CO.'S OLD VATTED GLENLIVET WHISKY"

The Registered Trade Mark of Messrs. Andrew Usher & Co., Edinburgh, obtained a GOLD MEDAL and FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE at the CALCUTTA EXHIBITION. It is a blend of the above and other Whiskies.

AGENTS IN BOMBAY

CUTLER PALMER & CO.

NOTICES.

LAIRD'S WELSH HARTLEY STEAM COAL.

THIS old and well-known brand is eminently adapted for use and storing in a hot climate, being large, hard, and not so readily affected as other kinds of Coal by exposure to weather. It is supplied of the same good quality as heretofore by

J. P. HIGGINSON & Co.,
25, Castle-street,
Liverpool, England.

MUDIE'S

SELECT LIBRARY, LONDON.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST BOOKS.

I. MUDIE'S CLEARANCE CATALOGUE OF SURPLUS BOOKS.
All in perfectly sound second-hand condition.

II. MUDIE'S CATALOGUE OF BOOKS NEWLY AND STRONGLY BOUND.
In Half Roan, Half Persian, or Half Calf.

III. MUDIE'S CATALOGUE OF WORKS BY POPULAR NOVELISTS & OTHERS.
In Sets, all Half Bound, for Public Institutions, &c.

IV. MUDIE'S CATALOGUE OF BOOKS IN ALL SORTS OF ORNAMENTAL BINDINGS.

For Presents, Prizes, and Private Libraries.
ALL LISTS GRATIS AND POST FREE.

MUDIE'S SELECT LIBRARY,
NEW OXFORD-STREET, LONDON.

SARSAPARILLA.

Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of

RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD.

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION of BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend your *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla.*"—*Medical Review.*

"Theonly preparation for removing what may be called the Sequelæ of a marcurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

The late Lord Clyde, writting for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* CURED me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

PREPARED ONLY BY

THOMAS WILKINSON (Member of the Pharmaceutical Society), 270 Regent St, London.

Sold in small, medium and large bottles.

CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address also Trade Mark W. in a diamond) at the bottom of the bottle.

WILKINSON'S

BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.

AGENTS: TREACHER AND Co., KEMP AND Co., ROGERS AND Co., BOLTON AND Co., and PHILLIP AND Co., Bombay, and all respectable Firms in India.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous mass, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1885, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself, not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy, and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Cholera, Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is a DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitation.

Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, Russel-street, Bloomsbury, London.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 31
Quarterly	„ 13	Quarterly	„ 16
Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	„ 29	Half-yearly	„ 36
Quarterly	„ 16	Quarterly	„ 20
Monthly	„ 6	Monthly	„ 7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

SINGLE COPY ..... As. 4.

Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs.	5 0
Second do.	„	2 8
Third do.	„	2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions		2 As per line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per line.
Second do.	4½ „ „
Third and succeeding	2½ „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situation, Wanted, or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings, to the Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—

For 12 words or less not exceeding three lines	Rs.	1-0
Each succeeding line	„	0-8

Displayed announcements exceeding five lines will be charged as ordinary Advertisements at our present rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one Rupee, and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY EDITION.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

In Bombay.		Up-country.	
Per Annum	Rs. 12	Per Annum	Rs. 15
Half-yearly	„ 6	Half-yearly	„ 7 8
Quarterly	„ 3	Quarterly	„ 3 12

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs.	12
Half-yearly	„	6
Quarterly	„	3

BOMBAY GAZETTE WEEKLY BUDGET

Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs.	12
Half-yearly	„	6
Quarterly	„	3

ALL CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette.*"

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

DRESSING BAGS.

LADIES' BAGS.

3" BLACK MOROCCO, STANDARD BAG, Best plain Silver-plate mounts .....Rs. 85 Cash.
13" BLACK MOROCCO "PRESENTATION" BAG, Solid Sterling Silver, mounts and Ivory Fittings, ...Rs. 216 Cash.
14" BLACK MOROCCO, "NE PLUS ULTRA" BAG, Best Plain Silver-plate mounts, Rs. 77 Cash
15" CHECKERED RUSSIAN LEATHER PRESENTATION BAG, Solid Sterling Silver mounts and Ivory Fittings ...Rs. 315 Cash.
15" REAL CROCODILE HIDE BAG, Solid Sterling Silver mounts, and Ivory Fittings .....Rs. 350 Cash.
15" BEST MOROCCO, "PRESENTATION" BAG, Solid Sterling Silver mounts and Ivory Fittings .....Rs. 400 Cash.
16" BLACK MOROCCO "NE PLUS ULTRA" BAG, Best plain Silver-plate mounts, Rs. 68 Cash.
&c. &c., &c.

GENTS' BAGS.

16" BLACK MOROCCO, "NEPLUS ULTRA" BAG, Best plain Silver-plate mounts, Rs. 70 Cash.
16" BEST MOROCCO, "MONITOR" BAG, Solid Sterling Silver mounts and Ivory Fittings.....Rs. 375 Cash.
17" BEST MOROCCO "MONITOR" BAG, Solid Sterling Silver mounts, and Ivory Fittings.....Rs. 765 Cash.
18" PLAIN HIDE GLADSTONE BAG, With best plain Silver-plate mounts.....Rs. 72 Cash.
18" PLAIN HIDE GLADSTONE BAG, Superior finish .....Rs. 110 Cash.
20" PLAIN HIDE GLADSTONE BAG, with best plain Silver-plate mounts.....Rs. 90 Cash.
20" PLAIN HIDE GLADSTONE BAG, Superior finish.....Rs. 110 Cash.
20" IMITATION CROCODILE HIDE GLADSTONE BAG, with best plain Silver-plate mounts .....Rs. 120 Cash.
22" PLAIN HIDE GLADSTONE BAG, with best plain Silver-plate mounts.....Rs. 126 Cash.
22" SUPERIOR IMITATION CROCODILE HIDE GLADSTONE BAG, with best plain Silver-plate mounts.....Rs. 150 Cash.
&c., &c. &c.

All the above Bags have been specially selected for India and are fitted with every requisite for Travellers, &c.

DRESSING CASES,
JEWEL CASES,
DESPATCH CASES,
IN GREAT VARIETY.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SQUARE BOTTLE WHISKY.

This excellent Old Malt Whisky finds favour everywhere. Its mellowness and softness are remarkable.

Price per dozen case Rs. 27-8 subject to Cash Discount.

SOLE AGENTS:
CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
BOMBAY, LAHORE, MADRAS, CALCUTTA.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

Lea & Perrins

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

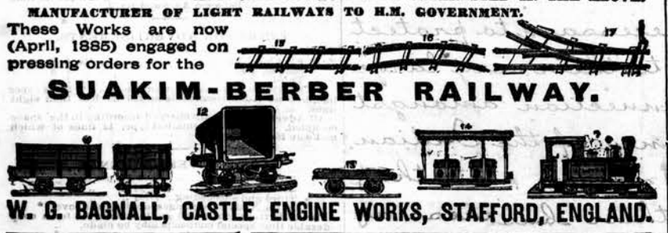
Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

LIGHT RAILWAYS AND TRAMWAYS—PORTABLE OR PERMANENT.

W. G. BAGNALL will be glad to enter into correspondence and send particulars to
AGENTS FOR NATIVE PRINCES,
MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES,
ESTATE AND PLANTATION PROPRIETORS,
CONTRACTORS, MERCHANTS,
AND OTHER GENTLEMEN INTERESTED IN THE ABOVE.
MANUFACTURER OF LIGHT RAILWAYS TO H.M. GOVERNMENT.

These Works are now (April, 1885) engaged on pressing orders for the

SUAKIM-BERBER RAILWAY.



W. G. BAGNALL, CASTLE ENGINE WORKS, STAFFORD, ENGLAND.

S. & H. HARRIS'S

STABLE REQUISITES.

WATERPROOF Harness Composition.
JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.
SADDLE PASTE, (Waterproof.)
EBONITE WATERPROOF BLACKING, For Boots, Shoes, Harness, and all Black Leather articles.
POLISHING PASTE For Cleaning Metals.
POUCH BLACKING, (Waterproof.)

SOLD BY ALL SADDLERS, IRONMONGERS AND STOREKEEPERS.
Manufactory: 57, MANSELL STREET, LONDON, E.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

9f Druggists and Storekeepers through ut the World.
ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

AGENTS—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

MUSICAL NOVELTIES.
S. ROSE & Co., BOMBAY.

PIPING BULLFINCH BIRD BOXES.

THE Boxes are handsomely gilt, with fancy lid. By pushing the slide to the right the lid opens and a small bird appears and sings. It moves its beak, tail, and wings, and at the finish of its song disappears, closing the lid after it. There is also a receptacle for snuff or perfume. Fitted in a morocco case lined with velvet, with patent key. Can be had with one or two birds and in solid extra gilt boxes.

MECHANICAL SINGING BIRDS IN CAGES.

One bird (moving to time of tune), in richly gilt cage, on gilt moulded stand. The bird is life-size and of rich plumage. Rs. 250.
Ditto ditto Two birds in one cage. Rs. 400.

ROUND MUSICAL BOXES.

AS PER ILLUSTRATION.

Rs. 5.

Each box plays one tune.

Playing Hindustani airs Rs. 6.

Playing English airs Rs. 5.

The above are very strongly made, and very suitable for children.

MUSICAL PLATES.

China Plates, beautifully painted, playing two airs, Rs. 20. These plates play upon being taken up, and leave off when placed on a table.

MUSICAL WORK-BOXES.
PLAYING 2 AIRS.

These boxes are nicely fitted inside, and have a tray to hold needles, cottons, &c. The box plays when opened, and ceases when shut.
In Walnut Wood. Rs. 25.

MUSICAL ALBUMS,
PLAYING 2 HINDUSTANI AIRS. Rs. 40.

Music and Musical Instruments of every description in stock.

NEW CATALOGUES NOW READY, POST FREE.

S. ROSE & Co., 21, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.'S
ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN
KEYLESS WATCH
AT Rs. 25
is the most perfect time-keeper for rough & daily use ever manufactured.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

ICE-MAKING MACHINERY.

HIGHEST PRIZE AWARDED AT THE CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, ANT THE ONLY SUCCESSFUL ICE MACHINES THERE.

TRANSPARENT BLOCK ICE-MAKINC MACHINES.
COLD AIR MACHINES.
SNOW MAKING MACHINES.
REFRIGERATING MACHINES FOR COOLING THE AIR IN PUBLIC BUILDINGS, HOSPITALS, BARRACKS, THEATRES, &c.

ICE COMPANIES.

MESSRS. H. J. WEST & CO. are prepared to enter into Contracts with responsible parties for the establishment and starting of ICE FACTORIES in any part of India, such Contracts to include the whole of the Ice Machinery, Engines, Boilers, &c. Free Delivery on the spot. Also Fixing, Starting, and Working the Ice Machinery, in full operation for one month, or longer period. MESSRS. H. J. WEST & CO. in these cases undertake all trouble and risks, and bind themselves to hand over the Plant in complete working order as a going concern.

ICE MACHINES FOR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES.

Machines for making Half Ton of Ice upwards, constantly in hand or in stock. Ice-making offers a Lucrative Investment of Capital and time to Persons of moderate means.

H. J. WEST & CO.,
CONTRACTORS TO H. M. GOVERNMENT,
Stamford Works, 116 & 118, Southwark Bridge Road, London.

PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL was again victorious AT INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES EXHIBITION.
PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL was the ONLY ONE AWARDED TWO GOLD MEDALS.
PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL Dr. Abbotts says:— "MORE BENEFIT THAN THE OTHER KINDS."
PETER MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL Dr. Lewis A. Sayre writes:—"ALL THAT COULD BE WISHED."

At CHEMISTS, STORES, &c. MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL REGISTERED TRADE MARK. EVERYWHERE.

ONLY in Capsuled Bottles of 8oz. and 16oz.
Offices & Warehouses, Christiania & 43, Snow Hill, London, E.C.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR"),
For Cylinders, Valves, Shaftings, Bearings, &c.,
LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

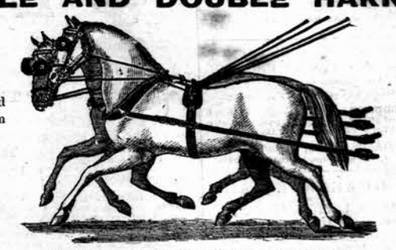
Price 3s. 9d. per Gallon.

PATENTEES & SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
ENGELBERT & CO.,
BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.
AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE HARNESS.

SINGLE HARNESS, Plated, of the best English Leather and Workmanship, from Rs. 110 to Rs. 190.

DOUBLE do., from Rs. 250 to Rs. 450.



SINGLE HARNESS, Brass-mounted, our own make, well known for its durability, from Rs. 80 to Rs. 145.

DOUBLE do. from Rs. 250 to Rs. 290

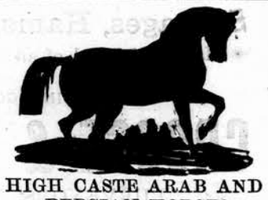
Tandem, Brass-mounted, from Rs. 235 to Rs. 200.
N.B.—Our Complete Illustrated Price List is now ready and will be sent free by Post on application.
SADDLERS, HARNESS, BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS:
SUCCESSORS TO { BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., BOMBAY AND SECUNDERABAD. } P. GRANT AND SON.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE-AND-CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.
It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.
Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

BOMBAY.—AGENTS TREACHER & Co.

NOTICES.



HIGH CASTE ARAB AND PERSIAN HORSES,

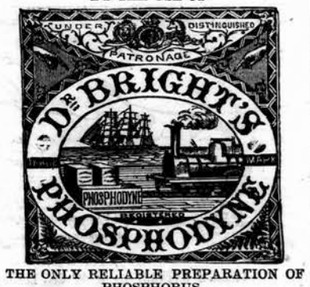
CONSISTING of first-class Chargers, Hunters, Racers, Galloways and Ponies, are now arriving by every Mail Steamer, and may be inspected at our Stables, 33 and 35, BELLASIS JUNCTION ROAD, near Messrs. Treacher & Co.'s Establishment, Byculla.

MAHOMED BAWKER & Co.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS
-GOLD MEDAL-PARIS, 1878-

A BOON TO THOUSANDS!

HEALTH, STRENGTH AND THE VIGOUR OF LIFE RESTORED
BY THE USE OF



THE ONLY RELIABLE PREPARATION OF PHOSPHORUS.

This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the Medical Profession to be the most efficacious medicine hitherto discovered for the speedy and permanent cure of—

Nervous Prostration, Liver Complaints, Female Complaints, General Debility, Indigestion, Flatulence, Sick Headache, Lassitude, Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Consumption (in its first Stages only), Nervous Debility in all its Stages, Premature Decline, Nervous Fancies, Eruptions of the Skin, Palpitation of the Heart, Impoverished Blood.

And all morbid conditions of the system arising from whatever cause.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is unequalled for its power in replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and for developing all the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree, therefore, a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves the functions of assimilation to such a degree that where for years an emaciated, anxious, and semi-vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The ONLY medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks. Beware of counterfeit Phosphodynes and cheap imitations bearing similar names.

☞ CAUTION.—The indubitable proof of the great value of DR. BRIGHT'S (THE ONLY GENUINE) PHOSPHODYNE is the various worthless Imitations which are being made up with a view to deceive the public. Therefore ask for DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE, and refuse Useless and Possibly Dangerous Substitutes.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold in CASES by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.

Full Directions for use in 16 Languages accompany each case.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA.—BOMBAY—Kemp & Co. CALCUTTA—Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; Bathgate & Co.; Scott, Thompson & Co. MADRAS—Barrie & Co. SIMLA & LAHORE—Plomer & Co.; Gillon & Co.

"IT SAVED MY LIFE."

Extract from letter of C. Fitzgerald, Esq., referring to LAMPLOUGH'S PYRETIC SALINE, which is Effervescing and Tasteless, forming a most Agreeable, Invigorating, and Refreshing Draught.

Drs. Morgan, Turley, Carr Jackson, and many other medical gentlemen have given unqualified testimony to the importance of the discovery and the immense value of

THIS GREAT REMEDY

vitalising the blood it enables the constitution to resist climatic influences.

It gives instant relief in Thirst, Headache, Sea or Bilious sickness, Feverish Colds, Fevers, Smallpox, Measles, and Eruptive or Skin Complaints.

It is an excellent mild aperient, acting generally on the bowels without purging or scouring.

LAMPLOUGH'S PYRETIC SALINE may be obtained of any chemist or patent medicine dealer, and of H. LAMPLOUGH, 113, Holborn, London, E.C

NATURE'S RESTORATIVE.

ENTERICON

CERTAIN, SAFE, AND PERMANENT.

RAYNHAM'S ENTERICON is An Absolute Remedy for the Cure of Nervous Prostration, Brain and Nerve Disease, Debility, Flatulence, Lassitude, Loss of Vital Power, Bilious Liver Stomach and Kidney Complaints, Indigestion, and Female Complaints. It greatly improves the appetite and restores the digestive powers, thus for dyspeptic persons it is unrivalled. It never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, recommended by eminent physicians and chemists. A short trial will satisfactorily prove its efficacy. Sold by all Chemists. Price 6s., 11s., and 22s.

AGENTS.—BOMBAY, KEMP & Co., LD. CALCUTTA—Smith Stanistreet & Co.; Bathgate & Co.; Scott Thompson & Co.

NOTICES.

THE ARAB HORSE EMPORIUM.

HORSES! HORSES! Arrival of the Second Batch of Arab Horses and Mares per s.s. "Java" from Bussorah.

Immediate attention of Racing Gentlemen and Horse-Breeders is earnestly requested to inspect the Second Fresh Batch of superior HIGH-CASTE ARAB HORSES, consisting of Chargers, Hunters, Racers, Ponies and Galloways, &c., belonging to well known Dealer JUSSIM FEKEI.—No. 305, Bhendy Bazaar Commission Stable, Bombay, 7th November, 1885.

DINSHAW SUNTOOK & Co.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.
OVERWHELMING TESTIMONY ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOTTLE
PROVING THIS TO BE THE GREATEST MEDICINE EVER DISCOVERED.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kind, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face
Cures Scurvy Sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all impure matter From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS Read the following:—

"North-street, Audenshaw (near Manchester), "January 13, 1882.

"It affords me great pleasure to add my testimony to the wonderful effects of your Blood Mixture, which has cured me of a very bad ulcerated foot and ankle. I had four wounds which prevented me following my occupation for four years, during which time I have been in five different infirmaries and under fifteen different doctors I was at last induced to try your Blood Mixture, and after taking three small bottles I was able to go to work, and by the time I had taken nine or ten bottles I was completely cured. Make whatever use you like of this, for the benefit of other sufferers.—I am, yours respectfully, "JOHN WILLIAMS."

Sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. By ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

PROPRIETORS,
THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY,
LINCOLN, ENGLAND.
TRADE MARK. BLOOD MIXTURE.

EXTRACTUM HEPATIS MORRHUÆ

DOCTOR VIVIEN'S COD LIVER DRAGÉES & WINE

Composed of a concentrated Extract obtained direct from Cod's Livers, and containing all the active medicinal principles existing in them, and in Cod Liver oil.

Tow dragées, or one table spoonful of wine, are equal to one table spoonful of the best Cod Liver oil.

PRICE per bottle of 100 DRAGÉES 2/s per bottle of wine 3/s.

WHOLESALE of H. VIVIEN, Phien. PARIS.—50, Boul. de Strasbourg
LONDON:—76, New Bond Street.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

IS A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL Use.

PAIN KILLER has *never failed* when used according to *printed directions* inclosing each bottle, and *is perfectly safe* even in the most inexperienced hands.

PAIN KILLER is a sure cure for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, and all *Bowel Complaints.*

PAIN KILLER IS THE BEST remedy known for Sea Sickness, Sick Headache, Pain in the Back or Side, Rheumatism, and Neuralgia.

PAIN KILLER is unquestionably the BEST LINIMENT MADE. It brings *speedy and permanent relief* in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Severe Burns, etc.

PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of Travellers, Explorers, Missionaries, Farmer, Planter, Sailor, and in fact all people wanting a medicine always at hand, and safe to use internally or externally with certainty of relief.

☞ No family can afford to be without this invaluable remedy in the house. Its price brings it within the reach of all, and it will assuredly save many times its cost in doctors' bills.

Sold by all druggists

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. I. Proprietors.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY,
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9 Peer Market near Jumma Musjid.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E. C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.